Proposal for the development of a "Multilateral Investment Reform Agreement" to reform ISDS



WP 182 (Chile, Israel, Japan, Mexico, Peru)

WP 182 - Background

- Not all States face the same concerns
- Not all States need, want, or are in a position to implement the same solutions at the same time
- To attain the <u>widest possible participation of States</u> in reformed ISDS, we need to provide a <u>flexible framework to</u> <u>implement ripe solutions</u>

WP 182 – General Principles

- Reform tools should be pursued independently from one another
- Reform tools should be implemented when they are ripe to allow early harvest of solutions achievable in the short term
- <u>All</u> reform tools identified, addressed and developed by the WG, can be incorporated in one instrument, a **Multilateral Investment Reform Agreement**

The Multilateral Investment Reform Agreement ("MIRA")

- The MIRA will provide an implementation framework for all reform options
- The MIRA could contribute to achieve uniformity of the applicable procedural norms, and thus consistency and coherence of the investment regime as a whole
- The MIRA will enable countries to efficiently update their networks of older-style bilateral investment treaties

WP 182 Commonality of Reform Tools

- Broad agreement on nature of procedural tools
- WP182 Table highlights common approaches, with reference to a few recent treaties: CPTPP, EU-Mexico FTA, and USMCA

REFORM MEASURE	CPTPP	EU-MEX FTA	USMCA
Concerns pertaining to arbitrators and a	lecision ma	kers	
Code of conduct/ethics rules	X	X	X
Rules limiting/prohibiting double-hatting		X	X
Special expertise requirements for arbitrators for certain claims (e.g., financial services)	X	X	X
Treaty-specific rules for arbitrator challenges		X	
Independent appointing authority (i.e., to appoint tribunal chair)	X		X
Disclosure of third-party funding		X	
Concerns pertaining to cost and a	luration		
Encouragement of mediation, conciliation, etc. to avoid formal disputes	X	X	X
Dismissal of frivolous claims	X	X	X
Expedited consideration of preliminary objections	X	X	X
Limitations periods/statute of limitations for bringing claims	X	X	X
Waiver of claims by parent/subsidiary under a different treaty once claims are submitted	X (sub)	X (sub)	X
Voluntary consolidation of similar claims brought under same treaty by different parties	X	X	X
Requirement to hold arbitration in a NY Convention state unless parties agree otherwise	X		X
Requirement for tribunals and parties to endeavour to act in a cost- effective and expeditious manner			X
Regulations on tribunal authority to order interim measures	X	X	X
Express permission for tribunal to award costs and attorneys' fees	X	X	X
Discontinuance of abandoned claims		X	X
Requirement that claimants name arbitrator when submitting a claim	X		X
Deadlines for the appointment of other arbitrators, including the chair	X		X
Concerns related to the lack of consistency, coherence, p arbitral decisions by ISDS trib		ty and correctness	of
Waiver of pending or new claims in other dispute settlement forums once claims are submitted to arbitration	X	X	X
Waiver of claims by parent/subsidiary under a different treaty once claims are submitted	X (sub)	X (sub)	X
Voluntary consolidation of similar claims brought under same treaty by different parties	X	X	X
Special expertise requirements for arbitrators for certain claims (e.g., financial services)	X	X	X
Non-disputing Party submissions on treaty interpretation	X	X	X
Other third-party submissions (not limited to issues of treaty interpretation)	X	X	X
Binding joint interpretations by treaty Parties of treaty provisions	X	X	X
Tribunal-appointed experts	X	X	X
Publication of pleadings, awards, and other case documents related to treaty interpretation	X	X	X
Limitations on "treaty shopping"	X	X	X

WP 182 – MIRA *Implementation*

- Implementation could occur, among other approaches, through different treaty amendment processes, including:
 - Mauritius Convention on Transparency
 - MLI (Submission by the Government of Colombia)

• The UNCITRAL Secretariat and members of the Academic forum have published papers addressing the possible architecture of the instrument and the interaction of the multilateral instrument with the IIAs

MIRA - Policy Considerations

- Flexibility v. Uniformity
 - Feasibility of defining core provisions // minimum standards
- Opt-in v. Opt-out
- Convention with provisions v. Convention with protocols v. reservations v. declarations
- Phased entry into force could be challenging on a domestic level

Thank you!

