

structure because all the legislative acts relating to the Convention would fall under federal jurisdiction. The requirement that the federal Government should bring acts to the notice of the Austrian provinces would therefore raise difficulties for his Government. As a solution, the text of paragraph (b) might be amended to refer to articles which did not fall entirely within the legislative purview of the federal authority.

Mr. OGUNDERE (Nigeria) said that while he could not agree to the approach suggested by the representative of Austria, he could accept the substitution of "may" for "shall" in paragraph (b).

Mr. GUEST (United Kingdom) said that it would be better to leave the text as it stood for consideration by the international conference of plenipotentiaries, at which States could express their views regarding its content.

Mr. BURGUCHEV (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) endorsed the United Kingdom representative's remarks.

The CHAIRMAN said that, if there was no objection, he would take it that the Commission agreed to refer articles 29 and 30, as formulated by the Working Group and in brackets, for discussion by the international conference of plenipotentiaries.

It was so decided.

Article 31 (continued)

Article 31 was approved.

Part III: Declarations and reservations

The CHAIRMAN said that, if there was no objection, he would take it that the Commission approved the title of part III.

It was so decided.

Article 32 (continued)

Mr. BURGUCHEV (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) said that paragraphs 2 and 3 of article 32, which the Working Group had left in brackets,