

## Memorandum

From: ICCA Bureau  
To: UNCITRAL Working Group II (Arbitration and Conciliation / Dispute Settlement)  
Date: 14 August 2019  
Re: Overview of Selected Expedited Arbitration Provisions

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1. The UNCITRAL Secretariat has asked the International Council for Commercial Arbitration (“ICCA”) to prepare this memorandum identifying those arbitral institutions that make provision for expedited arbitration (whether in their general rules or in separate sets of rules for expedited arbitration), and in each case to identify the provisions dealing with the following five issues:
  - Applicability of the rules for expedited arbitration;
  - Appointment of the arbitral tribunal;
  - Challenge of an arbitrator;
  - Time limits and deadlines; and
  - The award.
2. The Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions annexed to this memorandum sets out the relevant provisions used by 59 arbitral institutions.<sup>1</sup> The ICCA Bureau selected the institutions in the following way: starting from the list of arbitral institutions in ICCA’s hard copy Membership Directory 2019, all those with rules freely available online and in English were reviewed and, of those, the institutions with provisions in their rules (as a separate set of rules or as part of the general rules) for expedited arbitration were included in the table. Subsequently, the Bureau added references to the rules of institutions included in the Responses to the UNCITRAL Questionnaire on Expedited Arbitration (as of 29 July 2019).

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<sup>1</sup>The institutions are listed in alphabetical order by their names in English. In the table, provisions appearing in an institution’s general arbitration rules are identified by the abbreviation “GR”. Provisions from a separate set of rules for expedited arbitration are identified by the abbreviation “ER”. To allow for standard formatting in the table, most rules are referred to using the numbering style “X(x)”, rather than “§” or “X.x” as used in some sets of rules. Readers are advised to click on the link to the full set of rules should they wish to check the original numbering system.

3. The purpose of the Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions is to identify the range of approaches taken by arbitral institutions to the five issues above in the context of expedited arbitration. As Working Group II continues its work on expedited arbitration,<sup>2</sup> the Working Group may find it useful to refer to the provisions that have been identified in the attached table.
4. In considering the impact of any given provision, it is important to be aware of the broader context of the totality of each institution's rules on expedited arbitration. For example, while the scope of this memorandum does not extend to hearings, many institutions provide that an expedited arbitration may be conducted without a hearing, whether at the discretion of the tribunal or where the parties agree. Such a provision may have an impact on the total length of proceedings, regardless of whether the institution's expedited arbitration rules contain specific provisions for shortening time limits. In addition, as will be seen in the table, many institutions' rules on expedited arbitration default to the institution's general rules on particular topics, such as the rules for challenging arbitrators. Should a reader wish to consult any institution's rules in their entirety, the link is provided in the first column of the table.
5. The ICCA Bureau makes the following brief observations on the different options adopted by various institutions under each of the five categories identified above:<sup>3</sup>

#### Applicability of the rules for expedited arbitration<sup>4</sup>

6. One distinction between the various institutions' approaches to applicability of the rules for expedited arbitration is whether or not a monetary limit is applied. Some rules impose a maximum monetary value on the claim (plus the counterclaim, in some cases)<sup>5</sup> while others provide that the expedited proceedings rules apply on agreement of the parties.<sup>6</sup> Other

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<sup>2</sup> See the UNCITRAL Secretariat's Note on Draft Provisions on Expedited Arbitration (A/CN.9/WG.II/WP.209), para. 6.

<sup>3</sup> The institutions listed in each footnote below are included by way of example. As many institutions have similar rules on particular topics, they have not all been listed under each category.

<sup>4</sup> For further discussion, see the UNCITRAL Secretariat's Note on Draft Provisions on Expedited Arbitration (A/CN.9/WG.II/WP.209), paras 13 – 33.

<sup>5</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g., Arbitrators and Mediators Institute of New Zealand (AMINZ), Bangladesh International Arbitration Centre, Belgian Centre for Arbitration and Mediation (CEPANI), Canadian Commercial Arbitration Centre.

<sup>6</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. ADR Chambers, ADR Institute of Canada, Arbitration Court at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Arbitration Court attached to the Economic Chamber of the Czech Republic, Arbitration Institute of the Finland Chamber of Commerce, Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce, ARIAS UK, International Centre for Alternative Dispute Resolution,

institutions provide more than one route to application of the rules, providing for expedited arbitration for claims below a certain monetary threshold while also allowing parties to agree to expedited arbitration regardless of the amount in dispute.<sup>7</sup> Some rules require the institution to approve the application of expedited arbitration rules to a particular case.<sup>8</sup> Where a monetary limit is applied, some rules include provisions dealing with what happens when there is a change of circumstances, such as when the amount in dispute exceeds the original limit.<sup>9</sup> Some institutions' rules contain provisions that allow the institution to decide that the arbitration will continue to be heard by the same tribunal, even if it does not continue as an expedited arbitration.<sup>10</sup>

#### Appointment of the arbitral tribunal<sup>11</sup>

7. A key distinction regarding the appointment of the arbitral tribunal is whether the parties are required to have their cases heard by a sole arbitrator, or can choose a three-member tribunal. For example, some rules provide that an arbitration under expedited proceedings rules must be heard by a sole arbitrator.<sup>12</sup> Other rules note that the appointment of a sole arbitrator will be the default if the parties have not agreed otherwise<sup>13</sup> and others that, if the

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International Commercial Arbitration Court at the Ukraine Chamber of Commerce, Lagos Chamber of Commerce International Arbitration Centre, Ljubljana Arbitration Centre at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia, Vienna International Arbitration Centre, Vietnam International Arbitration Centre, WIPO  
<sup>7</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g., American Arbitration Association, Bahrain Chamber for Dispute Resolution, Beijing International Arbitration Centre, Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, CIETAC, International Chamber of Commerce (ICC), Japan Commercial Arbitration Association, Shenzhen Court of International Arbitration.

<sup>8</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g., Bangladesh International Arbitration Centre, Chinese Arbitration Association International Arbitration Centre, Corte Espanola de Arbitraje – Consejo Superior de Camaras de Comercio, Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre, Singapore International Arbitration Centre, Tehran Regional Arbitration Centre.

<sup>9</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. International Arbitration Court at the Russian Federation Chamber of Commerce and Industry, International Centre for Dispute Resolution, Russian Arbitration Centre

<sup>10</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre, International Commercial Arbitration Court at the Ukraine Chamber of Commerce, International Maritime Arbitration Commission at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Russian Federation, London Maritime Arbitrators Association, MCCI Arbitration and Mediation Centre.

<sup>11</sup> For further discussion, see the UNCITRAL Secretariat's Note on Draft Provisions on Expedited Arbitration (A/CN.9/WG.II/WP.209), paras 34 – 45.

<sup>12</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. ADR Chambers, ADR Institute of Canada, American Arbitration Association, Arbitration Court at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Arbitration Institute of the Finland Chamber of Commerce, Arbitration Institute of the Finland Chamber of Commerce, Bahrain Chamber for Dispute Resolution, Georgian International Arbitration Centre, London Maritime Arbitrators Association, Permanent Court of Arbitration at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry Serbia, Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission.

<sup>13</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Asian International Arbitration Centre, Bangladesh International Arbitration Centre, Jamaica International Arbitration Centre, Lagos Chamber of Commerce

parties have agreed otherwise, the institution will invite them to agree to have their dispute heard by a sole arbitrator.<sup>14</sup> Still other institutions simply use the appointment provisions in their general rules, with no variation for expedited proceedings.<sup>15</sup>

### Challenge of an arbitrator<sup>16</sup>

8. The main distinction in respect of challenge of an arbitrator is that some institutions have a specific procedure for challenge in expedited proceedings,<sup>17</sup> while other institutions rather make applicable the challenge proceedings of the institution's non-expedited rules.<sup>18</sup>

### Time limits and deadlines<sup>19</sup>

9. The main distinction in the approach to time limits and deadlines is between rules that provide in detail for shorter time limits than are applicable under the institution's usual rules for some or all procedural steps,<sup>20</sup> and rules that give a great deal of discretion to the tribunal or the institution either to set all the time limits and deadlines, or to shorten the deadlines that are set in the non-expedited rules.<sup>21</sup>

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International Arbitration Centre, Ljubljana Arbitration Centre at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia, Vienna International Arbitration Centre.

<sup>14</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Chinese Arbitration Association International Arbitration Centre, Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre, Korea Commercial Arbitration Board, Madrid Court of Arbitration, MCCI Arbitration and Mediation Centre, Swiss Chambers Arbitration Institution.

<sup>15</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Centre de Médiation et d'Arbitrage de la Chambre de Commerce et d'Industrie de Paris, German Institute of Arbitrators, International Centre for Alternative Dispute Resolution.

<sup>16</sup> For further discussion, see the UNCITRAL Secretariat's Note on Draft Provisions on Expedited Arbitration (A/CN.9/WG.II/WP.209), paras 46 – 48.

<sup>17</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Australian Centre for International Commercial Arbitration, Belgian Centre for Arbitration and Mediation, Institute for Development of Commercial Law and Practice, Russian Arbitration Centre, WIPO.

<sup>18</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. American Arbitration Association, Arbitration Court at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Beijing International Arbitration Centre, Court of Arbitration attached to the Hungarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry, International Chamber of Commerce (ICC), International Maritime Arbitration Commission at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Russian Federation, Permanent Court of Arbitration at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry Serbia, Tehran Regional Arbitration Centre.

<sup>19</sup> For further discussion, see the UNCITRAL Secretariat's Note on Draft Provisions on Expedited Arbitration (A/CN.9/WG.II/WP.209), paras 49 – 79.

<sup>20</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. ADR Chambers, ADR Institute of Canada, Arbitration Court attached to the Economic Chamber of the Czech Republic, Beijing International Arbitration Centre, Canadian Commercial Arbitration Centre, CIETAC, Court of Arbitration at the Polish Chamber of Commerce, Jamaica International Arbitration Centre, WIPO.

<sup>21</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Centre de Médiation et d'Arbitrage de la Chambre de Commerce et d'Industrie de Paris, German Institute of Arbitrators, Singapore International Arbitration Centre, Vietnam International Arbitration Centre.

## The award<sup>22</sup>

10. It is generally the case in the rules set out in the Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions that a time limit is set for the issuing of the tribunal's award.<sup>23</sup> There is then a distinction between the rules that provide for the award reasoning to be presented in a summary form,<sup>24</sup> and those that do not.<sup>25</sup>

## Follow up

11. Working Group II Delegates and Observers are invited to inform the ICCA Bureau (bureau@arbitration-icca.org) of any institutional rules dealing with expedited arbitrations that have not been included, so that they may be added to an updated version of the Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions.
12. This memorandum and the attached table were prepared on the papers by the ICCA Bureau. ICCA welcomes contact from institutions, Delegates and Observers to correct any errors, so that the memorandum and table can be updated in order to be of most use as a resource for Working Group II.

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<sup>22</sup> For further discussion, see the UNCITRAL Secretariat's Note on Draft Provisions on Expedited Arbitration (A/CN.9/WG.II/WP.209), paras 95 – 103.

<sup>23</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Arbitration Court at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce, Asian International Arbitration Centre.

<sup>24</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Arbitration Institute of the Finland Chamber of Commerce, Australian Centre for International Commercial Arbitration, Chinese Arbitration Association International Arbitration Centre, Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre, Korea Commercial Arbitration Board, MCCI Arbitration and Mediation Centre, Singapore International Arbitration Centre, Swiss Chambers Arbitration Institution.

<sup>25</sup> See Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions, e.g. Arbitration Court attached to the Economic Chamber of the Czech Republic, Bahrain Chamber for Dispute Resolution, Belgian Centre for Arbitration and Mediation, Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, Danish Institute of Arbitration, Japan Commercial Arbitration Association, Madrid Court of Arbitration, PHDCCI Centre for International Arbitration and Conciliations, Vienna International Arbitration Centre.

Annex

Table of Expedited Arbitration Provisions prepared by ICCA (International Council for Commercial Arbitration) Bureau

Key: ER- separate expedited rules

GR- general rules

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
ADR Chambers <a href="https://adrchambers.com/expedited-arbitration/rules/">https://adrchambers.com/expedited-arbitration/rules/</a>	Yes: Expedited Arbitration Rules	<b>Art 1 of ER</b> “...These Rules will apply whenever the parties agree in writing to have their dispute decided 'under the Expedited Arbitration Rules of ADR Chambers' or words to that effect...”	<b>Art 5 of ER</b> “The arbitration will be conducted by a single arbitrator. The parties to the dispute may select the arbitrator by agreement. If ADR Chambers is not notified of the selection of an arbitrator by agreement of the parties within five business days after the Response has been delivered (or within 10 business days after the Notice to Arbitrate was delivered if no Response is delivered), ADR Chambers will select the arbitrator based on the description of the dispute in the Notice and the Response and on the availability of arbitrators.”		<b>*Note: ER contain limitations on length of pleadings, and on documentary and witness evidence.</b>  <b>Art 4 of ER</b> "A party who receives a Notice to Arbitrate (the “Respondent”) must deliver a Response to the Notice to Arbitrate within five business days after receiving the Notice to Arbitrate. ...."  <b>Art 5 of ER</b> "...If ADR Chambers is not notified of the selection of an arbitrator by agreement of the parties within five business days after the Response has been delivered (or within 10 business days after the Notice to Arbitrate was delivered if no Response is delivered), ADR Chambers will select the arbitrator based on the description of the dispute in the Notice and the Response and on the availability of arbitrators."	<b>Art 21 of ER</b> “The arbitrator will release the decision in a No Reasons arbitration within 10 business days of the conclusion of the hearing (or, for an In Writing Only arbitration, the submission of (or date set for) the submission of the Claimant’s Rebuttal). In other arbitrations, reasons will be released within 10 business days of the conclusion of the hearing. Reasons need not set out the arguments of the parties, except to the extent necessary to explain the arbitrator’s reasoning.  The parties also agree that abbreviated and

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p><b>Art 6 of ER</b>  "...The Claimant must pay a deposit of the amount of the amount of the fee (as set out above) when filing its Notice to Arbitrate and the Respondent must pay a deposit of the amount of the fee (as set out above) when filing its response. In the event that ADR Chambers does not receive one or both deposits within five business days of the filing of a party's Notice or Arbitrate or Response, ADR Chambers shall so inform the parties and the arbitration may be suspended or terminated at the discretion of ADR Chambers if the deposit requested is not received within the next five business days. Either party may pay the deposit of the other party in such circumstance if it so desires, in order to have the arbitration proceed."</p> <p><b>Art 7 of ER</b>  “(a) Once appointed, the arbitrator will convene an initial meeting (the “Initial Meeting”) with the parties and their lawyers in order to determine the timetable and procedure for the arbitration. The Initial Meeting will be by conference call (except in unusual circumstances</p>	<p>incomplete reasons are acceptable as part of the Expedited Arbitration process and do not provide grounds for appeal or judicial review.</p> <p>The arbitrator does not lose jurisdiction by a failure to complete and release the award in the time specified.</p> <p>Neither the decision nor the reasons will be released unless and until the total deposit for the arbitration is paid by the parties.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>as determined by the arbitrator), will occur within five business days of the appointment of the arbitrator, and will last no more than one hour except on consent of the arbitrator.</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>c)</b> Within five business days of the Initial Meeting, the arbitrator will send Terms of Appointment to the parties for their review and approval, setting out the process for the arbitration and issues to be determined, as agreed at the Initial Meeting. The parties will confirm their acceptance of the Terms of Appointment within 10 business days of receipt of the Terms of Appointment.</p> <p><b>(d)</b> In the event that the arbitrator does not receive a response from a party within 10 business days of sending the Terms of Appointment or if the parties do not agree on the content, the Terms of Appointment will be set by the arbitrator (within 12 business days of sending the Terms of Appointment to the parties).”</p> <p><b>Art 8 of ER</b>          “In the event that the parties elect to have an In Writing Only arbitration, the procedure will be as follows:</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p><b>(a)</b> Within 20 business days of the finalization of the Terms of Appointment, the Claimant will provide a brief to both the arbitrator and the other party...</p> <p><b>(b)</b> Within 15 business days of the receipt of the Claimant’s memorandum, the Respondent will provide a brief to both the arbitrator and the other party...</p> <p><b>(c)</b> Within five business days of the receipt of the Respondent’s memorandum, the Claimant may submit to both the arbitrator and the other party a rebuttal statement...."</p> <p><b>Art 9 of ER</b>          “If the parties do not agree to have an In Writing Only arbitration, the process will be as follows:  <b>(a)</b> The oral hearing will be held within two months of the Initial Meeting.  <b>(b)</b> Twenty business days before the date scheduled for the oral hearing, the Claimant will provide a brief to both the arbitrator and the other party ....  <b>(c)</b> Ten business days before the date scheduled for the arbitration, the Respondent will provide a brief to the arbitrator and to the other party ....</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p><b>(d)</b> Five business days before the scheduled date for the arbitration, the Claimant may submit a written reply ....</p> <p><b>(e)</b> The arbitration hearing shall last no more than one day. The hearing will commence at 9:30 a.m.; have one morning break of 15 minutes; break at 1:00 p.m. for lunch; resume at 2:00 p.m.; have one afternoon break; and conclude no later than 4:30 p.m.</p> <p><b>(f)</b> Each party will have a maximum of one half hour to present its opening argument and to summarize the affidavit evidence of its witnesses.</p> <p><b>(g)</b> Each party shall have a maximum of one hour to cross-examine the other party’s witnesses.</p> <p><b>(h)</b> Each party shall have a maximum of one hour for closing argument. The Claimant may reserve up to 10 minutes of its hour for reply if it so chooses.”</p> <p><b>Art 21 of ER</b>  “The arbitrator will release the decision in a No Reasons arbitration within 10 business days of the conclusion of the hearing (or, for an In Writing Only arbitration, the submission of (or date set for) the</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>submission of the Claimant’s Rebuttal). In other arbitrations, reasons will be released within 10 business days of the conclusion of the hearing. Reasons need not set out the arguments of the parties, except to the extent necessary to explain the arbitrator’s reasoning.</p> <p>....</p> <p>The arbitrator does not lose jurisdiction by a failure to complete and release the award in the time specified.</p> <p>....”</p>	
<p>ADR Institute of Canada Inc  <a href="http://adric.ca/arbrules/">http://adric.ca/arbrules/</a></p>	<p>No. Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Rule 6.2 ("Simplified arbitration procedure") of the ADRIC Arbitration Rules.</p>	<p><b>Rule 6.2.1 of GR</b>          “If the parties agree in writing, the arbitration must be conducted under this simplified procedure rule.”</p>	<p><b>Rule 6.2.2 of GR</b>          “For arbitrations conducted under this rule:  <b>(a)</b> the Tribunal is made up of a single Arbitrator appointed by the Institute within 14 days after delivery of the Notice of Request to Arbitrate or the Notice of Submission to Arbitration;          ....”</p>	<p>[No specific procedure for proceedings on an expedited basis. See Art 3.6 of GR for general procedure.]</p>	<p><b>Rule 6.2.2 of GR</b>          “For arbitrations conducted under this rule:  <b>(a)</b> the Tribunal is made up of a single Arbitrator appointed by the Institute within 14 days after delivery of the Notice of Request to Arbitrate or the Notice of Submission to Arbitration;  <b>(b)</b> 14-day time periods set out in Rule 4.10 are abridged to 10 days;  <b>(c)</b> all pre-hearing and preliminary matters must be complete within 90 days from the date the arbitration commenced under Rule 2.3;          ....</p>	<p><b>Rule 5.1 of GR</b>  <b>“(4)</b> Awards, rulings, orders, and decisions must be in writing. Unless the parties agree otherwise, awards must also state the reasons on which they are based.”</p> <p><b>Rule 6.2.2 of GR</b>  <b>“(h)</b> the Tribunal must deliver all final awards and reasons within 14 days after the hearing closes under Rule 4.26.1.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					(h) the Tribunal must deliver all final awards and reasons within 14 days after the hearing closes under Rule 4.26.1.”	
<p>American Arbitration Association  <a href="https://www.adr.org/sites/default/files/Commercial%20Rules.pdf">https://www.adr.org/sites/default/files/Commercial%20Rules.pdf</a></p>	<p>No. Provisions on expedited procedures form part of the AAA Commercial Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures</p>	<p><b>Rule R-1 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(b)</b> Unless the parties or the AAA determines otherwise, the Expedited Procedures shall apply in any case in which no disclosed claim or counterclaim exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest, attorneys’ fees, and arbitration fees and costs. Parties may also agree to use these procedures in larger cases. Unless the parties agree otherwise, these procedures will not apply in cases involving more than two parties. The Expedited Procedures shall be applied as described in Sections E-1 through E-10 of these rules, in addition to any other portion of these rules that is not in conflict with the Expedited Procedures.  ....  <b>(d)</b> Parties may, by agreement, apply the Expedited Procedures, the Procedures for Large, Complex Commercial</p>	<p><b>Rule E- 4 of GR</b>  “<b>(a)</b> The AAA shall simultaneously submit to each party an identical list of five proposed arbitrators drawn from its National Roster from which one arbitrator shall be appointed.  <b>(b)</b> The parties are encouraged to agree to an arbitrator from this list and to advise the AAA of their agreement. If the parties are unable to agree upon an arbitrator, each party may strike two names from the list and return it to the AAA within seven days from the date of the AAA’s mailing to the parties. If for any reason the appointment of an arbitrator cannot be made from the list, the AAA may make the appointment from other members of the panel without the submission of additional lists.  ....”</p>	<p><b>Rule E-4 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(c)</b> The parties will be given notice by the AAA of the appointment of the arbitrator, who shall be subject to disqualification for the reasons specified in Section R-18. The parties shall notify the AAA within seven calendar days of any objection to the arbitrator appointed. Any such objection shall be for cause and shall be confirmed in writing to the AAA with a copy to the other party or parties.”</p>	<p><b>Rule E-1 of GR</b>  “Except in extraordinary circumstances, the AAA or the arbitrator may grant a party no more than one seven-day extension of time to respond to the Demand for Arbitration or counterclaim as provided in Section R-5.”</p> <p><b>Rule E-6 of GR</b>  “Where no party’s claim exceeds \$25,000, exclusive of interest, attorneys’ fees and arbitration costs, and other cases in which the parties agree, the dispute shall be resolved by submission of documents, unless any party requests an oral hearing, or the arbitrator determines that an oral hearing is necessary. Where cases are resolved by submission of documents, the following procedures may be utilized at the agreement of the parties or the discretion of the arbitrator:  <b>(a)</b> Within 14 calendar days of confirmation of the arbitrator’s appointment, the arbitrator may convene a preliminary management</p>	<p><b>Rule R-46 of GR</b>  “<b>(a)</b> Any award shall be in writing and signed by a majority of the arbitrators. It shall be executed in the form and manner required by law.  <b>(b)</b> The arbitrator need not render a reasoned award unless the parties request such an award in writing prior to appointment of the arbitrator or unless the arbitrator determines that a reasoned award is appropriate.”</p> <p><b>Rule E-6 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(e)</b> Unless the parties have agreed to a form of award other than that set forth in rule R-46, when the parties have agreed to resolve their dispute by [rule E-6], the</p>

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		<p>Disputes, or the Procedures for the Resolution of Disputes through Document Submission (Rule E-6) to any dispute.</p> <p>....”</p>			<p>hearing, via conference call, video conference, or internet, to establish a fair and equitable procedure for the submission of documents, and, if the arbitrator deems appropriate, a schedule for one or more telephonic or electronic conferences.</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(d)</b> The arbitrator shall establish the date for either written submissions or a final telephonic or electronic conference. Such date shall operate to close the hearing and the time for the rendering of the award shall commence.</p> <p><b>(e)</b> Unless the parties have agreed to a form of award other than that set forth in rule R-46, when the parties have agreed to resolve their dispute by this rule, the arbitrator shall render the award within 14 calendar days from the date the hearing is closed.</p> <p><b>(f)</b> If the parties agree to a form of award other than that described in rule R-46, the arbitrator shall have 30 calendar days from the date the hearing is declared closed in which to render the award.</p> <p>....”</p> <p><b>Rule E-7 of GR</b> “In cases in which a hearing is to be held, the arbitrator shall set the</p>	<p>arbitrator shall render the award within 14 calendar days from the date the hearing is closed.</p> <p><b>(f)</b> If the parties agree to a form of award other than that described in rule R-46, the arbitrator shall have 30 calendar days from the date the hearing is declared closed in which to render the award.”</p> <p><b>Rule E-9 of GR</b> “Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the award shall be rendered not later than 14 calendar days from the date of the closing of the hearing or, if oral hearings have been waived, from the due date established for the receipt of the parties’ final statements and proofs.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>date, time, and place of the hearing, to be scheduled to take place within 30 calendar days of confirmation of the arbitrator's appointment. The AAA will notify the parties in advance of the hearing date."</p> <p><b>Rule E-9 of GR</b>  "Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the award shall be rendered not later than 14 calendar days from the date of the closing of the hearing or, if oral hearings have been waived, from the due date established for the receipt of the parties' final statements and proofs."</p>	
Arbitration Court at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry <a href="http://www.bcci.bg/arbitration/index.html">http://www.bcci.bg/arbitration/index.html</a>	Yes.  Rules on Expedient Procedure in Arbitration Cases	<b>Art 1 of the ER</b> “(1) The Rules on expedient procedure, hereafter called the Rules, provides the order in which the Court of Arbitration at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry (AC) hears domestic cases. <b>(2)</b> The Rules shall apply in situations where the parties have expressly agreed so in an arbitration agreement, as well as when the claimant expressly states so in his/her statement of claim and the respondent agrees the case to be heard	<b>Art 2 of ER</b> “The Arbitral Tribunal shall be composed of a sole arbitrator.”  <b>Art 3 of ER</b> “(1) If the parties to the arbitration agreement have not agreed otherwise the claimant has the right to name 5 arbitrators included in the list of the arbitrators whom he/she would like to hear and resolve the case. The names shall be indicated in a separate appendix to the claimant’s statement of claims and shall not be sent to the respondent.	<b>Art 5 of ER</b> “(1) Challenge of an arbitrator, based on the grounds listed in Art 17. para. 2 of the Rules of the AC at the BCCI shall be made no later than 3 days from the date when the party has obtained information of the appointment of the arbitrator and substitute arbitrator, or information about the circumstances	<b>Art 9 of ER</b> “The respondent shall file a reply to the statement of claims 7 days from the date on which a copy of the statement of claims was received. In the reply the respondent shall state all his/her allegations and exhaust his/her objections, as well as indicate all evidence and submit the written evidence that he/she disposes of. The claimant shall be obliged to form an opinion regarding the evidence included in his/her statement of claim. The time limit set by the former Article may be extended in case of extraordinary, unforeseen circumstances.”	<b>Art 16 of ER</b> “(1) The Arbitral Tribunal shall render an award to the case within 10 days after the expiry of the time limit for the delivery of opinions and replicas.”

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		<p>under the Rules for expedient procedure.  <b>(3)</b> If the parties have not agreed otherwise, Rules of the Court of Arbitration at the Bulgarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry that is in force as of the date of the arbitration proceedings shall apply.”</p> <p><b>Art 18 of ER</b></p> <p>Unless otherwise agreed by the parties regarding issues non governed by the Rules, arbitrators shall apply the Rules of the Arbitration Court at the BCCI, which shall take effect at the commencement of the proceeding taking into account the goals of the Expedient procedure; in all events they shall ensure an equal opportunity for defense for each party.</p>	<p>The respondent shall have the same right within the set time limit for reply.  <b>(2)</b> If the same arbitrator has been named by both the claimant and the respondent, that arbitrator shall be regarded as the one to hear and resolve the case. The President of the Court of Arbitration shall appoint a substitute arbitrator.  <b>(3)</b> If the claimant and the respondent have named more than one arbitrator, that coincide, the President of the Court of Arbitration shall appoint an arbitrator and his/her substitute from those whose names coincide.  <b>(4)</b> In case that none of the named arbitrators by the claimant and respondent coincide, as well as when the claimant or the respondent have not exercised their rights in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, the President of the Court of Arbitration shall appoint an arbitrator and his/her substitute.  <b>(5)</b> The arbitrator and his/her substitute shall state whether they accept to take participate</p>	<p>providing grounds to the challenge.  <b>(2)</b> When not made during an open hearing of the case, the request for challenge shall be in writing and shall be immediately sent to the arbitrator (resp. the substitute arbitrator) and to the opponent party, who shall be obliged to express their opinion on the challenge within 3 days.  <b>(3)</b> If during the time limit given in the former paragraph the arbitrator (substitute arbitrator) does not resign and the opponent party objects to the challenge, the Arbitral Tribunal shall decide whether to appoint a new arbitrator or to dismiss the challenge. In the last situation the challenging party has</p>	<p><b>Art 10 of ER</b>  ....  “ <b>(3)</b> Art. 9 shall apply to the reply to the counter claim and to the request for set-off. ”</p> <p><b>Art 13 of ER</b>  “....The summonses that inform about an open hearing of the case shall have been received by the parties no later than 7 days before the court hearing. ”</p> <p><b>Art 15 of ER</b>  "<b>(1)</b> After the expiry of the deadline for reply to the statement of claims, resp. to the counter claim, taking into consideration the parties’ statements, their requests and evidence presented, the Arbitral Tribunal with a ruling in a preliminary session, shall determine the manner and the dates for hearing the case. With this ruling the Arbitral Tribunal shall also resolve any objections regarding the applicability of the present Rules.  <b>(2)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal may declare that it will hear and resolve the case only on the basis of evidence presented, including the calculations under Art. 12 (1), by giving the</p>	

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			<p>in the proceedings within 3 days from the date on which they were served with the notice stating their choice or their appointment. In such case, they must sign a declaration of impartiality and independence and explicitly state that they shall spare sufficient time on the case under the Rules for expedient procedure.</p> <p><b>(6)</b> In case that the arbitrator and/or his/her substitute do not accept to participate in the proceedings, the President of the Court of Arbitration shall appoint a new arbitrator and/or substitute arbitrator, preference given to those who have been named by both parties under the provisions set in Art. 3.”</p>	<p>the rights stated in Art. 16 of LICA.”</p>	<p>parties an opportunity to file written opinions and replicas in accordance with Art. 5.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> If the Arbitral Tribunal decides that the case will be heard in an open session, it will set a date for the hearing no later than 15 days from the rendering of the ruling.</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(5)</b> After clarifying the dispute from factual and legal standpoint the Arbitral Tribunal grants the parties a deadline for their written opinions and replicas, which they shall not exceed 5, respectively 3 days, after which it proceeds to rendering of an award.”</p> <p><b>Art 16 of ER</b></p> <p><b>(1)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall render an award to the case within 10 days after the expiry of the time limit for the delivery of opinions and replicas.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall render a Ruling within the time limit set in the former paragraph, with which it terminates the case, if it finds that the prerequisites for the rendering of an award based on the merits of the case are not present.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> When a settlement, that the parties wish to be a reproduction of an arbitral award on agreed terms is reached the Arbitral Tribunal renders</p>	

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					an award within 5 days following the filing of the request and the reaching of the settlement”	
Arbitration Court attached to the Economic Chamber of the Czech Republic <a href="https://en.soud.cz/rules/rule-s-consolidated-text-1st-october-2015">https://en.soud.cz/rules/rule-s-consolidated-text-1st-october-2015</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in section 30 of the Rules of the Arbitration Court Attached to the Czech Chamber of Commerce and the Agricultural Chamber of the Czech Republic	<b>Sect. 30 of GR</b> “(1) Expedited proceedings where the arbitral award or a ruling on discontinuing the proceedings is rendered (a) within two months of payment of the increased Arbitration Fee shall be conducted on the basis of a written agreement of the parties and based on application of any party that has paid the increased Arbitration Fee, or (b) within four months of payment of the increased Arbitration Fee shall be conducted on application of any party that has paid the increased Arbitration Fee, unless the above periods of time have been extended on request or with consent of the party that paid the increased Arbitration Fee. ....”  <b>Sect. 49 of GR</b> 1) The fee for conducting a dispute in expedited proceedings is increased	[General provisions apply, subject to certain reduced time limits, per Sect. 30(2)]  <b>Sect. 30 of GR</b> ".... (2) The periods of time stipulated by these Rules shall be reduced in expedited proceedings  a) pursuant to par. 1 (a) above, to one third; and b) pursuant to par. 1 (b) above, to one half,  except for the deadlines pursuant to Section 22 (2) and Section 28 (6). ...."	[General provisions apply, subject to certain reduced time limits, per Sect. 30(2)]  <b>Sect. 30 of GR</b> ".... (2) The periods of time stipulated by these Rules shall be reduced in expedited proceedings a) pursuant to par. 1 (a) above, to one third; and b) pursuant to par. 1 (b) above, to one half, except for the deadlines pursuant to Section 22 (2) and Section 28 (6). ...."	<b>Sect. 30 of GR</b> “(1) Expedited proceedings where the arbitral award or a ruling on discontinuing the proceedings is rendered a) within two months of payment of the increased Arbitration Fee shall be conducted on the basis of a written agreement of the parties and based on application of any party that has paid the increased Arbitration Fee, or b) within four months of payment of the increased Arbitration Fee shall be conducted on application of any party that has paid the increased Arbitration Fee, unless the above periods of time have been extended on request or with consent of the party that paid the increased Arbitration Fee. (2) The periods of time stipulated by these Rules shall be reduced in expedited proceedings a) pursuant to par. 1 (a) above, to one third; and b) pursuant to par. 1 (b) above, to one half, except for the deadlines pursuant to Section 22 (2) and Section 28 (6). ....”	<b>Sect. 30 of GR</b> “(1) Expedited proceedings where the arbitral award or a ruling on discontinuing the proceedings is rendered (a) within two months of payment of the increased Arbitration Fee shall be conducted on the basis of a written agreement of the parties and based on application of any party that has paid the increased Arbitration Fee, or (b) within four months of payment of the increased Arbitration Fee shall be conducted on application of any party that has paid the increased Arbitration Fee, unless the above periods of time have been extended on request or with consent of the party that paid the increased Arbitration Fee.

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		<p>a) by 75 % of the fee according to the Tariff in cases where the dispute is to be resolved within two months (Section 30 (1) (a));  b) by 50 % of the fee according to the Tariff in cases where the dispute is to be resolved within four months (Section 30 (1) (b)).  Section 48 shall not apply to determining the increase of the fee for conducting the dispute in expedited proceedings.</p> <p>(2) The increased fee for conducting the dispute in expedited proceedings shall be paid by the party on whose application the accelerated proceedings are conducted.</p> <p>(3) If the arbitral award or ruling by which the proceedings are discontinued is not rendered within the periods of time pursuant to paragraph 1 above or the periods of time extended by the party that paid the increased fee, the Arbitration Court shall refund the increased part of the fee."</p>				<p>...."</p> <p><b>Sect. 39 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> An arbitral award shall contain, in particular:  a) name of the Arbitration Court;  <b>(b)</b> place and date of rendering the award;  <b>(c)</b> names and surnames of the arbitrators or sole arbitrator;  <b>(d)</b> identification of the parties, their representatives and other participants in the dispute;  <b>(e)</b> subject matter of the dispute;  <b>(f)</b> the operative part in which a decision is made on the claims brought and on the costs of the dispute;  <b>(g)</b> reasoning, save for cases where the parties to a dispute other than a consumer dispute have agreed that reasoning is not required;  <b>(h)</b> advice on the right to lodge an application for</p>

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						<p>setting the award aside with a court of law if the award is concerned with a dispute arising out of a consumer contract;</p> <p><b>(i)</b> signatures of a majority of arbitrators or signature of the sole arbitrator;</p> <p><b>(j)</b> if the award was not reached unanimously, also information on this fact.”</p>
<p>Arbitration Foundation of South Africa  <a href="https://arbitration.co.za/domestic-arbitration/expedited-rules/">https://arbitration.co.za/domestic-arbitration/expedited-rules/</a></p>	<p>Yes.  Domestic Arbitration Rules for Expedited Arbitration</p>	<p><b>Introduction to Rules</b>  “These Rules apply for AFSA and ADRASA arbitrations.”</p>	<p><b>Art 4 of ER</b>  “The AFSA Secretariat will enquire from the parties whether they have agreed on an ARBITRATOR and, if so, such ARBITRATOR will be appointed by the Secretariat to resolve the dispute. If, on enquiry, it appears that the parties have not agreed on an ARBITRATOR, then the Secretariat will itself select and appoint a suitable ARBITRATOR, and, if necessary, any substitute or alternative ARBITRATOR where appropriate. Any ARBITRATOR appointed through the AFSA Secretariat will be required to accept the Code of Conduct for ARBITRATORS, a copy of which</p>	<p>[No challenge procedure provided for in the AFSA Domestic Arbitration Rules for Expedited Arbitration.]</p>	<p><b>Art 6 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The ARBITRATOR will notify the parties of a date to meet with the ARBITRATOR in order to determine the procedure to be followed to finalise the dispute.  <b>(2)</b> The ARBITRATOR may require the parties to set out their respective claims and answers in writing, or in greater detail, on such terms as he/she may require.  <b>(3)</b> It shall be entirely within the power and competence of the ARBITRATOR to decide upon any matters related to the proper preparation of the dispute for hearing and in that regard the ARBITRATOR will direct the parties accordingly.</p>	<p><b>Art 10 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The ARBITRATOR must give his/her award within 30 (thirty) days after finalisation of the proceedings unless the parties otherwise agree or unless the AFSA Secretariat permits an extension of that time.  <b>(2)</b> The ARBITRATOR’s award must be published to the parties in an appropriate fashion as determined by the AFSA Secretariat.  <b>(3)</b> Unless the parties have in writing instructed the AFSA Secretariat otherwise at</p>

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			is available from the AFSA Secretariat.”		<p><b>(4)</b> The ARBITRATOR will set the date for hearing and choose the venue for the hearing and determine all matters regarding any aspect of the hearing. Moreover the ARBITRATOR can decide whether at the hearing the parties are to be given leave to adduce oral evidence or whether they will be confined to presenting their cases in writing or by some other appropriate procedure. In this regard, the ARBITRATOR will be guided by considerations of fairness, the cost-effective resolution of the dispute, and the need to resolve the dispute quickly.</p> <p><b>(5)</b> The ARBITRATOR has the widest discretion and powers allowed by law to ensure that the just, expeditious, economical and final determination of all the disputes raised in the proceedings including the matter of costs and, if needs be, he/she shall have all the powers accorded to an ARBITRATOR acting under the AFSA Rules for Administered Arbitrations. All powers and functions exercised by the ARBITRATOR shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Act of 1965.”</p> <p><b>Art 10 of ER</b></p>	any time before the final award is given, there shall be no right of appeal from the award. In cases where the AFSA Secretariat has been instructed otherwise, the appeal provisions contained in Article 22 of the AFSA Rules for Commercial Arbitrations will apply.”

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					“(1) The ARBITRATOR must give his/her award within 30 (thirty) days after finalisation of the proceedings unless the parties otherwise agree or unless the AFSA Secretariat permits an extension of that time. ....”	
Arbitration and Dispute Resolution Institute of the Oslo Chamber of Commerce <a href="https://en.chamber.no/tjenester/tvistelosing/regelverk/">https://en.chamber.no/tjenester/tvistelosing/regelverk/</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Chapter VII (Arts 34 - 36) of the Rules of the Arbitration and Dispute Resolution Institute of the Oslo Chamber of Commerce Arbitration and Fast-track Arbitration.	<b>Art 34 of GR</b> “The parties may agree that disputes shall be settled by Fast-Track Arbitration. The Arbitration Rules apply in such case unless otherwise stipulated in this chapter.”  <b>Art 38 of GR</b> "An arbitration agreement that refers to the Arbitration Rules is deemed to refer to the rules in effect on the date the request is received by the Institute, unless the arbitration agreement explicitly stipulates that it applies to the Arbitration Rules as these were worded when the arbitration agreement was entered into.  The Arbitration Rules were adopted by the Board of the Institute at the meeting on 5 December 2016, and enter into force on 1 January 2017. The	<b>Art 35 of GR</b> “Cases that shall be heard pursuant to the rules for Fast-Track Arbitration shall be decided by a sole arbitrator appointed by the Institute. Before the Institute appoints an arbitrator, the parties shall be given the opportunity to express their views. ....”	[No specific procedure for proceedings on an expedited basis. See Art 8 of GR for general procedure.]	<b>Art 35 of GR</b> “.... [third para] The parties may not submit more than one pleading each in addition to the statement of claim and the statement of defence. The pleadings are to be submitted within time limits fixed by the arbitral tribunal. [fourth para] An oral hearing shall be conducted if the arbitral tribunal deems it necessary or if requested by one of the parties. Such oral hearing shall not exceed three days duration. [fifth para] The third and fourth paragraphs can be derogated from in a decision by the arbitral tribunal.”  <b>Art 36 of GR</b> “To the extent possible, the parties shall be notified of the arbitration award not later than four weeks after the closing of the arbitral proceedings, and not later than six months after the case was referred to the arbitral tribunal.”	<b>Art 36 of GR</b> “To the extent possible, the parties shall be notified of the arbitration award not later than four weeks after the closing of the arbitral proceedings, and not later than six months after the case was referred to the arbitral tribunal.”  <b>Art 24 of GR (general provision)</b> ".... The arbitration award shall state the reasons upon which it is based. ...."  <b>Art 29 of GR (general provision)</b> "An arbitration award which, due to clerical or arithmetic errors or

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		<p>Arbitration Rules apply to cases where a request has been received by the Institute after 1 January 2017. The previous rules adopted on 11 May 2005 shall apply to cases received prior to this date. The Board of the Institute can amend the Arbitration Rules."</p>				<p>similar manifest errors, has not been formulated in a manner which reflects the intention of the arbitral tribunal, may by each party be requested to be corrected within one month of receipt of the award. Correspondingly, a party may also within the same time limit, request that the arbitral tribunal provides a statement of interpretation concerning parts of the award or a specific section in the award. If the arbitral tribunal is of the view that there is a basis for correction or providing a statement of interpretation, this must take place no later than one month after the request was received. The arbitral tribunal may make corrections at its own initiative within one month of making the award. In such case the parties shall be notified and permitted to</p>

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						<p>comment prior to the correction taking place. Correction and providing a statement of interpretation shall be done in writing and in accordance with the requirements in Article 24."</p> <p><b>Art 30 of ER (general provision)</b>  "Each party may, within one month of receipt of the award, request that the arbitral tribunal make a supplementary award concerning claims which were presented in the arbitral proceedings and which should have been decided upon, but which have been omitted from the award. The arbitral tribunal shall comply with the request, if there are grounds for doing so.</p> <p>A supplementary award shall be made within two months of the receipt of the request, however the time limit may be</p>

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						extended by the Institute, if required."
Arbitration Institute of the Finland Chamber of Commerce <a href="https://arbitration.fi/arbitration/rules/rules-for-expedited-arbitration/">https://arbitration.fi/arbitration/rules/rules-for-expedited-arbitration/</a>	Yes.  Rules for Expedited Arbitration of the Finland Chamber of Commerce	<b>Art 3 of the ER</b> “(1) Where the parties have agreed to submit to arbitration under the Rules for Expedited Arbitration of the Finland Chamber of Commerce, they shall be deemed to have agreed that the arbitration shall be governed by these Rules and administered by the Institute. <b>(2)</b> The Rules include Appendices I to III. The Appendices may be separately amended from time to time by the Institute or the Finland Chamber of Commerce. <b>(3)</b> The Rules in effect on the date of commencement of an arbitration shall apply to that arbitration, unless otherwise agreed by the parties and subject to Article 50.2. <b>(4)</b> The Appendices in effect on the date of commencement of an arbitration shall apply to that arbitration, subject to the provisions of Article 50.2 regarding the entry into force of Appendix III and the parties’ right to opt out of the application of the provisions contained in Appendix III.”	<b>Art 15 of ER</b> “Any dispute submitted to arbitration under these Rules shall be decided by a sole arbitrator.”  <b>Art 16 of ER</b> “(1) The parties may agree on the procedure for appointment of the sole arbitrator. <b>(2)</b> To the extent that the parties have not agreed otherwise on the procedure for appointment of the sole arbitrator, the provisions of Articles 17 and 18 shall apply. <b>(3)</b> The provisions of Articles 17 and 18 shall also apply if the parties have been unable to appoint the sole arbitrator within the time period set by the parties’ agreement or, in the absence of such time period, within the time limit set by the Institute at the request of a party.”  <b>Art 17 of ER</b> “The claimant and the respondent may jointly nominate the sole arbitrator for confirmation within 15 days	<b>Art 21 of ER</b> “(1) Any arbitrator may be challenged: <b>(a)</b> if circumstances exist that give rise to justifiable doubts as to the arbitrator’s impartiality or independence; or <b>(b)</b> if the arbitrator does not possess any requisite qualification on which the parties have agreed. <b>(2)</b> A party may challenge an arbitrator whom it has nominated only for reasons of which it became aware after the nomination was made.  <b>(3)</b> A party intending to challenge an arbitrator shall submit a written notice of challenge (the “Notice of Challenge”) to the Institute. The Notice	<b>Art 5 of ER</b> ".... <b>(3)</b> The Institute may, at the request of a party or on its own motion, extend or shorten any time period it has set or has the authority to set or amend."  <b>Art 8 of ER</b> “(1) Within 15 days of the receipt of the Request for Arbitration, the respondent shall submit to the Institute an Answer to the Request for Arbitration (the “Answer”) in the number of copies required by Article 4.3. ....”  <b>Art 10 of ER</b> ".... <b>(11)</b> Within 15 days of the receipt of the Request for Joinder, the additional party shall submit to the Institute an Answer to the Request for Joinder in the number of copies required by Article 4.3.  ....”  <b>Art 24 of ER</b>	<b>Art 39 of ER</b> “(1) An award shall be made in writing. It shall not contain reasons, unless a party has requested a reasoned award within the time limit set by the sole arbitrator...”  <b>Art 40 of ER</b> “The final award shall be made no later than three months from the date on which the sole arbitrator received the case file from the Institute. The Institute may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request of the sole arbitrator or, if deemed necessary, on its own motion.”  <b>Art 43 of ER</b> “(1) Within 30 days from the date of receipt of the award, a party may, with notice to the other parties and the Institute,

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		<p><b>Art 50 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Subject to Article 50.2, these Rules shall come into force on 1 June 2013 and shall apply to all arbitrations commenced on or after that date, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.  <b>(2)</b> If the arbitration agreement was concluded before the date on which these Rules came into force:  <b>(a)</b> Articles 10, 11, 13.4 and 35.5, and Appendix III do not apply, unless otherwise agreed by the parties;  <b>(b)</b> the Institute may publish anonymous excerpts or summaries of awards, orders and other decisions under Article 47.3 only with the prior written consent of all parties to the arbitration."</p>	<p>from the date on which the Request for Arbitration was received by the respondent. Failing such joint nomination within the applicable time limit, the Board shall appoint the sole arbitrator."</p> <p><b>Art 18 of ER</b>  "Where there are more than two parties in the arbitration:  <b>(a)</b> the claimant(s) and the respondent(s) may jointly nominate the sole arbitrator for confirmation within 15 days from the date on which the Request for Arbitration was received by the respondent(s);  <b>(b)</b> where an additional party has been joined pursuant to Article 10, it may nominate the sole arbitrator for confirmation jointly with the claimant(s) and the respondent(s);  <b>(c)</b> if the claimant(s) and the respondent(s) fail to nominate the sole arbitrator for confirmation in accordance with Article 18(a)-(b), or within such other time limit as the Institute may have set, the Board shall appoint the sole arbitrator."</p>	<p>of Challenge shall state the reasons for the challenge and specify the date on which the party became aware of the circumstances on which the challenge is based.  <b>(4)</b> The Notice of Challenge shall be submitted to the Institute either within 15 days from the date of receipt by the challenging party of the notification of the confirmation or appointment of the arbitrator, or within 15 days from the date when the circumstances giving rise to the challenge became known to that party if such date is subsequent to the receipt of such notification. Failure by a party to comply with this time limit shall constitute a waiver of the right to make the challenge.</p>	<p><b>"(1)</b> Subject to these Rules and any agreement by the parties, the sole arbitrator shall conduct the arbitration in such manner as he or she considers appropriate, taking into account the requirement of rapidity inherent in expedited proceedings.  ...."    <b>Art 29 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> During or following the preparatory conference referred to in Article 28.1, the sole arbitrator shall establish the procedural timetable for the conduct of the arbitration. Where no preparatory conference has been arranged, the sole arbitrator shall establish the procedural timetable as soon as practicable after having received the case file and consulted with the parties.  ....  <b>(3)</b> The sole arbitrator may, at the request of a party or on its own motion, extend, shorten or otherwise amend any time limit he or she has previously set if the sole arbitrator considers that the circumstances so require for the proper conduct of the proceedings.</p>	<p>request that the sole arbitrator:  <b>(a)</b> correct any clerical, typographical or computational error in the award;  <b>(b)</b> correct an omission to state in the award the seat of arbitration or the date on which the award was made, or an omission of the sole arbitrator to sign the award; or  <b>(c)</b> provide an interpretation of a specific point or part of the award.  <b>(2)</b> The sole arbitrator shall give the other parties an opportunity to submit comments on the request within the time limit set by him or her.  <b>(3)</b> If the sole arbitrator considers the request justified, he or she shall make the correction or provide the interpretation within 30 days from the date of</p>

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			<p><b>Art 20 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> All nominations of an arbitrator made by the parties are subject to confirmation by the Institute. The appointment of any arbitrator shall become effective only upon such confirmation.  ....."</p>	<p><b>(5)</b> The Institute shall transmit a copy of the Notice of Challenge to the arbitrator being challenged and the other parties and set a time limit within which they may submit comments on the Notice of Challenge.  <b>(6)</b> The other parties may agree to the challenge or the challenged arbitrator may voluntarily withdraw. In either case, the arbitrator shall be replaced in accordance with Article 22. A withdrawal of the arbitrator or the agreement of the other parties to the challenge shall not imply acceptance of the validity of the reason for the challenge.  <b>(7)</b> If the other parties do not agree to the challenge or</p>	<p>...."</p> <p><b>Art 30 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Within the time limit set by the sole arbitrator, the claimant shall submit a Statement of Claim ....  <b>(2)</b> Within the time limit set by the sole arbitrator, the respondent shall submit a Statement of Defence ....  .....  <b>(4)</b> Unless the sole arbitrator in special circumstances decides otherwise, the following shall apply:  <b>(a)</b> in addition to the Statement of Claim and the Statement of Defence, the parties may each file one written submission, including statements of evidence;  <b>(b)</b> the submissions must be brief; and  <b>(c)</b> the time limits within which the submissions shall be filed may not exceed 14 days.  <b>(5)</b> The sole arbitrator may order any party to finally state its claim for relief within the time limit set by him or her. After the expiration of the time limit, the party may not amend its claim for relief, unless the sole arbitrator in exceptional circumstances decides otherwise."</p> <p><b>Art 32 of ER</b>  "...."</p>	<p>receipt of the request. The Institute may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request of the sole arbitrator or, if deemed necessary, on its own motion.  <b>(4)</b> The sole arbitrator may correct any error of the type referred to in Article 43.1(a)-(b) on his or her own motion within 30 days of the date of an award.  <b>(5)</b> The provisions of Article 39 shall apply to any correction or interpretation of an award.</p> <p><b>Art 44 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Within 30 days from the date of receipt of the award, a party may, with notice to the other parties and the Institute, request that the sole arbitrator make an additional award as to claims presented in the arbitration but not</p>

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				<p>the challenged arbitrator does not voluntarily withdraw within the time limit set by the Institute, the Board shall decide on the challenge. The Board has no obligation to give reasons for its decision."</p>	<p><b>(3)</b> The sole arbitrator may, after consulting with the parties, set a cut-off date prior to the commencement of any hearing referred to in Article 33 and order that after the cut-off date, the parties will not be allowed to present any new claims, arguments or documentary evidence on the merits of the dispute, or to invoke any new witnesses not previously nominated, unless the sole arbitrator in exceptional circumstances decides otherwise."</p>	<p>determined in the award. The sole arbitrator shall give the other parties an opportunity to submit comments on the request within the time limit set by him or her.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If the sole arbitrator considers the request justified, he or she shall make the additional award within 30 days from the date of receipt of the request. The Institute may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request of the sole arbitrator or, if deemed necessary, on its own motion.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The provisions of Article 39 shall apply to any additional award."</p>
<p>Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of</p>	<p>Yes. Rules for Expedited</p>	<p><b>Preamble of ER</b> "Under any arbitration agreement referring to the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations of the Arbitration Institute of</p>	<p><b>Art 17 of ER</b> "The arbitration shall be decided by a sole Arbitrator."  <b>Art 18 of ER</b></p>	<p><b>Art 20 of ER</b> "<b>(1)</b> A party may challenge the Arbitrator if circumstances exist</p>	<p><b>Art 4 of ER</b> "The Board may, on application by either party or on its own motion, extend any time period set by the</p>	<p><b>Art 42 of ER</b> "<b>(1)</b> The Arbitrator shall make the award in writing and sign the award. A party may</p>

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Commerce (SCC) <a href="https://sccinstitute.com/our-services/rules/">https://sccinstitute.com/our-services/rules/</a>	Arbitrations 2017	<p>the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “Rules for Expedited Arbitrations”) the parties shall be deemed to have agreed that the following rules, or such amended rules, in force on the date of the commencement of the arbitration, or the filing of an application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator, shall be applied unless otherwise agreed by the parties.”</p> <p><b>Art 11</b>            "After receiving the Answer, and prior to the appointment of the Arbitrator, the SCC may invite the parties to agree to apply the Arbitration Rules with either a sole or three arbitrator(s), having regard to the complexity of the case, the amount in dispute and any other relevant circumstances."</p>	<p>“(1) The parties may agree on a procedure for appointment of the Arbitrator.  <b>(2)</b> Where the parties have not agreed on a procedure, or if the Arbitrator has not been appointed within the time period agreed by the parties or, where the parties have not agreed on a time period, within the time period set by the Board, the appointment shall be made pursuant to paragraphs (3)–(5).  <b>(3)</b> The parties shall be given 10 days to jointly appoint the Arbitrator. If the parties fail to appoint the Arbitrator within this time, the Board shall make the appointment.            ....”</p>	<p>that give rise to justifiable doubts as to the Arbitrator’s impartiality or independence or if the Arbitrator does not possess the qualifications agreed by the parties.  <b>(2)</b> A party may challenge an arbitrator it has appointed, or in whose appointment it has participated, only for reasons it becomes aware of after the appointment was made.  <b>(3)</b> A party wishing to challenge the Arbitrator shall submit a written statement to the Secretariat stating the reasons for the challenge, within 15 days from the date the circumstances giving rise to the challenge became known to the party. Failure to</p>	<p>SCC for a party to comply with a particular direction.”</p> <p><b>Art 9 of ER</b>            "(1) .... The Secretariat shall set a time period within which the Respondent shall submit an Answer to the SCC....            ....”</p> <p><b>Art 18 of ER</b>            "....  <b>(3)</b> The parties shall be given 10 days to jointly appoint the Arbitrator. If the parties fail to appoint the Arbitrator within this time, the Board shall make the appointment.            ....”</p> <p><b>Art 20 of ER</b>            "....  <b>(3)</b> A party wishing to challenge the Arbitrator shall submit a written statement to the Secretariat stating the reasons for the challenge, within 15 days from the date the circumstances giving rise to the challenge became known to the party. Failure to challenge the Arbitrator within the stipulated time constitutes a waiver of the party’s right to make the challenge.</p>	<p>request a reasoned award no later than at the closing statement.”</p> <p><b>Art 43 of ER</b>            “The final award shall be made no later than three months from the date the case was referred to the Arbitrator pursuant to Article 23. The Board may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request from the Arbitrator, or if otherwise deemed necessary, having due regard to the expedited nature of the proceedings.”</p>

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				<p>challenge the Arbitrator within the stipulated time constitutes a waiver of the party's right to make the challenge.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The Secretariat shall notify the parties and the Arbitrator of the challenge and give them an opportunity to submit comments.</p> <p><b>(5)</b> If the other party agrees to the challenge, the Arbitrator shall resign. In all other cases, the Board shall take the final decision on the challenge."</p>	<p>...."</p> <p><b>Art 29 of ER</b>  "....  <b>(4)</b> During or immediately following the case management conference, and no later than 7 days from the referral of the case to the Arbitrator, the Arbitrator shall seek to establish a timetable for the conduct of the arbitration, including the date for making the award."</p> <p><b>Art 30 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The parties may make one supplementary written sub- mission in addition to the Request for Arbitration and the Answer. In circumstances the Arbitrator considers to be compelling, the Arbitrator may allow the parties to make further written submissions.  <b>(2)</b> Written submissions shall be brief and the time limits for the filing of submissions may not exceed 15 working days, subject to any other time limit that the Arbitrator, for compelling reasons, may determine.  ...."</p> <p><b>Art 43 of ER</b>  "The final award shall be made no later than three months from the</p>	

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					<p>date the case was referred to the Arbitrator pursuant to Article 23. The Board may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request from the Arbitrator, or if otherwise deemed necessary, having due regard to the expedited nature of the proceedings.”</p> <p><b>Art 47 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Within 30 days of receiving an award, a party may, upon notice to the other party, request that the Arbitrator correct any clerical, typographical or computational errors in the award, or provide an interpretation of a specific point or part of the award. After giving the other party an opportunity to comment on the request and if the Arbitrator considers the request justified, the Arbitrator shall make the correction or provide the interpretation within 30 days of receiving the request.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The Arbitrator may correct any error of the type referred to in paragraph (1) above on the Arbitrator’s own motion within 30 days of the date of an award.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Any correction or interpretation of an award shall be in writing and</p>	

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					<p>shall comply with the requirements of Article 42."</p> <p><b>Art 48 of ER</b></p> <p>"Within 30 days of receiving an award, a party may, upon notice to the other party, request that the Arbitrator make an additional award on claims presented in the arbitration but not determined in the award. After giving the other party an opportunity to comment on the request and if the Arbitrator considers the request justified, the Arbitrator shall make the additional award within 30 days of receiving the request. When deemed necessary, the Board may extend this 30 day time limit."</p>	
<p>Arbitrators and Mediators Institute of New Zealand  <a href="https://www.aminz.org.nz/Category?Action=View&amp;Category_id=661">https://www.aminz.org.nz/Category?Action=View&amp;Category_id=661</a></p>	<p>No.</p> <p>Rules for expedited arbitration are contained in Art 3 of GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 3 of GR</b></p> <p>“(33.1) The arbitration may be conducted on an expedited basis, provided the following criteria are met:</p> <p>(a) the Arbitral Tribunal comprises a sole arbitrator; and</p> <p>(b) the Claimant has sought an expedited arbitration in the Notice of Arbitration; and</p> <p>(c) the matters in dispute (comprising the aggregate of the claim and any counterclaim)</p>	<p>[No specific procedure for proceedings on an expedited basis. See Art 3 of GR for general procedure.]</p>	<p>[No specific procedure for proceedings on an expedited basis. See Art 4 of GR for general procedure.]</p>	<p><b>Art 3 of GR</b></p> <p>“... (33.3)</p> <p>Where an arbitration is to be conducted on an expedited basis, the following will apply:</p> <p>(a) Pending appointment of the Arbitral Tribunal, the AMINZ Court of Arbitration may provide for truncated periods for submissions or other actions of the Parties.</p> <p>(b) The Arbitral Tribunal may determine whether or not the</p>	<p><b>Art 3 of GR</b></p> <p>“... (33.3)</p> <p>....</p> <p>(c) An interim award, with summary reasons, is to be provided within one month of the final submission by the Parties on the substance of the dispute and the final award, including determination of costs issues and with reasons</p>

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		do not exceed \$2,000,000.00 (excluding GST); and <b>(d)</b> the issues raised in the claim and any counterclaim do not raise significant disagreements of fact or complex legal issues.”			dispute is to be determined on the papers only. (c) An interim award, with summary reasons, is to be provided within one month of the final submission by the Parties on the substance of the dispute and the final award, including determination of costs issues and with reasons on the substance of the dispute, within two months following the last of the submissions of the Parties.”	on the substance of the dispute, within two months following the last of the submissions of the Parties.”
ARIAS UK <a href="http://arias.org.uk/arbitration-rules-and-clauses/">http://arias.org.uk/arbitration-rules-and-clauses/</a>	Yes. ARIAS Fast Track Arbitration Rules	<b>Art 1 of ER</b> “(1) These Rules shall be known as the ARIAS FAST TRACK ARBITRATION RULES or AFTAR and shall take effect from 3rd October 2013. Where an agreement, submission or reference provides for or otherwise refers to ARIAS FAST TRACK ARBITRATION RULES or AFTAR the Parties agree that the arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with these Rules or any amendments to these Rules adopted subsequently by ARIAS taking effect before the arbitration is commenced. ....”	<b>Preamble of ER</b> “The reference will be to a sole arbitrator who will take control of the procedure immediately upon appointment.”  <b>Art 4 of ER</b> <b>(1)</b> Unless the Parties otherwise agree, to commence arbitration under AFTAR the Claimant shall send to the Respondent a written Notice of Arbitration. It is recommended that the Notice of Arbitration be accompanied by: .... <b>(4)</b> the name and address (together with telephone and e-mail address if available) of the person or persons	[No challenge procedure set in the ER.]	<b>Art 5 of ER</b> “(1) Within 14 days of receipt of the Notice of Arbitration the Respondent shall send to the Claimant a Response containing....”  <b>Art 9 of ER</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> Unless the Parties agree otherwise the Arbitrator shall convene a preliminary meeting with the Parties as soon as is practical. Unless the Arbitrator considers there are good reasons to the contrary the meeting shall take place within 7 days of the appointment of the Arbitrator ....” <b>(3)</b> As the Parties have agreed to resolve their disputes under AFTAR, the following presumptions shall	<b>Art 14 of ER</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> The award shall, in the absence of order to the contrary, be published within 14 days of the Closing Date. The award shall be in writing, in the primary language in which the arbitration has been conducted and shall state the Seat of Arbitration and the date on which the award is made. <b>(3)</b> Unless the Parties agree otherwise the Arbitrator shall produce short reasons for the award summarising the

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			<p>the Claimant considers would be an appropriate arbitrator. ...."</p> <p><b>Art 5 of ER</b> <b>(1)</b> Within 14 days of receipt of the Notice of Arbitration the Respondent shall send to the Claimant a Response containing:  ....</p> <p>(1) agreement to or counter proposals concerning the appointment of an arbitrator including the name and address of any proposed arbitrator, together with telephone and e-mail address if available;  ...."</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b> “(1) If the Parties are unable to agree the appointment of the Arbitrator within 28 days of the delivery of the Notice of Arbitration then upon the application of either Party</p>		<p>apply it being understood that circumstances may require the Arbitrator to depart from these presumptions - see also Rule 11.3: (1) the arbitration shall proceed on documents and written submissions alone which are supplied to the Arbitrator prior to a date the Arbitrator shall fix (the Closing Date) after which date no further documents may be submitted or submissions made; (2) the procedure whether agreed or ordered shall ensure that the Closing Date shall be within 4 months of the commencement of the arbitration unless the Arbitrator orders otherwise; .... (4) unless otherwise agreed or ordered the award on all issues (other than deciding and fixing Costs of the Arbitration and their apportionment) shall be published within 14 days of the Closing Date."</p> <p><b>Art 11 of ER</b> “(1) The Arbitrator shall give the Parties reasonable notice of the</p>	<p>findings and the basis of the decision. .... <b>(6)</b> Upon application of either Party or on notice given to the Parties by the Arbitrator, either of which is to occur within 72 hours of the publication of the award or such extended period agreed by the Parties, the Arbitrator may: (1) correct an award so as to remove any clerical mistake or error arising from an accidental slip or omission or clarify or remove any ambiguity in the award; or (2) make an additional award in respect of any matter (including interest or costs) which was presented to the Arbitrator but omitted from the award. <b>(7)</b> The powers set out in 14.6 shall not be exercised without first giving the Parties at least 48 hours to make written representations to the Arbitrator.”</p>

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			<p>ARIAS will appoint the Arbitrator.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If after appointment the Arbitrator resigns, dies, is unable to act, or is otherwise removed from the reference ARIAS will in default of re-appointment within 7 days upon request by either Party appoint a replacement Arbitrator. At any time prior to the appointment by ARIAS under this Rule the Parties may make such appointment.</p> <p>....”</p>		<p>time, place, method and date of any meetings or hearings. The Parties agree that two working days prior notice is reasonable.</p> <p>....”</p> <p><b>Art 14 of ER</b></p> <p>“(2) The award shall, in the absence of order to the contrary, be published within 14 days of the Closing Date...”</p>	
<p>Asian International Arbitration Centre</p> <p><a href="https://www.aiac.world/Arbitration-Fast-Track-Arbitration">https://www.aiac.world/Arbitration-Fast-Track-Arbitration</a></p>	<p>Yes.</p> <p>Fast Track Arbitration Rules</p>	<p><b>Rule 1 of ER</b></p> <p>“(1) Where the Parties have agreed that the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules will apply, whether before or after a dispute arises: <b>(a)</b> any present or future dispute between the Parties shall be settled or resolved by arbitration in accordance with the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules; <b>(b)</b> the arbitration shall be conducted and administered by the AIAC in accordance with the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules; and</p> <p>....</p>	<p><b>Rule 4 of ER</b></p> <p>“(1) Where the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules apply, the Director shall be the appointing authority.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The Parties are free to determine the number of arbitrators.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> If the Parties fail to determine the number of arbitrators, the arbitral tribunal shall consist of a sole arbitrator.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> If the Parties have agreed that a sole arbitrator to be appointed or if the Parties have failed to determine the number of arbitrators, the procedure for the appointment, unless the</p>	<p><b>Rule 5 of ER</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(3)</b> If following such disclosure any Party objects to the arbitrator continuing to act, then that Party shall notify the other Party, the arbitral tribunal and the Director in writing. The notification shall state the reasons for the objections.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The other Party or Parties and the</p>	<p><b>Rule 7 of ER</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The arbitral tribunal may conduct the arbitration in such manner as it deems appropriate. In particular, the arbitral tribunal may, unless otherwise agreed by the Parties:</p> <p>(a) limit or extend the time available for each Party to present its case subject to provisions of Rule 22; ....”</p> <p><b>Rule 21 of ER</b></p> <p>“(1) When the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules apply, the arbitration shall be conducted in the following periods of time, unless</p>	<p><b>Rule 19 of ER</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(2)</b>The award shall be reasoned, signed by the arbitral tribunal and contain the date and the seat where it was made.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall publish the award within a period of time set out in Rule 21(1)(g). ....”</p> <p><b>Rule 20 of ER</b></p> <p>“(1) Within 14 days of receipt of an award, any Party may request the</p>

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		<p><b>(2)</b> The AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules applicable to the arbitration shall be those in force at the time of commencement of the arbitration unless otherwise agreed by the Parties.”</p>	<p>Parties have agreed otherwise, shall be:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the Parties are free to agree on the arbitral tribunal and jointly nominate the arbitral tribunal for the Director’s confirmation; or</p> <p><b>(b)</b> if within 10 days after the other Party’s receipt of the notice of arbitration, the Parties have not reached an agreement as to the joint nomination of the arbitral tribunal, any Party may request for the arbitral tribunal to be appointed by the Director.</p> <p><b>(5)</b> If the Parties have agreed that three arbitrators are to be appointed, the procedure for the appointment, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise, shall be:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> each Party shall nominate one arbitrator for the Director’s confirmation, and the two confirmed arbitrators shall choose the third arbitrator, who will act as the presiding arbitrator of the arbitral tribunal;</p>	<p>arbitrator whose replacement is sought may comment in writing on the objection within three days of receipt of the objection.</p> <p><b>(5)</b> Upon consideration of the objection and any comments on it, the arbitrator, whose replacement is sought, shall, in consultation with the Director, continue with the arbitration or resign, and notify the Parties and the Director of his or her decision.”</p>	<p>otherwise agreed by the Parties and the arbitral tribunal:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the Respondent shall serve its response to the notice of arbitration within 10 days from the date when the notice of arbitration was received by the Respondent;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> the arbitral tribunal shall convene a case management meeting or issue such directions as to the conduct of the arbitration as the arbitral tribunal deems necessary not later than 10 days from the date when the AIAC notified the Parties of commencement of the arbitration;</p> <p><b>(c)</b> The Claimant shall serve its statement of claim within 14 days from the date when the AIAC notified the Parties of commencement of the arbitration;</p> <p><b>(d)</b> The Respondent shall serve its statement of defence within 28 days from the date when the AIAC notified the Parties of commencement of the arbitration;</p> <p><b>(e)</b> Any further written submissions, if allowed and/ or requested by the arbitral tribunal, shall be served by the Parties within 14 days from the</p>	<p>arbitral tribunal in writing to correct any errors of computation, any clerical or typographical errors, slips or omissions in the award. The Director shall be copied to the request.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The arbitral tribunal may make such corrections to the award within 14 days of receipt of the request. This does not prevent the arbitral tribunal of its own volition from making such limited corrections to the award within 21 days of the delivery of the award to the Director. All corrections to the award shall be in writing and shall form part of the award, from the date the award was made.”</p> <p><b>Rule 21 of ER</b></p> <p><b>“(1)</b></p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(g)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall publish its award</p>

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			<p><b>(b)</b> if within 10 days after the other Party’s receipt of the notice of arbitration, the other Party has not notified the first Party of the arbitrator it has nominated for the Director’s confirmation, the first Party may request the Director to appoint the second arbitrator; and</p> <p><b>(c)</b> if within 10 days after the appointment of the second arbitrator the two arbitrators have not agreed on the choice of the presiding arbitrator, the presiding arbitrator shall be appointed by the Director.</p> <p><b>(6)</b> If the Director upon the request of a Party is to appoint a sole arbitrator, or a member of the arbitral tribunal, the Director shall appoint the arbitrator in accordance with the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules. In doing so, the Director at his own discretion may seek such information from the Parties as the Director deems appropriate and exercise other powers as vested in the Director by the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules.</p> <p><b>(7)</b> Where the Parties have agreed that any arbitrator is to</p>		<p>date set out by the arbitral tribunal;</p> <p><b>(f)</b> In an arbitration that is not document-only arbitration, the arbitral tribunal shall conduct and complete the substantive oral hearings not later than 90 days from the date when the AIAC notified the Parties of commencement of the arbitration and provided that the substantive oral hearings shall not exceed a period of six days;</p> <p><b>(g)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall publish its award within 90 days from the date when the proceedings were declared closed.”</p> <p><b>Rule 22 of ER</b></p> <p><b>"(1)</b> The arbitral tribunal may, unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, extend the periods of time set out in Rule 21(1):</p> <p><b>(a)</b> in relation to production and exchange of the written submissions for no longer than 14 days;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> in relation to the completion of the substantive oral hearings for no longer than 30 days;</p> <p><b>(c)</b> in relation to the period for the substantive oral hearings itself by a further maximum of four days.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If it appears to the arbitral tribunal that the award may not be</p>	<p>within 90 days from the date when the proceedings were declared closed. ....”</p> <p><b>Rule 22 of ER</b></p> <p>"....</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If it appears to the arbitral tribunal that the award may not be published within the time limits provided in Rule 21(1)(g), the arbitral tribunal shall no later than 14 days before the lapse of the said time limit notify the Director and the Parties in writing explaining and justifying the reasons for the delay, state the revised estimated date of publication of the award and seek the Director’s prior consent for such an extension of time for the publication of the award."</p>

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			<p>be appointed by one or more Parties, or by any authority agreed by the Parties, including where any arbitrator has been already appointed, that agreement shall be treated as an agreement to nominate an arbitrator under the AIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules and shall be subject to confirmation by the Director at his own discretion."</p>		<p>published within the time limits provided in Rule 21(1)(g), the arbitral tribunal shall no later than 14 days before the lapse of the said time limit notify the Director and the Parties in writing explaining and justifying the reasons for the delay, state the revised estimated date of publication of the award and seek the Director's prior consent for such an extension of time for the publication of the award."</p>	
<p>Australian Centre for International Commercial Arbitration  <a href="https://acica.org.au/acica-rules-2016/">https://acica.org.au/acica-rules-2016/</a></p>	<p>Yes.  Expedited Arbitration Rules 2016</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Where parties agree in writing that disputes shall be referred to arbitration under the expedited rules of ACICA or the ACICA Expedited Arbitration Rules then such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with these Rules as in effect on the date of commencement of the arbitration, subject to such modification as the parties may agree in writing.  .....  <b>(4)</b> The parties to an arbitration agreement referring to these Rules shall be deemed to have referred to the Rules in effect on the date of commencement of the arbitration, unless the</p>	<p><b>Art 8 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> There shall be one arbitrator.  <b>(2)</b> Within 14 days from the commencement of the arbitration, the Arbitrator shall be appointed by ACICA."</p>	<p><b>Art 10 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> A party who intends to challenge the Arbitrator shall send notice of its challenge within 7 days after being notified of his or her appointment or within 7 days after becoming aware of the circumstances mentioned in Article 9.  <b>(2)</b> The challenge shall be notified to the other party, to the Arbitrator and to ACICA. The notification shall be in writing and shall</p>	<p><b>Art 13 of ER</b>  "....  <b>(2)</b> Subject to these Rules, the Arbitrator shall adopt suitable procedures for the conduct of the arbitration in order to avoid unnecessary delay and expense. As soon as practicable after being appointed the Arbitrator shall hold a preliminary meeting with the parties in person or by telephone or other means and shall make a procedural timetable for the arbitration.  <b>(3)</b> There shall be no hearing unless:  <b>(a)</b> exceptional circumstances exist, as determined by the Arbitrator; and  <b>(b)</b> either the Arbitrator or the parties require a hearing to take place.  <b>(4)</b> Any hearing shall be no longer than one working day, unless the</p>	<p><b>Art 27 of ER</b>  "Subject to Articles 22 and 28.6, the Arbitrator shall make the final award within 4 months of the appointment of the Arbitrator if there is no counterclaim (or claim relied on for the purpose of a set-off), and otherwise within 5 months."   <b>Art 28 of ER</b>  <b>"(3)</b> Subject to Article 30.1, the Arbitrator shall state the reasons upon which an award is based in summary form, unless the parties have agreed</p>

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		parties have agreed to apply a particular version of the Rules. ....”		state the reasons for the challenge. .... <b>(4)</b> If the other party does not agree to the challenge and the challenged Arbitrator does not resign, the decision on the challenge shall be made by ACICA. <b>(5)</b> If ACICA sustains the challenge, a substitute Arbitrator shall be appointed or chosen pursuant to the procedure set out in Article 8. <b>(6)</b> Challenge to the Arbitrator shall not affect the conduct of the arbitration in any way unless the Arbitrator resigns or is removed. However if an Arbitrator resigns or is removed, all time limits under these Rules will be extended by the time that elapses between the Arbitrator's resignation or	Arbitrator decides otherwise. The Arbitrator shall allocate the available time to the parties in such manner that each party shall have an equal opportunity to present its case. ....” <b>Art 18 of ER</b> “(1) Within 28 days of service of the Notice of Arbitration under Article 5.4, the Respondent shall communicate its Statement of Defence in writing to the Claimant, the Arbitrator and ACICA. .... <b>(3)</b> The Respondent may in its Statement of Defence make a counterclaim or claim for the purpose of a set-off, arising out of, relating to or in connection with the dispute. .... <b>(5)</b> The Claimant shall communicate a Defence to the Counterclaim (if any) within 14 days, including any additional documents.” <b>Art 21 of ER</b> “(1) The Arbitrator shall decide which further written statements, in addition to the Statement of Claim, the Statement of Defence and Defence to the Counterclaim, shall be required from the parties or may	that no reasons are to be given. .... <b>(6)</b> Before communicating an award to the parties, the Arbitrator shall inquire of ACICA whether there are any outstanding monies due to it. The award shall not be communicated to the parties until ACICA certifies that there are no monies due to either ACICA or the Arbitrator. Time for the Final Award in Article 27 will not run for these purposes. ....” <b>Art 30 of ER</b> “(1) If, before an award is made, the parties agree on a settlement of the dispute, the Arbitrator shall either issue an order for the termination of the arbitral proceedings or, if requested by both parties and accepted by the Arbitrator, record the settlement in the

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				<p>removal and the appointment of a substitute Arbitrator.”</p> <p><b>Art 12 of ER</b> "Once the substitute Arbitrator has been appointed, and after having invited the parties to comment, the Arbitrator shall determine if and to what extent prior proceedings shall be repeated."</p>	<p>be presented by them and shall fix the periods of time for communicating such statements. <b>(2)</b> The periods of time fixed by the Arbitrator for the communication of further written statements shall not exceed 14 days."</p> <p><b>Art 22 of ER</b> <b>(1)</b> Any times fixed under these Rules may be varied by agreement among the Arbitrator and the parties. <b>(2)</b> Notwithstanding Article 22.1 the Arbitrator, in exceptional circumstances as determined by the Arbitrator, may vary the times fixed: <b>(a)</b> to give effect to the overriding objective set out in Article 3; <b>(b)</b> if the Arbitrator is satisfied that a variation of any fixed time or times is required in the interests of justice; <b>(c)</b> on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Arbitrator considers reasonable in the circumstances; <b>(d)</b> to a maximum total period of 14 days to the total time fixed under these Rules for actions by each party; and <b>(e)</b> to a maximum total period of 30 days for actions by the Arbitrator."</p> <p><b>Art 27 of ER</b></p>	<p>form of an arbitral award on agreed terms. The Arbitrator is not obliged to give reasons for such an award. ....”</p> <p><b>Art 31 of ER</b> "<b>(1)</b> Within 7 days after the receipt of an award, either party, with notice to the other party, may request that the Arbitrator give an interpretation of the award. <b>(2)</b> The interpretation shall be given in writing within 28 days after the receipt of the request. The interpretation shall form part of the award and the provisions of Articles 28.2 to 28.7 shall apply."</p> <p><b>Art 32 of ER</b> "<b>(1)</b> Within 7 days after the receipt of an award, either party, with notice to the other party, may request the Arbitrator to correct in the award any</p>

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					<p>“Subject to Articles 22 and 28.6, the Arbitrator shall make the final award within 4 months of the appointment of the Arbitrator if there is no counterclaim (or claim relied on for the purpose of a set-off), and otherwise within 5 months.”</p> <p><b>Art 28 of ER</b></p> <p>"....</p> <p><b>(6)</b> Before communicating an award to the parties, the Arbitrator shall inquire of ACICA whether there are any outstanding monies due to it. The award shall not be communicated to the parties until ACICA certifies that there are no monies due to either ACICA or the Arbitrator. Time for the Final Award in Article 27 will not run for these purposes.</p> <p>...."</p> <p><b>Art 31 of ER</b></p> <p><b>"(1)</b> Within 7 days after the receipt of an award, either party, with notice to the other party, may request that the Arbitrator give an interpretation of the award.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The interpretation shall be given in writing within 28 days after the receipt of the request. The interpretation shall form part of the</p>	<p>errors in computation, any clerical or typographical errors, or any errors of similar nature. The Arbitrator may within 28 days after the communication of the award make such corrections on his or her own initiative.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Such corrections shall be in writing and the provisions of Articles 28.2 to 28.7 shall apply."</p> <p><b>Art 33 of ER</b></p> <p><b>"(1)</b> Within 7 days after the receipt of an award, either party, with notice to the other party, may request the Arbitrator to make an additional award as to claims presented in the arbitral proceedings but omitted from the award.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If the Arbitrator considers the request for an additional award to be justified and considers that the omission can be rectified without any further hearings or evidence, he</p>

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					<p>award and the provisions of Articles 28.2 to 28.7 shall apply."</p> <p><b>Art 32 of ER</b></p> <p>"(1) Within 7 days after the receipt of an award, either party, with notice to the other party, may request the Arbitrator to correct in the award any errors in computation, any clerical or typographical errors, or any errors of similar nature. The Arbitrator may within 28 days after the communication of the award make such corrections on his or her own initiative.</p> <p>(2) Such corrections shall be in writing and the provisions of Articles 28.2 to 28.7 shall apply."</p> <p><b>Art 33 of ER</b></p> <p>"(1) Within 7 days after the receipt of an award, either party, with notice to the other party, may request the Arbitrator to make an additional award as to claims presented in the arbitral proceedings but omitted from the award.</p> <p>(2) If the Arbitrator considers the request for an additional award to be justified and considers that the omission can be rectified without any further hearings or evidence, he</p>	<p>or she shall complete the award within 28 days after the receipt of the request.</p> <p>(3) When an additional award is made, the provisions of Articles 28.2 to 28.7 shall apply."</p>

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					<p>or she shall complete the award within 28 days after the receipt of the request.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> When an additional award is made, the provisions of Articles 28.2 to 28.7 shall apply."</p>	
<p>Bahrain Chamber for Dispute Resolution  <a href="https://www.bcdr-aaa.org/2017-arbitration-rules/">https://www.bcdr-aaa.org/2017-arbitration-rules/</a></p>	<p>No.</p> <p>Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Art 6 of the GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 6.1 of GR</b>          "This Article shall apply, to the exclusion of any conflicting Article of the Rules: <b>(a)</b> if the parties have not agreed in writing otherwise, and provided that the claim and any counterclaim in the arbitration are quantified monetary claims and the total amount in dispute does not exceed US\$1 million; or <b>(b)</b> if the parties have agreed in writing that this Article shall apply irrespective of the value of any claim or counterclaim."</p> <p><b>Art 6.2 of GR</b>          "The Claimant shall submit a Request conforming to the provisions of Article 2, save that, in place of the statements prescribed by Articles 2.2(d) and 2.2(e), the Request shall include the Claimant's Statement of Claim, setting out</p>	<p><b>Art 6.8 of GR</b>          "Notwithstanding any other agreement to the contrary, the arbitral tribunal shall comprise a sole arbitrator."</p> <p><b>Art 6.9 of GR</b>          "Unless the parties have jointly nominated an arbitrator in writing, the Chamber shall, as soon as practicable after receipt of the Response, appoint an arbitrator of its choosing."</p>	<p>[Note: no specific provision for expedited proceedings, see Art 11 of GR for general provision.]</p>	<p><b>Art 6.11 of GR</b>          "The arbitral tribunal shall conduct the arbitration as it considers suitable to the nature and circumstances of the case and to the expedited nature of the procedure, including determining whether any further written submissions should be made by the parties, and if so, according to what timetable, and whether the arbitration should be conducted on the papers only, without an oral hearing."</p> <p><b>Art 6.12 of GR</b>          "Unless otherwise agreed by the parties or determined by the Chamber, the arbitral tribunal shall issue the final award no later than 30 days after the date of the close of proceedings."</p> <p><b>Art 6.13 of GR</b>          "Each of the 30-day deadlines prescribed by Article 37 for the</p>	<p><b>Art 6.12 of GR</b>          "Unless otherwise agreed by the parties or determined by the Chamber, the arbitral tribunal shall issue the final award no later than 30 days after the date of the close of proceedings."</p> <p><b>Art 6.13 of GR</b>          "Each of the 30-day deadlines prescribed by Article 37 for the interpretation or correction of an award shall be abridged to 15 days in respect of any award issued under this expedited procedure."</p>

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		<p>in detail the remedies sought and the amount of any monetary claim, together with the factual and legal basis for its entitlement to such remedies, and accompanied by all documents essential to the claim."</p> <p><b>Art 6.6 of GR</b> "If the Respondent is advancing a counterclaim the value of which will increase the total amount in dispute to a sum greater than US\$1 million, and the parties have not agreed in writing that this Article shall apply irrespective of the value of any claim or counterclaim, Article 6.4 and Articles 6.7 to 6.13 shall not apply to the arbitration and the Respondent shall file its Response pursuant to the provisions of Article 4."</p> <p><b>Art 6.7 of GR</b> "If, after filing the initial claim and counterclaim, a party amends its claim or counterclaim so that the total amount in dispute exceeds US\$1 million, the case will</p>			<p>interpretation or correction of an award shall be abridged to 15 days in respect of any award issued under this expedited procedure."</p>	

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		continue to be administered pursuant to this Article, unless the parties agree otherwise, or the Chamber or the arbitral tribunal determines otherwise."				
Bangladesh International Arbitration Centre <a href="https://www.biac.org.bd/">https://www.biac.org.bd/</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Rule 28 of GR (fast track arbitration).	<b>Rule 28 of GR</b> “(1) Where the amount in dispute, including the claim, counterclaim and defense, does not exceed Taka 50 million (or equivalent), any party may request BIAC in writing before the preliminary conference that the arbitration be treated as a fast track arbitration. <b>(2)</b> Any decision in this respect shall be taken by the Arbitration Committee who shall notify its decision to the Arbitration Tribunal and the parties before the preliminary conference. ....”	[Note: no specific provision relating to the number of arbitrators in expedited proceedings.]  <b>Rule 6 of GR</b> “Where the arbitration agreement is silent, and the parties have not been able to reach agreement on the number of arbitrators, the arbitration shall proceed before a sole arbitrator appointed by the Arbitration Committee, unless the Committee considers that a tribunal composed of three arbitrators would be more appropriate.”  [Note: see also <b>Rule 7 of GR</b> for appointment procedure where parties have agreed on the number of arbitrators.]	[Note: no specific provision relating to challenge of arbitrators in expedited proceedings. See Rule 10 of GR for challenge procedure.]	<b>Art 28 of GR</b> “.... <b>(3)</b> If the arbitration is decided to be treated as a fast track arbitration, the BIAC shall shorten the time limits under these Rules in a manner that the arbitration award shall be made within 3 months from the date when the Arbitration Tribunal is constituted unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Arbitration Tribunal extends the time. ....”	<b>Art 28 of GR</b> “.... <b>(3)</b> ... the arbitration award shall be made within 3 months from the date when the Arbitration Tribunal is constituted unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Arbitration Tribunal extends the time. ....”
Beijing International Arbitration Centre	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings	<b>Art 53 of GR</b> “(1) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the expedited procedure set out in this Chapter (the “Expedited	<b>Art 54 of GR</b> “(1) Arbitrations conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure shall be heard by a sole arbitrator.	[Note: no specific provision for expedited proceedings, see Art	<b>Art 55 of GR</b> “Within 10 days of receipt of the Request for Submission of Defence... the Respondent shall submit to the BAC its Statement of Defence.... A	[Note: no specific provision for content of award in expedited proceedings, see Art 48

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<a href="http://www.bjic.org.cn/english/page/zc/guifan.html">http://www.bjic.org.cn/english/page/zc/guifan.html</a>	are contained in Chapter VII (Arts 53 - 59) of the GR.	Procedure”) shall apply if the amount in dispute does not exceed RMB 1,000,000. <b>(2)</b> The parties may also agree to apply the Expedited Procedure where the amount in dispute exceeds RMB 1,000,000. In such a case, the arbitration fees shall be reduced accordingly. <b>(3)</b> If the parties agree to apply the ordinary procedure (the “Ordinary Procedure”) when the amount in dispute does not exceed RMB 1,000,000, they shall bear any resulting additional arbitration fees. <b>(4)</b> Where Chapter VIII of the Rules <b>[ICCA Note: Chapter VIII is the chapter on international commercial arbitration]</b> makes special provisions for the Expedited Procedure, such provisions shall apply.  <b>Art 59 of GR</b> "In respect of matters not provided for in this Chapter, other relevant provisions of the Rules shall apply."	<b>(2)</b> Within 10 days of receipt of the Notice of Arbitration [Article 9] by all parties, the parties shall jointly nominate a sole arbitrator or jointly request the Chairman to appoint a sole arbitrator from the Panel of Arbitrators. The sole arbitrator may be selected in the manner prescribed by Article 19(3). If the parties fail jointly to nominate a sole arbitrator or request the Chairman to appoint a sole arbitrator within the specified period, the Chairman will appoint the sole arbitrator."	22 of GR for general provision.]	Counterclaim ... if any, shall also be submitted within 10 days of receipt of the Request for Submission of Defence...."  <b>Article 56 of GR</b> "Where an oral hearing ... is to be held, the Arbitral Tribunal shall notify the parties of the date of the hearing at least 3 days in advance."  <b>Article 58 of GR</b> "The Arbitral Tribunal shall render its award within 75 days from the date of its constitution. If there are special circumstances justifying an extension of this period, the Secretary-General may approve an appropriate extension of time at the request of the sole arbitrator."	of GR for general provision.]  <b>Article 58 of GR</b> "The Arbitral Tribunal shall render its award within 75 days from the date of its constitution. If there are special circumstances justifying an extension of this period, the Secretary-General may approve an appropriate extension of time at the request of the sole arbitrator."
Belgian Centre for Arbitration and Mediation	Yes.  Arbitration Rules for	<b>Art 3 of ER</b> “(1) The CEPANI Arbitration Rules for disputes of limited financial importance shall apply	<b>Art 10 of ER</b> .... <b>(2)</b> The Appointments Committee or the President	<b>Art 12 of ER</b> “(1) A challenge for reasons of any alleged lack of	<b>Art 5 of ER</b> “(1) Within twenty-one days from the date of the commencement of the arbitral proceedings, Respondent	<b>Art 21 of ER</b> “(1) The Arbitrator shall render the Award within twenty-one days of the

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<a href="https://www.cepani.be/rules/">https://www.cepani.be/rules/</a>	Disputes of Limited Financial Importance 2013	if the principal claim and the counterclaim, if any, together do not exceed the amount of € 25.000,00. <b>(2)</b> In the event that the principal claim and the counterclaim together exceed € 25,000,00 in the course of the proceedings, the CEPANI Arbitration Rules for disputes of limited financial importance of the Rules shall still apply, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, in which case the proceedings shall be governed by the Arbitration Rules set out in Section I of these Rules."	shall appoint or confirm the nomination of the Arbitral Tribunal. The parties may nominate the Arbitral Tribunal by mutual consent, subject to the confirmation of the Appointments Committee or the President. ...."  <b>Art 11 of ER</b> "The Appointments Committee or the President appoints or confirms the nomination of the Arbitrator within a period of eight days from the payment by the parties, or by one of them, of the advance on arbitration costs in accordance with the provisions of Article 28. It will thereby take into account more particularly the availability, the qualifications and the ability of the Arbitrator to conduct the arbitration in accordance with these Rules."	independence or for any other reason, shall be communicated to the secretariat in writing and shall contain the facts and circumstances on which it is based. <b>(2)</b> In order to be admissible the challenge must be communicated by a party, either within one month of the receipt by that party of the notification of the arbitrator's appointment, or within one month of the date on which that party was informed of the facts and circumstances which it invokes in support of its challenge, whichever date is the later. <b>(3)</b> The secretariat shall invite the arbitrator concerned and the other parties to present their written observations	shall send its Answer to the Request for Arbitration to the secretariat .... <b>(2)</b> Respondent shall also attach to the Answer proof of the dispatch, within the same time limit of twenty-one days, to Claimant of the Answer and the documents annexed thereto. <b>(3)</b> Any counterclaim made by Respondent shall be filed with its Answer .... .... <b>(5)</b> The time limit mentioned in paragraph 1 may be extended pursuant to a reasoned request of Respondent, or on its own motion, by the secretariat."  <b>Art 6 of ER</b> <b>(1)</b> Within twenty-one days from the date on which Respondent submits its Answer and the annexes thereto to the secretariat, Claimant shall submit a Reply to the secretariat and transmit said Reply at the same time to Respondent. <b>(2)</b> Within twenty-one days from the date on which Claimant has submitted its Reply and the annexes thereto to the secretariat, Respondent shall submit a Second Reply to the secretariat and transmit	date on which the Last Reply was submitted to the secretariat or, if the proceedings are not based solely on documents, of the date of the last hearing. <b>(2)</b> This time limit may be extended pursuant to a reasoned request from the Arbitrator, or upon its own motion, by the secretariat."  <b>Art 22 of ER</b> <b>(1)</b> The Award shall state the reasons upon which it is based. ...."  <b>Art 26 of ER</b> <b>(1)</b> On its own initiative, within one month of the notification of the Award to the parties, the Arbitral Tribunal may correct any clerical, computational or typographical error or any errors of a similar nature. <b>(2)</b> Within one month of the notification of the Award a party may file

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				<p>within a time period fixed by the secretariat. These observations shall be communicated to the parties and to the arbitrator. The parties and arbitrators may respond to these observations within the time period fixed by the secretariat.</p> <p>The latter then transmits the challenge and the comments received to the Challenge Committee. The Committee decides on the admissibility and on the merits of the challenge.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The Challenge Committee shall decide without any recourse on the challenge of an arbitrator. The reasons for the decision shall not be communicated”</p>	<p>said Second Reply at the same time to Claimant.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Subsequently, Claimant shall have a period of fourteen days from the date on which Respondent has submitted its Second Reply to the secretariat during which it may itself submit a Second Reply to the secretariat and transmit said Second Reply at the same time to Respondent.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> Finally, Respondent shall have a period of fourteen days from the date on which Claimant has submitted its Second Reply to the secretariat during which it may submit a Last Reply to the secretariat and transmit said Last Reply at the same time to Claimant.</p> <p><b>(5)</b> These time limits may be extended pursuant to a reasoned request of the parties or one of them. Any demand for extension shall be directed to the Arbitral Tribunal, if constituted, or to the secretariat. If necessary, the secretariat may extend these time limits upon its own motion.”</p> <p><b>Art 21 of ER</b>  <b>“(1)</b> The Arbitrator shall render the Award within twenty-one days of the date on which the Last Reply was submitted to the secretariat or, if the</p>	<p>with the secretariat an application for the correction of an error of the kind referred to in paragraph 1. The application must be made in as many copies as stated in Article 4.1.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Within one month of the notification of the Award a party may file with the secretariat an application for the interpretation of a point or specific section of an Award. The application must be made in as many copies as stated in Article 4.1.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> After receipt of an application referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3, the Arbitral Tribunal shall grant the other party a short time limit which shall not exceed one month from the date of the application in order submit any comments.  ....”</p>

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					<p>proceedings are not based solely on documents, of the date of the last hearing.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> This time limit may be extended pursuant to a reasoned request from the Arbitrator, or upon its own motion, by the secretariat.”</p> <p><b>Art 26 of ER</b></p> <p><b>(1)</b> On its own initiative, within one month of the notification of the Award to the parties, the Arbitral Tribunal may correct any clerical, computational or typographical error or any errors of a similar nature.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Within one month of the notification of the Award a party may file with the secretariat an application for the correction of an error of the kind referred to in paragraph 1. The application must be made in as many copies as stated in Article 4.1.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Within one month of the notification of the Award a party may file with the secretariat an application for the interpretation of a point or specific section of an Award. The application must be made in as many copies as stated in Article 4.1.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> After receipt of an application referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3, the Arbitral Tribunal shall grant the</p>	

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					other party a short time limit which shall not exceed one month from the date of the application in order to submit any comments. ...."	
Canadian Commercial Arbitration Centre <a href="https://ccac-adr.org/en/international-arbitration">https://ccac-adr.org/en/international-arbitration</a>	No  Rules for expedited arbitration are contained in Chapter XII (Arts 67 -75) of the GR.	<b>Art 3 of GR</b> “...'Expedited Arbitral proceedings': means the expedited arbitral proceedings under these rules, applicable in any dispute involving a claim whose amount including the cross-demand is equal to or less than \$50,000, excluding interest and arbitration expenses....”	<b>Art 70 of GR</b> “The dispute is submitted to an arbitrator. Upon the expiry of the delay for responding to the parties' notice of arbitration and cross-demand, the Centre forwards to the parties a list of five certified arbitrators. Within a period of five (5) business days, the parties may inform the Centre of their objection in writing. If the parties fail to do the preceding, the Centre will consider that there has been no objection. In the absence of consensus, the Centre will appoint the arbitrator(s) on its own initiative.”	[Note: no specific provision for expedited proceedings, see Art 19 of GR for general provision.]	<b>Art 67 of GR</b> “All sections under general proceedings that do not contradict this Division apply to expedited proceedings. Nonetheless, the fifteen (15) day delay provided under the general proceedings' sections are reduced to three (3) business days in expedited proceedings.”  <b>Art 71 of GR</b> "The arbitrator sets the time and place for the arbitration in agreement with the parties and informs the Centre thereof, who in turn must notify the parties. In the event of a disagreement, the Centre determines the conditions for the hearing. The notice of hearing shall be transmitted at least three (3) business days prior to the holding of the hearing. Exceptionally, a party may request only once that the arbitrator postpone the hearing to a	<b>Art 75 of GR</b> “The arbitral tribunal makes its award in writing, stating the reasons on which it is based and signing it, a copy of which is deposited with the Centre within a delay of sixty (60) days from the time the Centre is seized with the case, and five (5) business days after the arbitral tribunal has decided to end the hearings or after it has received documents in the event of a waiver of hearings.”  <b>Art 34 of GR</b> “(1) On its own initiative, the Tribunal may correct any clerical or typographical errors, any

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					<p>later date by paying consequent costs."</p> <p><b>Art 74 of GR</b>  "The hearing of the dispute must take place within a period of seven (7) hours in one and the same day. If a longer period is needed for the hearing, supplemental expenses shall be charged to the parties in accordance the arbitrator's hourly rate."</p> <p><b>Art 75 of GR</b>  "The arbitral tribunal makes its award in writing, stating the reasons on which it is based and signing it, a copy of which is deposited with the Centre within a delay of sixty (60) days from the time the Centre is seized with the case, and five (5) business days after the arbitral tribunal has decided to end the hearings or after it has received documents in the event of a waiver of hearings."</p>	<p>computational errors or any errors of a similar nature contained in the Award, provided such correction is submitted to the Centre within 30 days of the date of the said Award.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> At the request of a party, the Tribunal may correct an error of the kind referred to in paragraph 1 or provide an interpretation of its Award, provided that such a request is submitted to the Centre within 30 days of the notification of the Award. Before deciding, the Tribunal shall grant the other party an additional 30 days to submit any comments and it shall notify its decision to the Centre without delay.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The Tribunal shall make its decision in writing. The decision to correct or to interpret the Award shall take the form of an addendum</p>

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						<p>which shall be deemed to constitute an integral part of the Award. The provisions of the Rules relating to the Award shall apply, modified as necessary, to this decision.</p> <p><b>Art 35 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The Tribunal may, at the request of a party, make an additional Award as to any claim duly presented during the arbitral proceedings but not dealt with in the Award, provided that such a request is submitted to the Centre within 30 days from the notification of the Award. Before deciding on the request, the Tribunal shall ensure that the parties have had the opportunity to be heard.  <b>(2)</b> The Tribunal shall make its decision in writing. The provisions of the Rules relating to the Award shall apply, modified as necessary,</p>

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						to this decision. If the Tribunal decides to make an additional Award, it shall do so not later than 60 days following the notification of the request."
Centre de Médiation et d'Arbitrage de la Chambre de Commerce et d'Industrie de Paris <a href="http://www.cmap.fr/cmap/rules/?lang=en">http://www.cmap.fr/cmap/rules/?lang=en</a>	No.  Rules for expedited arbitration contained in Art 32 of the GR. (fast track arbitration).	<b>Art 32 of GR</b> “(1) Fast-track arbitration may be implemented at the request of the parties. ....”	[Note: no specific provision for expedited proceedings, see <b>Arts 11 and 12 of GR</b> for general provision.]	[Note: no specific provision for expedited proceedings, see <b>Art 15 of GR</b> for general provision.]	<b>Art 32 of GR</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall organize the fast track arbitration and, in particular, shall prescribe the time limits so as to allow an award to be delivered within three months after CMAP transmits the file to it. If the parties so request, the tribunal may decide the case solely on the basis of the documents submitted. <b>(3)</b> The reduced time limit for delivering the award may be extended under exceptional circumstances by the Arbitration Committee.”	<b>Art 32 of GR</b> ".... <b>(2)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall organize the fast track arbitration and, in particular, shall prescribe the time limits so as to allow an award to be delivered within three months after CMAP transmits the file to it. If the parties so request, the tribunal may decide the case solely on the basis of the documents submitted. <b>(3)</b> The reduced time limit for delivering the award may be extended under exceptional circumstances by the Arbitration Committee.”
Centre for International Investment and	Yes .  CIICA Expedited	<b>Object of ER</b> “...The Expedited procedure has been developed to provide simple, cost-effective and timely resolution of disputes by	<b>Art 7 of ER</b> “CIICA will appoint an Arbitrator from its panel within 10 days of commencement of the arbitration, and the Arbitrator’s	[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the expedited proceedings rules.]	<b>Art 8 of ER</b> “The Arbitrator will issue a timetable for the arbitration within 7 days of being appointed. All procedural matters are at the discretion of the	<b>Art 12 of ER</b> “Within 90 days of the Arbitrator’s appointment, the Arbitrator will issue to

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Commercial Arbitration <a href="https://ciica.org/arbitration/ciica-expedited-arbitration-rules/">https://ciica.org/arbitration/ciica-expedited-arbitration-rules/</a>	Arbitration Rules	<p>a sole arbitrator, for a fixed fee, provided that the total amount of the claim and any counterclaim does not exceed USD 500,000.”</p> <p><b>Art 1 of ER</b> “(1) The arbitration commences on the date the Center for International Investment and Commercial Arbitration (CIICA) receives a request for the appointment of an Arbitrator (the Application) under the Expedited Arbitration Rules. ....”</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b> “If a counterclaim is advanced, with the Respondent’s payment of the fee under paragraph 3, and the value of the Applicant’s claim and the Respondent’s counterclaim together exceeds USD 500,000, CIICA will refer the dispute for determination under the CIICA Arbitration Rules.”</p>	details will then be notified to the parties.”		<p>Arbitrator. Any timetable issued by the Arbitrator should meet the objective of the Expedited Procedure, and meet the 90 day deadline prescribed in paragraph 12 for the issue of an award.”</p> <p><b>Art 12 of ER</b> “Within 90 days of the Arbitrator’s appointment, the Arbitrator will issue to the parties a written reasoned award.....”</p>	the parties a written reasoned award. The award will be signed and dated by the Arbitrator, and will be final and legally binding. The Arbitrator will, simultaneously, send to CIICA a copy of his award, together with an invoice of his charges. Upon receipt of this invoice, CIICA will pay the Arbitrator’s fee.”
Centro de Arbitragem da ACL-CCIP	Yes.	<b>Art 1 of ER</b> “The Fast Track Arbitration Rules are applicable:	<b>Art 2 of ER</b> “....	[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the	<b>Art 5 of ER</b>	<b>Art 17 of ER</b> “(1) The award shall be issued in a time limit of

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<a href="https://www.centrodearbitragem.pt/index.php?option=com_content&amp;view=article&amp;id=191&amp;Itemid=193&amp;lang=en">https://www.centrodearbitragem.pt/index.php?option=com_content&amp;view=article&amp;id=191&amp;Itemid=193&amp;lang=en</a>	<p>Rules of Fast Track Arbitration</p>	<p>(a) When the Parties have agreed in the arbitration agreement or in a subsequent agreement;</p> <p>(b) When one of the Parties has proposed it and, the other party has not opposed it;</p> <p>(c) By decision of the President of the Center.”</p> <p><b>Art 2 of ER</b>  “(1) Having no previous agreement for the application of Fast Track Arbitration Rules, the Claimant may request the application in the Request for Arbitration.  (2) The Respondent shall respond to the invitation in the Answer, considering that no opposition has the meaning of an acceptance of the rules.  (3) The Respondent may also propose the application of the Fast Track Arbitration Rules in the Answer, being the Claimant notified to respond on this matter.  (4) No opposition from the Claimant is considered an acceptance of the proposal for the application of the Fast Track Arbitration Rules.</p>	<p>(5) In any situation of the previous numbers, the party who requests the application of the Fast Track Arbitration Rules shall appoint an arbitrator, whom in the case the Rules are not applicable, shall integrate the tribunal according to the Arbitration Rules.”</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b>  “The arbitral tribunal is constituted by a sole arbitrator.”</p> <p><b>Art 7 of ER</b>  “(1) Ten days after the notification of the Answer, the parties can present the appointed arbitrator who they have agreed on.  (2) Any of the parties may, in the same time limit, request to the President of the Center to appoint the sole arbitrator.”</p>	<p>expedited proceedings rules.]</p> <p><b>Art 4 of ER</b>  "All issues not provided by the Fast Track Arbitration Rules are regulated by the Arbitration Rules."</p>	<p>“The time limit to practice any act that is not provided in the Fast Track Arbitration Rules shall be of 5 days.”</p> <p><b>Art 9 of ER</b>  “(1) Within 5 days, the Secretariat summons the Respondent, issuing an original copy of the Request for Fast Track Arbitration and of the other documents that accompany them.  (2) The Respondent shall, in the time limit of 20 days, present the Answer, which shall not exceed 35 pages ....  (3) If the Respondent requests, the time limit to present the Answer can only be extended:  (a) By the President of the Center in exceptional situations and after hearing the Claimant;  (b) By agreement of both parties.”</p> <p><b>Art 11 of ER</b>  “(1) If the arbitration proceeds and the tribunal understands convenient for its efficiency, the parties are summoned for a preliminary hearing, in the time limit of 20 days after the constitution of the arbitral tribunal.  (2) The arbitral tribunal defines, after hearing the parties:  ....  (f) The applicable rules for the final hearing, including the maximum time available for the production of</p>	<p>30 days starting from the last session of the final hearing.</p>

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		<p>(5) In any situation of the previous numbers, the party who requests the application of the Fast Track Arbitration Rules shall appoint an arbitrator, whom in the case the Rules are not applicable, shall integrate the tribunal according to the Arbitration Rules."</p> <p><b>Art 3 of ER</b>  “(1) The President of the Center shall determine the application of the Fast Track Arbitration Rules in those proceedings which value are same or inferior to 200.000€, except if:</p> <p><b>a)</b> The Parties have excluded its application in the arbitration agreement or in other subsequent agreement;  <b>b)</b> Both Parties have been notified of that intention and oppose it;  <b>c)</b> The circumstances of the situation are not adequate for its application.  <b>(2)</b> The President of the Center can yet determine the application of the Fast Track Arbitration Rules in those proceedings which value are</p>			<p>evidence, that may not exceed 20 hours distributed in equal parts for each party;  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 17 of ER</b>  “(1) The award shall be issued in a time limit of 30 days starting from the last session of the final hearing.  <b>(2)</b> The global time limit for the conclusion of the arbitration is of 6 months, starting from the date of the tribunal constitution.  <b>(3)</b> The President of the Center, in exceptional circumstances and by a grounded request of the arbitral tribunal, and having heard the parties, may extend the time limits provided by the previous numbers.”</p>	

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		<p>superior to 200.000€, when it is adequate and none of the parties oppose it."</p> <p><b>Art 4 of ER</b> "All issues not provided by the Fast Track Arbitration Rules are regulated by the Arbitration Rules."</p>				
Chartered Institute of Arbitrators <a href="https://www.ciarb.org/resources/rules/">https://www.ciarb.org/resources/rules/</a>	Yes.  CIArb Cost-Controlled Expedited Arbitration Rules ("CCEA")	<p><b>Art 1 of ER</b> “(1) The provisions of the CIArb Arbitration Rules shall apply except to the extent that the Cost-controlled Expedited Arbitration Rules (CCEA Rules) provide otherwise. By agreeing to arbitration under the CIArb Arbitration Rules, the parties agree that the CCEA Rules shall apply if the arbitration agreement was concluded after 1 July 2018 and: <b>a)</b> the value of the claim does not exceed the equivalent of £2,000,000.00 calculated on the date of the notice of arbitration, served in accordance with Article 3 of the CIArb Arbitration Rules; or <b>b)</b> the parties have agreed that they will apply the CCEA Rules</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b> “(1) The arbitration under these CCEA Rules shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator. ....”  [See <b>Art 8 of GR</b> for generally-applicable appointment procedure.]</p>	[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the expedited proceedings rules. See CIArb Arbitration Rules for generally-applicable provision ( <b>Art 13</b> )]	<p><b>Art 3 of ER</b> “(1) Within 28 days of the arbitrator’s appointment, the claimant shall send a statement of claim in writing to the respondent and the arbitrator with all documents, witness statements and expert reports relied on in support of it. <b>(2)</b> Within 28 days of the receipt of the statement of claim, the respondent shall send a statement of defence, including a counterclaim or a claim for the purpose of a set-off, in writing to the claimant and the arbitrator The statement of defence, shall respond to the issues raised in the statement of claim, and shall be served with all documents, written witness statements and expert reports relied on in support of it. <b>(3)</b> Within 28 days of the receipt of the respondent’s statement of defence, including counterclaim or a</p>	<p><b>Art 6 of ER</b> “(1) The arbitrator shall make the final award including costs within 180 days from the date on which the arbitrator was appointed. <b>(2)</b> In exceptional circumstances, the arbitrator may extend the period for making the final award including costs by a further 30 days. Should additional time be required thereafter the President of the CIArb may grant a further extension of time, upon a written and reasoned request addressed to the President from the arbitrator or if otherwise deemed necessary. Any</p>

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		<p>regardless of the amount in dispute.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> In the event that the total value of the sums in dispute, being the Value of the Claim and the value of any counterclaim or a claim for the purpose of a set-off ('the total amount in dispute'), exceed the equivalent of £2,000,000.00 calculated on the date of the notice of arbitration, served in accordance with Article 3 of the CIArb Arbitration Rules, the arbitrator shall determine whether it is appropriate for the arbitration to proceed under either the CCEA Rules or the CIArb Arbitration Rules excluding Appendix III. Factors to consider when making such a determination include, but are not limited to, considerations as to whether in the interest of the fair and efficient resolution of the dispute it is more appropriate for it to be governed by the CCEA Rules or the CIArb Arbitration Rules, bearing in mind, in particular, the need to treat the parties fairly and to give each party a reasonable opportunity to present its case.</p>			<p>claim for the purpose of a set-off, the claimant shall send a statement of reply in writing to the respondent and the arbitrator. The statement of reply shall be served with all documents, written witness statements and expert reports relied on in support of it.”</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b></p> <p><b>“(1)</b> The arbitrator shall make the final award including costs within 180 days from the date on which the arbitrator was appointed.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> In exceptional circumstances, the arbitrator may extend the period for making the final award including costs by a further 30 days. Should additional time be required thereafter the President of the CIArb may grant a further extension of time, upon a written and reasoned request addressed to the President from the arbitrator or if otherwise deemed necessary. Any written request for such an extension shall be submitted to the President no later than 14 days prior to the expiration of the time limits prescribed by Articles 6.1 and 6.2. Having regard to the expedited nature of the proceeding the President may only grant a time extension pursuant to this clause in</p>	<p>written request for such an extension shall be submitted to the President no later than 14 days prior to the expiration of the time limits prescribed by Articles 6.1 and 6.2. Having regard to the expedited nature of the proceeding the President may only grant a time extension pursuant to this clause in exceptional circumstances and for no more than two months or for an alternative period of time as the President shall, after consultation with the arbitrator and the parties, deem appropriate.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> In any event, if there is a challenge to the arbitrator, the period for making the final award in article 6.1 shall be extended by the period of any suspension of the proceedings due to the challenge.”</p>

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		<p><b>(3)</b> The CCEA Rules shall not apply if the parties have expressly agreed to opt out of the CCEA Rules.”</p>			<p>exceptional circumstances and for no more than two months or for an alternative period of time as the President shall, after consultation with the arbitrator and the parties, deem appropriate.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> In any event, if there is a challenge to the arbitrator, the period for making the final award in article 6.1 shall be extended by the period of any suspension of the proceedings due to the challenge.”</p>	<p>[Note: see Section IV of the CIArb Arbitration Rules for other applicable rules regarding the award.]</p>
<p>Chinese Arbitration Association International Arbitration Centre</p> <p><a href="http://www.ccai-arbitration.org/Rules.aspx">http://www.ccai-arbitration.org/Rules.aspx</a></p>	<p>No.</p> <p>Rules for expedited arbitration are contained in Art 41 of the GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 41 of GR</b></p> <p>“(1) Before the Tribunal’s constitution, a party may apply to CAAI in writing to conduct the arbitration in accordance with the Expedited Procedure in Article 41.4 if:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the amount in dispute is less than USD 250,000.00;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> the parties so agree; or</p> <p><b>(c)</b> in cases of exceptional urgency.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Unless the parties agree otherwise, the Expedited Procedure shall not apply to any arbitration consolidated under Article 28 or commenced under multiple contracts under Article 9.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> CAAI shall consider the views of all parties in deciding</p>	<p><b>Art 41 of GR</b></p> <p>“...(4) The arbitration shall be conducted by Expedited Procedure, which is based upon the Rules but subject to the following changes:</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(b)</b> The case shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, unless the arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators;</p> <p><b>(c)</b> If the arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators, CAAI shall invite the parties to agree to refer the case to a sole arbitrator. If the parties do not agree, the case shall be referred to three arbitrators.</p> <p>....”</p>	<p>[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the expedited proceedings rules. See Art 16 of GR]</p> <p><b>Art 41 of GR</b></p> <p>“...(4) The arbitration shall be conducted by Expedited Procedure, which is based upon the Rules but subject to the following changes: ....”</p>	<p><b>Art 41 of ER</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(4)(a)</b> CAAI may shorten any time limits under the Rules; ....”</p> <p><b>Art 41 of GR</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(4)(e)</b> The Tribunal shall make its final award within six weeks from the date of its closure of proceedings. CAAI may extend this time limit only once in exceptional circumstances; ....”</p>	<p><b>Art 41 of GR</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(4)(e)</b> The Tribunal shall make its final award within six weeks from the date of its closure of proceedings. CAAI may extend this time limit only once in exceptional circumstances; and</p> <p><b>(f)</b> The Tribunal shall state the reasons upon which the award is based in summary form, unless the parties agree otherwise.</p> <p>....”</p>

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		whether to grant such an application. ....”	[Note: see Arts 11 - 13 of GR for general appointment procedure for one or three arbitrators.]			
CIETAC <a href="http://www.cietac.org/index.php?m=Page&amp;a=index&amp;id=42&amp;l=en">http://www.cietac.org/index.php?m=Page&amp;a=index&amp;id=42&amp;l=en</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Chapter IV (Arts 56 - 64) of the GR: Summary Procedure.	<p><b>Art 56 of GR</b>  “(1) The Summary Procedure shall apply to any case where the amount in dispute does not exceed RMB 5,000,000 unless otherwise agreed by the parties; or where the amount in dispute exceeds RMB 5,000,000, yet one party applies for arbitration under the Summary Procedure and the other party agrees in writing; or where both parties have agreed to apply the Summary Procedure.  <b>(2)</b> Where there is no monetary claim or the amount in dispute is not clear, CIETAC shall determine whether or not to apply the Summary Procedure after full consideration of relevant factors, including but not limited to the complexity of the case and the interests involved.”</p> <p><b>Art 64 of GR</b>  "The relevant provisions in the other Chapters of these Rules</p>	<p><b>Art 58 of GR</b>  “Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, a sole-arbitrator tribunal shall be formed in accordance with Article 28 of these Rules to hear a case under the Summary Procedure.”</p>	[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the expedited proceedings rules. See <b>Art 32 of GR</b> ]	<p><b>Art 59 of GR</b>  “(1) The Respondent shall submit its Statement of Defense, evidence and other supporting documents within twenty (20) days of its receipt of the Notice of Arbitration. Counterclaim, if any, shall also be filed with evidence and supporting documents within such time period.  <b>(2)</b> The Claimant shall file its Statement of Defense to the Respondent’s counterclaim within twenty (20) days of its receipt of the counterclaim and its attachments.  <b>(3)</b> If a party has justified reasons to request an extension of the time period, the arbitral tribunal shall decide whether to grant such extension. Where the arbitral tribunal has not yet been formed, such decision shall be made by the Arbitration Court.”</p> <p><b>Art 61 of GR</b>  <b>(1)</b> For a case examined by way of an oral hearing, after the arbitral tribunal has fixed a date for the first oral hearing, the parties shall be notified of the date at least fifteen (15) days in advance of the oral</p>	<p><b>Art 49 of GR</b>  “(3) The arbitral tribunal shall state in the award the claims, the facts of the dispute, the reasons on which the award is based, the result of the award, the allocation of the arbitration costs, and the date on which and the place at which the award is made.”</p> <p><b>Art 62 of GR</b>  “(1) The arbitral tribunal shall render an arbitral award within three (3) months from the date on which the arbitral tribunal is formed.  <b>(2)</b> Upon the request of the arbitral tribunal, the President of the Arbitration Court may extend the time period if he/she considers it truly necessary and the reasons for the extension truly justified.</p>

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		shall apply to matters not covered in this Chapter."			<p>hearing. A party having justified reasons may request a postponement of the oral hearing. However, the party shall communicate such request in writing to the arbitral tribunal within three (3) days of its receipt of the notice of the oral hearing. The arbitral tribunal shall decide whether or not to postpone the oral hearing. ...."</p> <p><b>Art 62 of GR</b>  “(1) The arbitral tribunal shall render an arbitral award within three (3) months from the date on which the arbitral tribunal is formed.  (2) Upon the request of the arbitral tribunal, the President of the Arbitration Court may extend the time period if he/she considers it truly necessary and the reasons for the extension truly justified.  (3) Any suspension period shall be excluded when calculating the time period in the preceding Paragraph 1.”</p>	(3) Any suspension period shall be excluded when calculating the time period in the preceding Paragraph 1."
Construction Industry Arbitration Council	No. Rules for expedited proceedings (fast track	<b>Rule 37.3 of GR</b> “The Parties may opt for Fast Track Arbitration and request the Arbitral Tribunal, with an agreement in form “B” before	[Note: No procedure for appointment contained in the Fast Track Arbitration rules. See Rule 16 of GR]	[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the Fast Track Arbitration rules. See Rule 20 of GR]	<b>Rule 37.3 of GR</b> “The Parties may opt for Fast Track Arbitration and request the Arbitral Tribunal, ... to decide the reference in a fixed time frame of 3 to 6 months or any	[Note: No specific provisions regarding the award contained in the Fast Track Arbitration rules. See Rule 44 of GR]

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<a href="http://www.ci.ac.in/rules.html">http://www.ci.ac.in/rules.html</a>	arbitration) are contained in Rule 37.3 of the GR.	the commencement of the arbitration proceedings to decide the reference in a fixed time frame of 3 to 6 months or any other time agreed between the Parties, according to the Fast Track Arbitration procedure ...."			other time agreed between the Parties, according to the Fast Track Arbitration procedure ...."	
Corte Española de Arbitraje – Consejo Superior de Cámaras de Comercio <a href="http://corteespanolaarbitraje.es/?page_id=4719&amp;lang=en">http://corteespanolaarbitraje.es/?page_id=4719&amp;lang=en</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Arts 35 (Summary Procedure) and 36 (Fast-tracked Procedure) of GR.	<b>Art 35 of GR (Summary Procedure)</b> "The summary procedure shall apply to all processes in which the total cost of the procedure (including the counterclaim) is less than 300,000 euros, as provided circumstances exist in which, in the opinion of the Court expressed in the corresponding decision make it advisable to use the ordinary procedure. This shall also apply to all other processes by agreement of the parties whether in the arbitration clause itself or subsequently. After the appointment of the Arbitral Tribunal, the Court may invite the parties to adopt the summary procedure in matters the simplicity of which renders it advisable. ...."  <b>Art 36 of GR</b>	<b>Art 35 of GR (Summary Procedure)</b> ".... <b>(c)</b> The arbitration procedure must be processed with a single arbitrator, unless the arbitration agreement stipulates the election of an Arbitral Tribunal. When the parties have agreed on the appointment of three arbitrators before the arbitration begins, the Court shall invite the parties to agree on the appointment of a single arbitrator."  <b>Art 36 of GR (Fast-tracked Procedure)</b> ".... Only the names of two candidates proposed for arbitrator may be rejected by each party. Once an arbitrator has been named, the case file shall be handed over to them.	[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the Summary Procedure and Fast-track Procedure rules. See Art 13 of GR]	<b>Art 35 of GR (Summary Procedure)</b> ".... <b>(b)</b> The arbitrators shall issue the award within the three months following the presentation of the reply to the claim or the reply to the counterclaim. Said period of time may not be extended. ...."  <b>Art 36 of GR (Fast-tracked Procedure)</b> ".... Once an arbitrator has been named, the case file shall be handed over to them. The parties and the arbitrator shall then be summonsed to a hearing being provided with a minimum of 20 days notice in such a way that within the six days following said notification, the party seeking the arbitration presents their allegations and documents and, requesting the examination of other evidence, about which they must	<b>Art 35 of GR (Summary Procedure)</b> " <b>(b)</b> The arbitrators shall issue the award within the three months following the presentation of the reply to the claim or the reply to the counterclaim. Said period of time may not be extended."  <b>Art 36 of GR (Fast-tracked Procedure)</b> ".... Once an arbitrator has been named, the case file shall be handed over to them. The parties and the arbitrator shall then be summonsed to a hearing being provided with a minimum of 20 days notice in such a way that within the six

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		<p><b>(Fast-tracked Procedure)</b>            "The fast-tracked procedure shall apply to all processes which, due to their minimal cost or in view of the circumstances of time or simplicity, the Court decides upon (and in particular for all arbitrations related to leases), providing that there are no concurring circumstances that, in the opinion of the Court, expressed in the corresponding decision, make it advisable to use the other procedure. ...."</p>	<p>The parties and the arbitrator shall then be summonsed to a hearing being provided with a minimum of 20 days notice in such a way that within the six days following said notification, the party seeking the arbitration presents their allegations and documents and, requesting the examination of other evidence, about which they must inform the appellant so that it may respond within the same time frame. During the hearing, which may be extended at the discretion of the arbitrator, those wishing to assess the parties shall examine the evidence and the conclusions shall be drawn, with the proceedings now being ready for the award to be issued within the non-extendible term of the ten days that follow."</p>		<p>inform the appellant so that it may respond within the same time frame. During the hearing, which may be extended at the discretion of the arbitrator, those wishing to assess the parties shall examine the evidence and the conclusions shall be drawn, with the proceedings now being ready for the award to be issued within the non-extendible term of the ten days that follow."</p>	<p>days following said notification, the party seeking the arbitration presents their allegations and documents and, requesting the examination of other evidence, about which they must inform the appellant so that it may respond within the same time frame. During the hearing, which may be extended at the discretion of the arbitrator, those wishing to assess the parties shall examine the evidence and the conclusions shall be drawn, with the proceedings now being ready for the award to be issued within the non-extendible term of the ten days that follow."</p>
<p>Court of Arbitration attached to the Hungarian Chamber of</p>	<p>No. Sub-Rules of Expedited Proceedings are found in</p>	<p><b>Art 52 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The provisions of the present Sub-Rules of Expedited Proceedings shall apply if the parties have expressly agreed</p>	<p><b>Art 52 of GR</b>            "....  <b>(4)</b> In expedited proceedings a sole arbitrator shall proceed, unless the parties have agreed otherwise. If the parties have</p>	<p>[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the Sub-Rules of Expedited Proceedings. See <b>Art 28 of GR</b>]</p>	<p><b>Art 52 of GR</b>            "....  <b>(3)</b> The time limit set for the claimant to remedy defects shall not exceed fifteen days from receipt of the request to do so. The respondent</p>	<p><b>Art 52 of GR</b>  <b>"(11)</b> The sole arbitrator shall present the award to the Arbitration Court within fifteen days from</p>

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Commerce and Industry <a href="https://mkik.hu/en/rules-of-proceedings-2018">https://mkik.hu/en/rules-of-proceedings-2018</a>	Chapter V Annex 1 (Section 52) of the GR.	so in their arbitration agreement. <b>(2)</b> If the Sub-Rules are applied, the provisions of the Rules shall apply subject to the deviations in the present section. ...."	agreed that instead of a sole arbitrator an arbitral tribunal shall proceed, the arbitral tribunal shall be constituted in accordance with Section 21 of the Rules. The provisions of the present Sub-Rules concerning a sole arbitrator shall apply also to proceedings conducted by an arbitral tribunal. <b>(5)</b> If the parties fail to appoint the sole arbitrator by common consent within the time limit set for the filing of the Statement of Defence, the Arbitration Court shall appoint the sole arbitrator within additional eight days. ...."		shall submit its Statement of Defence within fifteen days from receipt of the Statement of Claim from the Arbitration Court. This time limit may be extended upon a request by the respondent by eight days at most. .... <b>(5)</b> If the parties fail to appoint the sole arbitrator by common consent within the time limit set for the filing of the Statement of Defence, the Arbitration Court shall appoint the sole arbitrator within additional eight days. <b>(7)</b> The sole arbitrator shall render a decision without holding an oral hearing, based on the parties' submissions. After filing the Statement of Claim and the Statement of Defence the parties may be allowed to submit one further submission each within a time limit of a maximum of fifteen days. <b>(8)</b> An oral hearing shall be held if either party files a written request to hold a hearing within the deadline granted for filing the Statement of Defence or if the sole arbitrator considers this reasonable. <b>(9)</b> When a hearing is held, the notice summoning the parties to appear shall be delivered so that	the closing of proceedings."

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>each party shall have at least eight days to prepare for the hearing.</p> <p><b>(10)</b> The sole arbitrator shall, if possible, close the expedited proceedings within three months from receipt of the nomination or appointment.</p> <p><b>(11)</b> The sole arbitrator shall present the award to the Arbitration Court within fifteen days from the closing of proceedings.”</p>	
<p>Court of Arbitration at the Polish Chamber of Commerce</p> <p><a href="https://sakig.pl/en/regulation-and-tariff/arbitration/rules">https://sakig.pl/en/regulation-and-tariff/arbitration/rules</a></p>	<p>No.</p> <p>Rules for Fast-track Procedure are contained in Art 53 of the GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 53 of GR</b></p> <p>“(1) Where the amount in dispute does not exceed PLN 80,000.00, beginning from the 1st of June 2018, a fast-track procedure shall apply to dispute resolution unless, following § 4.3, the parties have agreed otherwise or unless they have not given consent to it. The Court General Director shall notify the parties of the fast-track procedure criterion having been satisfied.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Following § 4.2, the parties may agree that the dispute shall be resolved within the fast-track procedure also where the amount in dispute exceeds PLN 80,000.00. The parties may include their agreement regarding the choice</p>	<p><b>Art 53 of GR</b></p> <p>“....</p> <p><b>(6)</b> The provisions of the Arbitration Rules shall apply within the fast-track procedure with the changes as below:</p> <p>(1) The cases are subject to resolution by a sole arbitrator, unless the parties have agreed that the dispute be recognized by an Arbitral Tribunal composed of three arbitrators. The provision of § 18.2.2 shall apply as of the 1st of June 2018, where the parties have not granted consent to follow the fast-track procedure. In the circumstances referred to in § 3.2, where the amount in dispute does not exceed PLN 80,000.00, with no reservation to the opposite,</p>	<p>[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the Rules for Fast-track Procedure, save time limit change. See Art 22 of GR.]</p> <p><b>Art 53 of GR</b></p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(6)</b> The provisions of the Arbitration Rules shall apply within the fast-track procedure with the changes as below:</p> <p>....</p> <p>(7) The time limits indicated in § 19.1 - § 19.4, § 22.3 and § 22.5, § 26.1- § 26.2 and § 26.5 shall</p>	<p><b>Art 53 of GR</b></p> <p>“(6) The provisions of the Arbitration Rules shall apply within the fast-track procedure with the changes as below:</p> <p>....</p> <p>(7) The time limits indicated in § 19.1 - § 19.4, § 22.3 and § 22.5, § 26.1- § 26.2 and § 26.5 shall be shortened to 7 days.</p> <p>(8) The time limits indicated in § 27.1 and § 28.3 shall be shortened to 14 days.</p> <p>....</p> <p>(11) The award should be issued within 6 months following the date of approval or signing of the record of the organizational session by the recording clerk, the sole arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal and the parties, in accordance with subparagraph 6.5. The Court General Director may, ex officio or upon request of the sole</p>	<p><b>Art 53 of GR</b></p> <p>“(6) The provisions of the Arbitration Rules shall apply within the fast-track procedure with the changes as below:</p> <p>....</p> <p>(11) The award should be issued within 6 months following the date of approval or signing of the record of the organizational session by the recording clerk, the sole arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal and the parties, in accordance with subparagraph 6.5. The Court General Director may, ex officio or upon request of the sole</p>

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		<p>of the fast-track procedure in the arbitration agreement or may execute it at a later date, including after the occurrence of the dispute, no later however than while submitting the statement of defence or request for arbitration.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The counterclaim or setoff claim may be raised within the fast-track procedure no later than while submitting the statement of defence. The provisions of § 29.2 and § 29.4 sentence 2 shall not apply. Where, following raising the counterclaim or setoff claim, the amount in dispute exceeds PLN 80,000.00, the fast-track procedure may be continued exclusively provided that the Court General Director notifies the parties about an increase in the amount in dispute and that in reply they express their consent to having the fast-track procedure continued. In the event there is no such consent of the parties, the dispute proceedings shall be continued following the general procedure, with the sole</p>	<p>it is acknowledged that it is the sole arbitrator that shall be competent to recognize the dispute in fast-track proceedings conducted on the basis of the Arbitration Rules and administered by the Court of Arbitration.</p> <p>(2) If, in accordance with § 25.2 or § 28.7, the statement of claim or the request for arbitration indicates the arbitrator appointed by the claimant, and the case is subject to resolution within the fast-track procedure by the sole arbitrator, such indication of the arbitrator shall be understood as proposing the candidate for the sole arbitrator, with such candidature needing the opinion of the respondent.</p> <p>(3) If a default appointment is necessary to be carried out in accordance with § 20, the arbitrator should be appointed within 7 days following the lapse of the period specified for appointment of the arbitrator, in accordance with § 19. In the event of absence of appointment of the arbitrator within that period by the</p>	<p>be shortened to 7 days. ...."</p>	<p>arbitrator or the presiding arbitrator, extend the time limit for issuance of the award where this is necessary on account of the complexity of the issues in the dispute that have come out during the fast-track procedure, or due to other important considerations. ...."</p>	<p>arbitrator or the presiding arbitrator, extend the time limit for issuance of the award where this is necessary on account of the complexity of the issues in the dispute that have come out during the fast-track procedure, or due to other important considerations. ...."</p>

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		<p>arbitrator performing the function of the presiding arbitrator in the Arbitral Tribunal. Where the Arbitral Tribunal was composed of three arbitrators, it shall continue its operation in the same panel.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> In the event the amount in dispute exceeds PLN 80,000.00 as a result of extension of claim, the fast-track procedure may be continued exclusively provided that the sole arbitrator or the Court General Director notifies the parties of the increase in the amount in dispute, and that in reply the parties express their consent to sustain the fast-track procedure. Should the parties not express such consent, the dispute shall be continued following the general rules, with the sole arbitrator performing the function of the presiding arbitrator in the Arbitral Tribunal. If the Arbitral Tribunal was composed of three arbitrators, it shall continue its operation in the same panel.</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(6)</b> The provisions of the Arbitration Rules shall apply</p>	<p>Arbitration Council, the default appointment shall be made promptly by the President of the Court of Arbitration from among the persons entered in the List of Arbitrators”.</p>			

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		<p>within the fast-track procedure with the changes as below ....</p> <p><b>(7)</b> If justified by the complexity of the issues in the dispute, that have come out during the fast-track procedure, or other important considerations, the party may request the sole arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal to undertake applying the general rules. In response to the party's request, the sole arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal, after hearing the other party, may make the decision to change the fast-track procedure to the procedure based on the general rules. In such circumstances, subparagraphs 3 to 5 shall apply accordingly. Prior to the decision to change the fast-track procedure to the procedure based on the general rules, the sole arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal may request the opinion of the President of the Court of Arbitration.</p> <p><b>(8)</b> Where justified by the complexity of the issues in the dispute, that have come out during the fast-track procedure, or other important considerations, the sole</p>				

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		<p>arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal, after hearing the parties, may make the decision to change the fast-track procedure to the procedure based on the general rules. In such circumstances, subparagraphs 3 to 5 shall apply accordingly. Prior to the decision to change the fast-track procedure to the procedure based on the general rules, the sole arbitrator or the Arbitral Tribunal may seek the opinion of the President of the Court of Arbitration."</p>				
<p>Court of International Commercial Arbitration Romania  <a href="http://arbitration.ccir.ro/arbitration-rules/">http://arbitration.ccir.ro/arbitration-rules/</a></p>	<p>Yes (Special Rules for Expedited Arbitration attached as Annex V to the GR)</p>	<p><b>Art 1 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> These special rules for expedited arbitration (the "Special Rules") shall apply where the amount of the dispute is lower than 50,000 lei or if the parties agree so.  <b>(2)</b> For the purpose of determining the value of the claim as per para.(1) the interest, arbitration costs and other ancillary income shall not be taken into consideration.  <b>(3)</b> After receipt of the answer as provided in Article 14 of the Rules or after the expiry of the period provided by the Rules</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> In the cases indicated in Article (1), unless otherwise expressly agreed by the parties, the arbitral tribunal shall consist of a sole arbitrator.  <b>(2)</b> The parties shall nominate the arbitrator within a time limit to be communicated by the Secretariat. In the absence of such nomination, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the President of the Court within the shortest possible time."</p>	<p>[Note: No procedure for challenge contained in the Special Rules for Expedited Arbitration. See Art 23 of GR.]</p>	<p><b>Art 3 of ER</b>  <b>"...</b>  <b>(2)</b> The case management conference referred to by Article 31 of the Arbitration Rules of the Court of Arbitration shall take place no later than 15 days from the constitution of the arbitral tribunal. The President of the Court may extend this period at the substantiated request of the arbitral tribunal or by its own motion, if it decides it is necessary to do so.  <b>(3)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall have the discretion to adopt the procedure that it considers appropriate..."</p>	<p><b>Art 4 of ER</b>  <b>"The award shall be issued within no later than 3 months from the first hearing date. The President of the Court may extend this period upon a reasoned request by the arbitral tribunal or by its own motion, where it considers it necessary."</b></p>

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		<p>for submitting the answer, the Secretariat shall inform the parties that the arbitration shall be conducted on the basis of these Special Rules.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The Board of the Court may at any time during the arbitration, by its own motion or upon a request of a party, and after consultation with the arbitral tribunal and the parties, decide that the Special Rules shall no longer apply to the case. The arbitral tribunal shall remain in place, unless otherwise decided by the Board of the Court.”</p> <p><b>Art 5 of ER</b> "These Special Rules are supplemented by the provisions of the Arbitration Rules of the Court of Arbitration."</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b> "Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, these Special Rules shall apply to disputes contemplated by arbitration agreements concluded after their entry into force."</p>			<p><b>Art 4 of ER</b> “The award shall be issued within no later than 3 months from the first hearing date. The President of the Court may extend this period upon a reasoned request by the arbitral tribunal or by its own motion, where it considers it necessary.”</p>	
Danish Institute of Arbitration	Yes (Rules of Simplified	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b> “(1) Where the parties have agreed to submit to arbitration</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b> "....</p>	<p><b>Art 11 of ER</b> “(1) A party may challenge an</p>	<p><b>Art 7 of ER</b> “(1) Within a deadline fixed by the Secretariat of at least 10 calendar</p>	<p><b>Art 19 of ER</b> “(1) As soon as possible, and, if possible, not later</p>

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<a href="https://voldgiftsinstituttet.dk/en/arbitration/simplified-arbitration/">https://voldgiftsinstituttet.dk/en/arbitration/simplified-arbitration/</a>	Arbitration 2013)	under the Rules, they shall be deemed to have submitted ipso facto to the Rules in effect on the date of commencement of the arbitration, unless they have agreed otherwise. The provisions in Appendix 3 regarding interim measures prior to the appointment of the arbitrator are only applicable if the parties' arbitration agreement is entered into after 1 May 2013, or if the parties have explicitly agreed that the provisions in Appendix 3 shall be applicable."	<p><b>(2)</b> The case shall be decided by an arbitrator who is appointed by the Chairman's Committee for each individual dispute."</p> <p><b>Art 9 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall consist of a sole arbitrator."</p> <p><b>Art 10 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The arbitrator is appointed by the Chairman's Committee.  <b>(2)</b> Where not all parties to the dispute have the same nationality, the arbitrator shall be of a nationality and be domiciled in a country other than those of the parties, unless the parties agree otherwise, or, if a party does not object, the Chairman's Committee decides otherwise.  ...."</p>	arbitrator only if it finds that circumstances exist, which give rise to justifiable doubts as to the impartiality or independence of the arbitrator, or if the party finds that the arbitrator does not possess the qualifications agreed on between the parties. A challenge shall be submitted in writing to the Secretariat within 15 calendar days of the party having become aware of the appointment of the arbitrator and the circumstances on which the challenge is based. <b>(2)</b> The Secretariat shall notify the parties and the arbitrator of its receipt of the challenge fixing a deadline for any comments. <b>(3)</b> Unless the challenged	days the Respondent shall submit a Statement of Defence..."  <b>Art 8 of ER</b> <b>"(1)</b> The Claimant shall produce a reply to any counterclaim(s) within 10 calendar days..."  <b>Art 19 of ER</b> <b>"(1)</b> As soon as possible, and, if possible, not later than 30 calendar days from the referral of the case to the arbitrator, cf. Article 13, the draft version of the arbitral award must be submitted to the Secretariat for the purpose of the scrutiny mentioned in Article 23...."	than 30 calendar days from the referral of the case to the arbitrator, cf. Article 13, the draft version of the arbitral award must be submitted to the Secretariat for the purpose of the scrutiny mentioned in Article 23. If the draft award has not been submitted by the expiry of the deadline, the arbitrator shall notify the parties and the Secretariat of the time when the draft award may be expected. <b>(2)</b> The award shall state its date and the place of arbitration. Unless otherwise agreed between the parties, the award shall contain a presentation of the facts of the case, including the claims made by the parties and, to the extent necessary, a rendition of any written statements made by parties and witnesses and the legal arguments of the parties. The award

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				<p>arbitrator resigns or the parties agree that the arbitrator shall not be appointed or that his or her appointment shall be revoked, the Chairman's Committee shall decide on the challenge.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> Even in the absence of a challenge, cf. (1), the Chairman's Committee may decide not to appoint an arbitrator or to revoke his or her appointment if it finds that there are justifiable doubts as to the impartiality or independence of the arbitrator, or if it finds that the arbitrator does not possess the qualifications agreed on between the parties."</p>		<p>shall also contain a detailed statement of the reasons upon which it is based.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The award shall be in writing and shall be signed by the arbitrator."</p>
Georgian International	Yes (Fast Track)	<b>Art 34 of GR</b> <b>(1)</b> Where the amount in dispute does not exceed the	<b>Art 4 of ER</b> <b>"(1)</b> In arbitration conducted under these Fast Track	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure	<b>Art 3 of ER</b> "Within 10 (ten) days from the receipt of the Statement	<b>Art 6 of ER</b>

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Arbitration Centre <a href="http://giac.ge/rules-and-legal-acts/arbitration-rules/">http://giac.ge/rules-and-legal-acts/arbitration-rules/</a>	Arbitration Procedures)  Attached to main rules as Annex IV	<p>limit determined in Article 1 (1) of Fast Track Arbitration Procedures (Annex IV, hereinafter- Fast Track Arbitration Procedures) such dispute shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions set forth in Fast Track Arbitration Procedures.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The Fast track Arbitration Procedures shall not be applicable if parties explicitly excluded their applicability by the arbitration agreement. If the arbitration agreement was concluded before the date on which the Fast Track Arbitration Procedure entered into force the Fast Track Arbitration Procedures shall not apply, unless parties agree otherwise.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> By agreeing upon the application of the Rules, the Parties agree that in case of controversy, the provisions of this Article and Fast Track Arbitration Procedures shall prevail over the arbitration agreement."</p> <p><b>Art 1 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> These Fast Track Arbitration Procedures shall</p>	<p>Arbitration Procedures, the Arbitral Tribunal shall be composed of a sole arbitrator, notwithstanding the provision of arbitration agreement on contrary.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The parties may, by their agreement nominate a sole arbitrator for confirmation by the Arbitration Council. If parties fail to nominate the sole arbitrator within 10 (ten) days from the date when the Statement of Claim has been received by the Respondent, or within such additional time as may be allowed by the Secretariat, the sole arbitrator shall be appointed by the Arbitration Council within the shortest time possible."</p>	<p>provisions, see <b>Art 17 of GR]</b></p>	<p>of Claim from the Secretariat, the Respondent shall submit the Statement of Defense..."</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b>  "The Arbitral Tribunal shall render its final award within 3 (three) months from the date of transferring of the case files to the Arbitral Tribunal. In a very exceptional circumstances the Arbitration Council may extend the time limit on the basis of a reasoned request from the Arbitral Tribunal."</p>	<p>"The Arbitral Tribunal shall render its final award within 3 (three) months from the date of transferring of the case files to the Arbitral Tribunal. In a very exceptional circumstances the Arbitration Council may extend the time limit on the basis of a reasoned request from the Arbitral Tribunal."</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>apply to all disputes where amount in dispute does not exceed 100 000 (one hundred thousand) USD on the day the statement of claim has been filed.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> At any time during the arbitral proceedings, upon the request of both parties, the Arbitration Council, before composition of Arbitral Tribunal, or Arbitral Tribunal, after it is constituted, shall continue the conduct of the arbitral proceeding according to the Rules.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> If the article 34 of the Rules or these Fast Track Arbitration Procedures does not provide otherwise, Rules shall apply to the arbitral proceedings of Fast Track Arbitration Procedures. ”</p> <p><b>Art 7 of ER</b>            "If any matter related to the Fast Track Arbitration Procedures is not expressly stipulated by this Annex, the Arbitration Council and the Arbitral Tribunal shall act in the spirit of the Rules and Fast Track Arbitration Procedures in determining such matter."</p>				

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<p>German Institute of Arbitrators (DIS)  <a href="http://www.disarb.org/en/16/rules/-id38">http://www.disarb.org/en/16/rules/-id38</a></p>	Yes (Annex 4 in GR)	<p><b>Art 1.4 of GR</b>  “The Rules shall be applied, <i>mutatis mutandis</i>, with respect to Annex 4 (Expedited Proceedings) or Annex 5 (Supplementary Rules for Corporate Disputes) when the parties have agreed to apply such Annexes.”</p>	[No appointment provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see <b>Arts 10 - 13 of GR</b> ]	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see <b>Arts 15 - 16 of GR</b> ]	<p><b>Art 1 of ER</b>  “The final award shall be made at the latest six months after conclusion of the case management conference held pursuant to Article 27.2.”</p> <p><b>Art 2 of ER</b>  “When establishing the procedure for the arbitration, and in particular when setting time limits, the arbitral tribunal shall at all times take into account the parties’ specific interest in accelerating the proceedings.”</p> <p><b>Art 5 of GR</b>  “If the final award cannot be made within the time limit set in Article 1 of this Annex, the arbitral tribunal shall inform the parties and the DIS in writing of the reasons therefor. If such time limit is exceeded, the arbitral tribunal shall not for that reason cease to have jurisdiction, and the final award shall be made as soon as possible.”</p>	<p><b>Art 1 of ER</b>  “The final award shall be made at the latest six months after conclusion of the case management conference held pursuant to Article 27.2.”</p> <p><b>Art 1.4 of GR</b>  “The Rules shall be applied, <i>mutatis mutandis</i>, with respect to Annex 4 (Expedited Proceedings) or Annex 5 (Supplementary Rules for Corporate Disputes) when the parties have agreed to apply such Annexes.”</p>
<p>Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC)  <a href="http://www.hkiac.org/arbitr">http://www.hkiac.org/arbitr</a></p>	No. Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in	<p><b>Art 42 of GR</b>  “(1) Prior to the constitution of the arbitral tribunal, a party may apply to HKIAC for the arbitration to be conducted in accordance with Article 42.2 where:</p>	<p><b>Art 42 of GR</b>  “....  “(2) When HKIAC, after considering the views of the parties, grants an application made pursuant to Article 42.1, the arbitral proceedings shall be</p>	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see <b>Arts 11 - 12 of GR</b> ]	<p><b>Art 42 of GR</b>  “(2) When HKIAC, after considering the views of the parties, grants an application made pursuant to Article 42.1, the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with an Expedited Procedure based upon the</p>	<p><b>Art 42 of GR</b>  “(2) When HKIAC, after considering the views of the parties, grants an application made pursuant to Article 42.1, the arbitral proceedings</p>

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<a href="#">ation/rules-practice-notes/hkiac-administered-2018</a>	Section VI, Art 42, of the GR.	<p>(a) the amount in dispute representing the aggregate of any claim and counterclaim (or any set-off defence or cross-claim) does not exceed the amount set by HKIAC, as stated on HKIAC’s website on the date the Notice of Arbitration is submitted; or</p> <p>(b) the parties so agree; or</p> <p>(c) in cases of exceptional urgency.</p> <p>(2) When HKIAC, after considering the views of the parties, grants an application made pursuant to Article 42.1, the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with an Expedited Procedure based upon the foregoing provisions of these Rules, subject to the following changes:</p> <p>....</p> <p>(3) Upon the request of any party and after consulting with the parties and any confirmed or appointed arbitrators, HKIAC may, having regard to any new circumstances that have arisen, decide that the Expedited Procedure under Article 42 shall no longer apply to the case. Unless HKIAC considers that it is appropriate to revoke the</p>	<p>conducted in accordance with an Expedited Procedure based upon the foregoing provisions of these Rules, subject to the following changes:</p> <p>(a) the case shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, unless the arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators;</p> <p>(b) if the arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators, HKIAC shall invite the parties to agree to refer the case to a sole arbitrator. If the parties do not agree, the case shall be referred to three arbitrators;</p> <p>....”</p> <p>[See Arts 7 - 9 of GR for generally-applicable appointment procedure.]</p>		<p>foregoing provisions of these Rules, subject to the following changes:</p> <p>....</p> <p>(c) HKIAC may shorten the time limits provided for in the Rules, as well as any time limits that it has set;</p> <p>....</p> <p>(f) subject to any lien, the award shall be communicated to the parties within six months from the date when HKIAC transmitted the case file to the arbitral tribunal. In exceptional circumstances, HKIAC may extend this time limit;</p> <p>....”</p>	<p>shall be conducted in accordance with an Expedited Procedure based upon the foregoing provisions of these Rules, subject to the following changes:</p> <p>....</p> <p>(f) subject to any lien, the award shall be communicated to the parties within six months from the date when HKIAC transmitted the case file to the arbitral tribunal. In exceptional circumstances, HKIAC may extend this time limit;</p> <p>(g) the arbitral tribunal may state the reasons upon which the award is based in summary form, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given.</p> <p>....”</p>

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		confirmation or appointment of any arbitrator, the arbitral tribunal shall remain in place.”				
Institute for Development of Commercial Law and Practice <a href="http://www.iclparbitrationcentre.com/rules.php">http://www.iclparbitrationcentre.com/rules.php</a>	Yes.  The Rules of the ICLP for Expedited Arbitrations	<b>Forward of ER</b> “...The expedited procedure could be followed upon a request of either party with the consent of the other party. The Rules for Expedited Arbitrations are an alternative to the regular Rules of the ICLP Arbitration Centre. (ICLP Rules) The parties themselves may choose which set of rules they wish to apply. The choice should be included either in an arbitration clause in the contract, which specifies the relevant rules or in a separate agreement once the dispute has arisen.”	<b>Art 11 of ER</b> “(1) The Arbitral Tribunal shall consist of a Sole Arbitrator, unless the arbitration agreement provides for an Arbitral Tribunal consisting of three Arbitrators. <b>(2)</b> A Sole Arbitrator shall be appointed by the consent of both parties. If the Arbitral Tribunal consists of three members, each party shall nominate his Arbitrator and the Arbitrators so appointed shall appoint the Chairman of the Arbitral Tribunal. <b>(3)</b> If the appointment of Arbitral Tribunal is not made within twenty one days after the commencement of the Arbitration, the Board of Directors of the ICLP Arbitration Centre shall make the necessary appointment.”	<b>Art 14 of ER</b> “Where a party wishes to challenge the appointment of an Arbitrator, that party shall send a written statement to the Board of ICLP Arbitration Centre setting forth the reasons for challenge and the Board shall take the final decision on the challenge after considering the comments of both parties and the Arbitrator concerned.”	<b>Art 5 of ER</b> “(1) The Request for Arbitration shall be communicated to the Respondent by the ICLP Arbitration Centre and within a period of fourteen days the respondent shall send a Reply.... <b>(2)...(b)</b> The comments of the Claimant must be brief and must be submitted within a period of ten days. ....”  <b>Art 23 of ER</b> “An Award shall be rendered not later than three months from the date on which the matter was referred to the Arbitral Tribunal by the ICLP Arbitration Centre. In exceptional circumstances, the Board of ICLP Arbitration Centre may extend the time limit.”  <b>Art 24 of ER</b> “(1) Any obvious miscalculation or clerical error in an Award or Decision shall be corrected by the Arbitral Tribunal <b>(2)</b> Within thirty days of receiving the award the Arbitral Tribunal shall	<b>Art 22 of ER</b> “(1) The Award shall be rendered at the Place of Arbitration and shall be signed by the Arbitrator or Arbitrators, as the case may be. It shall state the date on which it was rendered. It shall contain information about the parties, relief claimed by parties, and the order or declaration. The Award shall state the reasons therefor in summary form, unless the award is on agreed terms. <b>(2)</b> If a settlement is reached the Arbitral Tribunal may at the request of the parties, record the settlement in the form of an Award. <b>(3)</b> The Arbitration costs and its apportionment between the parties shall be fixed in the Award or other order by

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					<p>decide a question which should have been decided in the Award but which was not decided therein</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Within thirty days of receiving the Award the Arbitral Tribunal may if a party makes a request provide an interpretation thereof in writing.</p>	<p>which the arbitral proceedings are terminated.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The ICLP Arbitration Centre shall, upon receipt of the Award from the Arbitral Tribunal, immediately send it to the parties by registered post.”</p> <p><b>Art 23 of ER</b>  “An Award shall be rendered not later than three months from the date on which the matter was referred to the Arbitral Tribunal by the ICLP Arbitration Centre. In exceptional circumstances, the Board of ICLP Arbitration Centre may extend the time limit.”</p> <p><b>Art 24 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Any obvious miscalculation or clerical error in an Award or Decision shall be corrected by the Arbitral Tribunal  <b>(2)</b> Within thirty days of receiving the award the</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
						<p>Arbitral Tribunal shall decide a question which should have been decided in the Award but which was not decided therein</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Within thirty days of receiving the Award the Arbitral Tribunal may if a party makes a request provide an interpretation thereof in writing.</p>
<p>International Arbitration Court at the Russian Federation Chamber of Commerce and Industry  <a href="http://mkas.tp.prf.ru/en/documents/">http://mkas.tp.prf.ru/en/documents/</a></p>	<p>No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Art 33 of the GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 33 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> Unless the parties have agreed otherwise and provided that the total amount of all claims filed by any parties within the established time period (except for claims for interest and reimbursement of arbitration costs) does not exceed \$50,000, the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted subject to special rules set forth by the present paragraph.  .....  <b>(6)</b> When the total amount of all claims exceeds the sum indicated in subparagraph 1 of this paragraph, as a result of subsequent amendments or</p>	<p><b>Art 33 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(2)</b> As a rule, a case is settled by a sole arbitrator appointed by the procedure provided by § 16 of the Rules.  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 16 of GR</b>  “...<b>(9)</b> Where a case is examined by a sole arbitrator, the Nomination Committee shall appoint a sole arbitrator from the List of Arbitrators for International Commercial Disputes.”</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 17 - 19 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Art 33 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(5)</b> The relevant bodies and authorized officials of the ICAC and the arbitral tribunal hearing the dispute shall take measures to secure completion of the arbitral proceedings in a case within 120 days after the date of formation of the arbitral tribunal. If necessary, this period may be extended as prescribed by § 35 of the Rules.”</p>	<p><b>Art 33 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(5)</b> The relevant bodies and authorized officials of the ICAC and the arbitral tribunal hearing the dispute shall take measures to secure completion of the arbitral proceedings in a case within 120 days after the date of formation of the arbitral tribunal. If necessary, this period may be extended as prescribed by § 35 of the Rules.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>supplements to the claims filed earlier within the prescribed time period, made by any party and the arbitral tribunal permits such amendments or supplements, the expedited arbitration proceedings may continue.</p> <p><b>(7)</b> In view of the complexity and other circumstances of the case, including amendments or supplements to the claims filed earlier by any party, the arbitral tribunal may deem it inappropriate to conduct the expedited proceedings. The proceedings in such a case shall be carried on by the same arbitral tribunal. Before the arbitral tribunal is formed, the ICAC President may decide not to conduct the expedited arbitral proceedings.”</p>				
<p>International Centre for Alternative Dispute Resolution  <a href="http://icadr.nic.in/#">http://icadr.nic.in/#</a></p>	<p>No. Rules for ER are contained in Rule 38 and Schedule II of the G</p>	<p><b>Rule 38 of GR</b>  “— Notwithstanding anything contained hereinbefore, the parties may agree, in writing, to fast track arbitration and thereupon these rules shall apply to such arbitration subject to the modifications specified in Schedule II.”</p>	<p><b>Rule 4 of GR</b>  “(1) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the arbitral tribunal shall consist of a sole arbitrator.”</p> <p><b>Rule 5 of GR</b>  “... (3) In an arbitration with a sole arbitrator, if the parties fail to agree on the arbitrator</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Rule 9 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Rule 19 of Schedule II</b>  “(1) Within fifteen days of the constitution of the arbitral tribunal, the claimant shall send simultaneously to the arbitral tribunal and the respondent-....  (2) The respondent shall, within fifteen days after the receipt of the documents referred to in sub-rule (1), send simultaneously to the</p>	<p><b>Rule 20 (1A) of Schedule II</b>  “The arbitral tribunal shall make an award within a period of six months from the date the arbitral tribunal enters upon the fast tract arbitration reference.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
			<p>within thirty days from receipt of a request by one party from the other party to so agree, the appointment shall be made, upon request of a party, by the ICADR.”</p>		<p>arbitral tribunal and the claimant his statement of defence containing replies to the matters referred to in sub-rule (1) together with documentary evidence in support thereof, if any....”</p> <p><b>Rule 20 of Schedule II</b> “(1A) The arbitral tribunal shall make an award within a period of six months from the date the arbitral tribunal enters upon the fast tract arbitration reference. ....”</p> <p><b>Rule 26 of Schedule II</b> “(1) An arbitral award shall be made in writing as early as possible but not later than ten days after the case is closed for making the award and it shall be signed by the members of the arbitral tribunal; ....”</p>	<p><b>Rule 26 of Schedule II</b> “(1) An arbitral award shall be made in writing as early as possible but not later than ten days after the case is closed for making the award and it shall be signed by the members of the arbitral tribunal; ....”</p>
<p>International Centre for Dispute Resolution <a href="https://www.icdr.org/rules_forms_fees">https://www.icdr.org/rules_forms_fees</a></p>	<p>Yes.  International Expedited Procedures</p>	<p><b>Art 1 of GR</b> “.... <b>(4)</b> Unless the parties agree or the Administrator determines otherwise, the International Expedited Procedures shall apply in any case in which no disclosed claim or counterclaim exceeds USD \$250,000</p>	<p><b>Art E-6 of ER</b> “A sole arbitrator shall be appointed as follows. The Administrator shall simultaneously submit to each party an identical list of five proposed arbitrators. The parties may agree to an arbitrator from this list and</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 14 - 15 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Art E-2 of ER</b> “Parties are to present detailed submissions on the facts, claims, counterclaims, setoffs and defenses, together with all of the evidence then available on which such party intends to rely, in the Notice of Arbitration and the Answer .The arbitrator, in consultation with the</p>	<p><b>Art E-10 of ER</b> “Awards shall be made in writing and shall be final and binding on the parties. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, specified by law, or determined by the Administrator, the award</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>exclusive of interest and the costs of arbitration. The parties may also agree to use the International Expedited Procedures in other cases. The International Expedited Procedures shall be applied as described in Articles E-1 through E-10 of these Rules, in addition to any other portion of these Rules that is not in conflict with the Expedited Procedures . Where no party's claim or counterclaim exceeds USD \$100,000 exclusive of interest, attorneys' fees, and other arbitration costs, the dispute shall be resolved by written submissions only unless the arbitrator determines that an oral hearing is necessary . ...."</p> <p><b>Art E-1 of ER</b> "These Expedited Procedures supplement the International Arbitration Rules as provided in Article 1(4) ."</p> <p><b>Art E-4 of ER</b> "If an objection is submitted before the arbitrator is appointed, the Administrator may initially determine the</p>	<p>shall so advise the Administrator. If the parties are unable to agree upon an arbitrator, each party may strike two names from the list and return it to the Administrator within 10 days from the transmittal date of the list to the parties. The parties are not required to exchange selection lists. If the parties fail to agree on any of the arbitrators or if acceptable arbitrators are unable or unavailable to act, or if for any other reason the appointment cannot be made from the submitted lists, the Administrator may make the appointment without the circulation of additional lists. The parties will be given notice by the Administrator of the appointment of the arbitrator, together with any disclosures."</p>		<p>parties, shall establish a procedural order, including a timetable, for completion of any written submissions."</p> <p><b>Art E-7 of ER</b> "After the arbitrator's appointment, the arbitrator may schedule a procedural conference call with the parties, their representatives, and the Administrator to discuss the procedure and schedule for the case. Within 14 days of appointment, the arbitrator shall issue a procedural order."</p> <p><b>Art E-8 of ER</b> "In expedited proceedings based on written submissions, all submissions are due within 60 days of the date of the procedural order, unless the arbitrator determines otherwise. The arbitrator may require an oral hearing if deemed necessary."</p> <p><b>Art E-9 of ER</b> "In expedited proceedings in which an oral hearing is to be held, the arbitrator shall set the date, time, and location of the hearing. The oral hearing shall take place within 60 days of the date of the procedural</p>	<p>shall be made not later than 30 days from the date of the closing of the hearing or from the time established for final written submissions."</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>applicability of these Expedited Procedures, subject to the power of the arbitrator to make a final determination. The arbitrator shall take into account the amount in dispute and any other relevant circumstances."</p> <p><b>Art E-5 of ER</b> "If, after filing of the initial claims and counterclaims, a party amends its claim or counterclaim to exceed USD \$250,000 .00 exclusive of interest and the costs of arbitration, the case will continue to be administered pursuant to these Expedited Procedures unless the parties agree otherwise, or the Administrator or the arbitrator determines otherwise . After the arbitrator is appointed, no new or different claim, counterclaim or setoff and no change in amount may be submitted except with the arbitrator's consent."</p>			<p>order unless the arbitrator deems it necessary to extend that period...."</p> <p><b>Art E-10 of ER</b> "...Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, specified by law, or determined by the Administrator, the award shall be made not later than 30 days from the date of the closing of the hearing or from the time established for final written submissions."</p>	
International Chamber of Commerce (ICC)	Yes	<p><b>Art 30 of GR</b> “(1) By agreeing to arbitration under the Rules, the parties agree that this Article 30 and the Expedited Procedure Rules</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b> “(1) The Court may, notwithstanding any contrary provision of the arbitration</p>	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 14 – 15 of GR]	<p><b>Art 3 of ER</b> “.... <b>(3)</b> The case management conference convened pursuant to Article 24 of the Rules shall take</p>	<p><b>Art 4 of ER</b> “(1) The time limit within which the arbitral tribunal must render its final award is six months</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
<a href="https://iccwbo.org/dispute-resolution-services/arbitration/rules-of-arbitration/">https://iccwbo.org/dispute-resolution-services/arbitration/rules-of-arbitration/</a>		<p>set forth in Appendix VI (collectively the “Expedited Procedure Provisions”) shall take precedence over any contrary terms of the arbitration agreement.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The Expedited Procedure Rules set forth in Appendix VI shall apply if:</p> <p>a) the amount in dispute does not exceed the limit set out in Article 1(2) of Appendix VI at the time of the communication referred to in Article 1(3) of that Appendix; or</p> <p>b) the parties so agree.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The Expedited Procedure Provisions shall not apply if:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the arbitration agreement under the Rules was concluded before the date on which the Expedited Procedure Provisions came into force;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> the parties have agreed to opt out of the Expedited Procedure Provisions; or</p> <p><b>(c)</b> the Court, upon the request of a party before the constitution of the arbitral tribunal or on its own motion, determines that it is inappropriate in the circumstances to apply the</p>	<p>agreement, appoint a sole arbitrator.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The parties may nominate the sole arbitrator within a time limit to be fixed by the Secretariat. In the absence of such nomination, the sole arbitrator shall be appointed by the Court within as short a time as possible.”</p>	<p><b>Art 1 of ER</b>  “(1) Insofar as Article 30 of the Rules of Arbitration of the ICC (the “Rules”) and this Appendix VI do not provide otherwise, the Rules shall apply to an arbitration under the Expedited Procedure Rules.  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 5 of ER</b>  “In all matters concerning the expedited procedure not expressly provided for in this Appendix, the Court and the arbitral tribunal shall act in the spirit of the Rules and this Appendix.”</p>	<p>place no later than 15 days after the date on which the file was transmitted to the arbitral tribunal. The Court may extend this time limit pursuant to a reasoned request from the arbitral tribunal or on its own initiative if it decides it is necessary to do so.  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 4 of ER</b>  “(1) The time limit within which the arbitral tribunal must render its final award is six months from the date of the case management conference. The Court may extend the time limit pursuant to Article 31(2) of the Rules.  ....”</p>	<p>from the date of the case management conference. The Court may extend the time limit pursuant to Article 31(2) of the Rules.  ....”</p>

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		<p>Expedited Procedure Provisions.”</p> <p><b>Art 1 of ER</b>  “(1) Insofar as Article 30 of the Rules of Arbitration of the ICC (the “Rules”) and this Appendix VI do not provide otherwise, the Rules shall apply to an arbitration under the Expedited Procedure Rules.  (2) The amount referred to in Article 30(2), subparagraph a), of the Rules is US\$ 2,000,000.  (3) Upon receipt of the Answer to the Request pursuant to Article 5 of the Rules, or upon expiry of the time limit for the Answer or at any relevant time thereafter and subject to Article 30(3) of the Rules, the Secretariat will inform the parties that the Expedited Procedure Provisions shall apply in the case.  (4) The Court may, at any time during the arbitral proceedings, on its own motion or upon the request of a party, and after consultation with the arbitral tribunal and the parties, decide that the Expedited Procedure Provisions shall no longer apply to the case. In such case, unless</p>				

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		the Court considers that it is appropriate to replace and/or reconstitute the arbitral tribunal, the arbitral tribunal shall remain in place.”				
International Commercial Arbitration Court at the Ukraine Chamber of Commerce <a href="https://icac.org.ua/en/arbitrazh/reglament/">https://icac.org.ua/en/arbitrazh/reglament/</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Art 45 of the GR.	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “(1) The expedited arbitral proceedings shall be conducted when the parties have provided for it in the arbitration agreement or subsequently agreed on such proceedings. The parties’ agreement on expedited arbitral proceedings shall be admissible no later than filing a response to the Statement of Claim. <b>(2)</b> Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the provisions of the present Rules shall be applied to an expedited arbitral proceedings with the following exceptions. ..... <b>(8)</b> In view of the complexity of the case and other specific circumstances, including the amendments or supplements by either party of previously stated claims, the Arbitral Tribunal may find the conduct of expedited proceedings	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “.... <b>(6)</b> The expedited arbitral proceedings shall be conducted by the Arbitral Tribunal composed of a sole arbitrator except otherwise agreed by the parties. In arbitration with a sole arbitrator, if the parties within 10 days from the date of the ICAC notification receipt failed to jointly appoint a sole arbitrator, a sole arbitrator shall be appointed by the President of the Ukrainian Chamber of Commerce and Industry. In arbitration with three arbitrators, each party appoints one arbitrator and two arbitrators so appointed shall appoint a third arbitrator as the Presiding arbitrator in this case; if the party fails to appoint an arbitrator within 10 days from the date of the ICAC notification receipt or if two arbitrators within 10 days from the date of	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 33 - 35 of GR]	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “.... <b>(3)</b> The arbitration fee provided for in Article 16 of the present Rules shall be paid within 15 days. <b>(4)</b> The Statement of Defense shall be submitted by the Respondent within 10 days upon the date of the Statement of Claim receipt... The Respondent is entitled to file a counter-claim or a set-off statement within 10 days from the date of the Statement of Claim receipt. <b>(5)</b> The arbitral proceeding is carried out on the basis of written materials only without an oral hearing unless, without undue delay, either party requests it or the Arbitral Tribunal shall not consider it expedient to conduct an oral hearing in the light of the case circumstances. In case of an oral hearing, the Secretary General of the ICAC shall notify the parties on the date, time and place of hearing and the composition of the Arbitral Tribunal by the Notices sent to them not less	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “.... <b>(7)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall render the Arbitral Award within 20 days from the date of the case completion. ....”

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		inappropriate. In this case, the arbitral proceedings continue in the same composition of the Arbitral Tribunal. The ICAC President may decide not to conduct the expedited arbitral proceedings before the Arbitral Tribunal is constituted."	their appointment fail to agree on the appointment of a third arbitrator, an arbitrator shall be appointed by the President of the Ukrainian Chamber of Commerce and Industry."		than 15 days prior to the day of such hearing. .... <b>(7)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall render the Arbitral Award within 20 days from the date of the case completion. ...."	
International Maritime Arbitration Commission at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Russian Federation <a href="https://mac.tprf.ru/en/rules/">https://mac.tprf.ru/en/rules/</a>	No.  Rules for expedited procedure are contained in Art 30 of the GR.	<b>Art 30 of GR</b> “(1) Unless the parties agree otherwise and provided that the total amount of claims filed by any parties in due time (not including claims for interest and reimbursement of arbitration costs) is not more than \$15,000, the arbitral proceedings may be carried out as prescribed by this paragraph. .... <b>(6)</b> When the total amount of claims exceeds the sum indicated in subparagraph 1 of this paragraph as a result of modification of or additions to the claim filed earlier by any party and the arbitral tribunal permits this modification or these additions, the expedited arbitration proceeding may continue. <b>(7)</b> Having regard to the complexity of the case and	<b>Art 30 of GR</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> As a rule, a case is heard by a sole arbitrator appointed as prescribed by § 15 of the Rules. ....”  <b>Art 15 of GR</b> “...(9) Where a case is examined by a sole arbitrator, the Appointing Committee shall appoint a sole arbitrator, as a rule, from the List of Arbitrators.”	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 16 - 18 of GR]	<b>Art 30 of GR</b> “.... <b>(5)</b> MAC bodies and authorized representatives and the arbitral tribunal shall take measures to complete the proceeding within 120 days after the formation of the arbitral tribunal. If necessary, the period may be extended as prescribed by § 32 of the Rules.”	<b>Art 30 of GR</b> “.... <b>(5)</b> MAC bodies and authorized representatives and the arbitral tribunal shall take measures to complete the proceeding within 120 days after the formation of the arbitral tribunal. If necessary, the period may be extended as prescribed by § 32 of the Rules.”

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>other circumstances, including modification of and additions to the claims, filed earlier by any party, the arbitral tribunal may deem further expedited procedure to be inappropriate. The proceedings shall be carried on by the same arbitral tribunal. Before the arbitral tribunal is formed, MAC Chairman may decide not to conduct the expedited arbitral proceeding."</p> <p>"</p>				
<p>Jamaica International Arbitration Centre  <a href="http://www.jaiac.org/jaiac-fast-track-arbitration-rules/">http://www.jaiac.org/jaiac-fast-track-arbitration-rules/</a></p>	<p>Yes (JAIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules)</p>	<p><b>Rule 1 of ER</b>          "....  <b>(2)</b> Where the parties to a contract have provided in writing for reference to arbitration under these Rules, then such dispute(s) shall be referred and finally determined in accordance with these Rules. These Rules shall be subject to any such amendments as the Centre may have adapted to take effect on or before the commencement of the arbitration unless the parties have agreed otherwise."</p>	<p><b>Rule 4 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Unless the parties have agreed otherwise, any arbitration conducted under these Rules shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator whose appointment shall be agreed in writing by the parties within 7 days of the commencement of arbitration.  <b>(2)</b> Where parties have failed to reach an agreement in writing to the appointment of a sole arbitrator within 7 days of the commencement of the arbitration, the Secretary General shall appoint the sole arbitrator, notify the parties of</p>	<p>[No challenge procedure in the rules for expedited arbitration. <b>Rule 15(2) of ER</b> provides a time limit for challenge pursuant to the Jamaican Arbitration Act: "For the purposes of Section 15(1) of the Act, the time limit for any challenge in accordance with the said provision is 7 days."]</p>	<p><b>Rule 8 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Within 28 days of the commencement of arbitration, the Respondent shall deliver to the arbitral tribunal and the Claimant a comprehensive "Statement of Defence" to the Claimant's Statement of Case, signed by or on behalf of the Respondent....          ....  <b>(3)</b> Within 7 days of receipt of the Respondent's Statement of Defence (and counterclaim, if any), the Claimant shall deliver to the arbitral tribunal and the Respondent a comprehensive "Statement of Reply" to the Respondent's defence signed by or on behalf of the Claimant....</p>	<p><b>Rule 12 of ER</b>          "....  <b>(1)</b> The award shall state the reasons upon which it is based. The award shall be signed by the arbitral tribunal and shall contain the date and place in which the award was made.  <b>(2)</b> With regard to a documents-only arbitration, the arbitral tribunal shall publish the final award expeditiously and no later than 90 days from the</p>

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			<p>the appointment and provide the parties with the arbitral tribunal's name and mailing address.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> If the arbitral tribunal is to consist of 3 arbitrators:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> Each party shall appoint 1 arbitrator within 7 days of the commencement of arbitration, or longer provided an extension of time has been applied for and granted by the Secretary General prior to the lapse of the 7 days;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> Where one party has failed to appoint an arbitrator within 7 days of the commencement of the arbitration and have failed to request for an extension of time for such appointment prior to the lapse of the 7 days the Secretary General shall appoint the second arbitrator, notify the parties of the appointment and provide the parties with the second arbitrator's name and mailing address;</p> <p><b>(c)</b> If the two said arbitrators do not appoint a presiding arbitrator within 10 working days of one calling upon the other to do so, the Secretary General shall appoint the</p>		<p>....</p> <p><b>(5)</b> If the Respondent does advance a counterclaim and the Claimant does deliver a Statement of Reply and Defence to Counterclaim, then within 7 days of receipt of the Claimant's Statement of Reply and Defence to Counterclaim, the Respondent shall deliver to the arbitral tribunal and the Claimant a comprehensive Statement of Reply ("Respondent's Reply") containing the same kind of information and documents that the Claimant is obliged to provide under these Rules in relation to the Statement of Reply.</p> <p><b>(6)</b> If the Respondent does not advance a counterclaim, then within 7 days of receipt of the Claimant's Statement of Reply, the Respondent shall deliver to the arbitral tribunal and the Claimant an identification of agreement or disagreement to any documents produced by the Claimant in the Statement of Reply and contentions on the reasons for disagreements, signed by or on behalf of the Respondent.</p> <p><b>(7)</b> If there is a Respondent's Reply, then within 7 days of receipt of the Respondent's Reply, the Claimant shall deliver to the arbitral tribunal and the Respondent an identification of agreement or disagreement to any</p>	<p>commencement of the arbitration.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> With regard to an arbitration with a substantive oral hearing, the arbitral tribunal shall publish the final award expeditiously and no later than 160 days from the commencement of the arbitration subject to such equivalent extensions as may have been agreed by the parties and the arbitral tribunal under Article 11 Rule 4."</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
			<p>presiding arbitrator, notify the parties of the appointment, and provide the parties with the presiding arbitrator's name and mailing address;</p> <p><b>(d)</b> A substantive oral hearing shall only proceed after 3 arbitrators have been appointed;</p> <p><b>(e)</b> After the appointment of the presiding arbitrator, decisions, orders or awards shall be made by all or a majority of the arbitrators;</p> <p><b>(f)</b> The view of the presiding arbitrator shall prevail in relation to a decision, order or award in respect of which there is neither unanimity nor a majority under Article 4 Rule 3(e) above."</p>		<p>documents produced by the Respondent in the Respondent's Reply and contentions on the reasons for disagreements, signed by or on behalf of the Claimant."</p> <p><b>Rule 10 of ER</b></p> <p><b>"(1)</b> Where the arbitration is not a documents-only arbitration, the arbitral tribunal shall convene a meeting to be attended by all parties ("Case Management Meeting") no later than 8 weeks from the date of commencement of the arbitration....</p> <p><b>(2)</b> At the Case Management Meeting, the arbitral tribunal shall enquire into the status of the arbitration and shall consider directions for the further conduct of the arbitration. In addition to the powers and jurisdiction of the arbitral tribunal as stated in these Rules, the arbitral tribunal shall also give:</p> <p><b>(b)</b> Directions for the production and exchange of any statements of case, defence or reply or the compliance of any other preceding procedure in these Rules (if parties have failed to exchange such statements or comply with such procedure within the time prescribed by these Rules) to be done at such shorter number of days</p>	

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					<p>than that prescribed under these Rules for the party that failed to do so in the first instance. In any event, such time shall be no longer than the periods prescribed under these Rules;</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(d)</b> Directions that all or any applications for further directions or orders be delivered to the arbitral tribunal no later than 7 days from the date of the delivery of the Statement of Reply, (if such statement has not already been exchanged in accordance with these Rules), or 14 days from the date of the Case Management Meeting (if such applications have not by such time already been delivered to the arbitral tribunal) and directions that such application(s) must be supported by a statement signed by or on behalf of the party setting out the grounds for the application and all relevant supporting documents. The arbitral tribunal shall then direct accordingly on the procedure for the expeditious determination of such application(s);</p> <p><b>(e)</b> Directions that any and all applications for further directions delivered to the arbitral tribunal after the time limit stipulated in Article 10 Rule 2(d) may be refused</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>by the arbitral tribunal on the sole ground that they were not delivered in accordance with the said time limits. The arbitral tribunal may however consider applications for further directions delivered after the time limit stipulated in Article 10 Rule 2(d) if the arbitral tribunal is of the view that the application is necessary for the fair disposal of the arbitration.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Where the arbitration is not a documents-only arbitration, the arbitral tribunal may if appropriate in all the circumstances, dispense with the Case Management Meeting but shall no later than 8 weeks after commencement of the arbitration, issue such directions as are necessary or expedient under Article 10 Rule 2.”</p> <p><b>Rule 11 of ER</b>  <b>“(1)</b> Where the arbitration is not a documents-only arbitration, the arbitral tribunal shall direct that the substantive oral hearings be conducted as soon as reasonably possible and in any event to commence not more than 20 days after the conclusion of all the procedures and processes preceding the substantive oral hearings and that the substantive oral hearings be</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>completed no later than 125 days from the commencement of the arbitration. The arbitral tribunal shall also direct that the substantive oral hearings does not exceed a period of 6 working days.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The arbitral tribunal may, if so agreed by the parties, direct a shorter period for the commencement of the substantive oral hearings from the conclusion of all the procedures and processes preceding the substantive oral hearings and/or, direct a shorter period for the completion of the substantive oral hearings from the commencement of the arbitration and/or, direct a shorter period for the substantive oral hearings itself.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The parties agree to cooperate and take every opportunity to save time where possible in order to achieve the maximum periods stated in Article 11 Rule 1 above.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> All parties may, with the agreement of the arbitral tribunal, extend the maximum periods stated in Article 11 Rule 1 above up to a further maximum of 10 days in relation to the commencement of the substantive oral hearings from the conclusion of all the procedures and processes preceding the substantive oral hearings and/or a</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					further maximum of 30 days in relation to the completion of the substantive oral hearings from the commencement of the arbitration. The period for the substantive oral hearings may only be extended by a further maximum of 4 working days with the agreement of the parties and the arbitral tribunal.”	
Japan Commercial Arbitration Association <a href="http://www.jcaa.or.jp/e/arbitration/rules.html">http://www.jcaa.or.jp/e/arbitration/rules.html</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Part 2 (Arts 83 -90) of the Commercial Arbitration Rules 2019.	<b>Art 4 of GR</b> "The Parties' agreement that their disputes are resolved by arbitration under the Rules shall include the rules provided for in Part 2 through Part 4 of the Rules."  <b>Art 83 of GR</b> <b>(1)</b> Part 2 provides particular rules designed to ensuring proceedings are conducted in an expeditious manner. <b>(2)</b> To the extent that there is conflict between Part 2 and Part 1, Part 2 shall prevail. However, arbitral proceedings falling within the scope of Part 2 shall also be governed by both Part 2 and, to the extent that Part 2 does not make provision for the item in question, Part 1."	<b>Art 87 of GR</b> <b>"(1)</b> Expedited arbitration procedures shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator. <b>(2)</b> The Parties shall agree upon and appoint an arbitrator and notify the JCAA of such appointment under Article 25.4 within two weeks from their receipt of the notice by the JCAA that the expedited arbitration procedures shall be conducted. <b>(3)</b> If the Parties fail to notify the JCAA within the time limit under Article 87.2, the JCAA shall appoint such arbitrator. .... <b>(5)</b> The appointment of an arbitrator made by Parties shall be effective only after confirmation by the JCAA. The JCAA, after giving the Parties an opportunity to comment, may	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 34 - 38 of GR]	<b>Art 85 of GR</b> "Where the provisions of Part 2 apply at the time of the Request for Arbitration, the respondent may submit counterclaim(s) or set-off defense(s) within two weeks from the respondent's receipt of the notice of the Request for Arbitration."  <b>Art 89 of GR</b> "The arbitrator shall make reasonable efforts to render an arbitral award within three months from his or her confirmation or appointment by the JCAA."	<b>Art 89 of GR</b> "The arbitrator shall make reasonable efforts to render an arbitral award within three months from his or her confirmation or appointment by the JCAA."  [Note: Arts of 68 – 69 GR provide for correction and interpretation of the award.]

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p><b>Art 84 of GR</b></p> <p><b>(1)</b> The provisions of Part 2 shall apply where the amount or economic value of the claimant's claim(s) is not more than JPY50,000,000 (in the case of a foreign currency, the applicable amount shall be converted into Japanese yen at the TTM rate or any other reasonable exchange rate designated by JCAA as of the business day immediately preceding the date of filing of the Request for Arbitration; the same applies hereunder) provided, however, that the provisions of Part 1 shall apply, if:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the Parties have agreed in an arbitration agreement that the number of arbitrators is three; or <b>(b)</b> a Party notifies the JCAA in writing of the agreement by the Parties not to submit the dispute to expedited arbitration procedures within two weeks from the respondent's receipt of the notice of the Request for Arbitration.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Even in the case where the amount or economic value of the claimant's claim(s) exceeds</p>	<p>refuse to confirm the appointment of the arbitrator without giving reasons if the JCAA finds that the appointment is clearly inappropriate.</p> <p><b>(6)</b> Upon confirming the appointment of the arbitrator, the JCAA shall promptly notify such confirmation to the Parties.</p> <p><b>(7)</b> If the appointment of an arbitrator is not confirmed by the JCAA, the Parties shall appoint another arbitrator within the period fixed by the JCAA."</p>			

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		<p>JPY50,000,000, the provisions of Part 2 shall apply if a Party notifies the JCAA in writing of the agreement between the Parties to submit the dispute to expedited arbitration procedures within two weeks from the respondent's receipt of the notice of Request for Arbitration.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Even in the case where the provisions of Part 2 apply at the time of the Request for Arbitration, the arbitral proceedings conducted under the provisions of Part 2 shall be converted to arbitral proceedings under the provisions of Part 1 if a counterclaim or set-off defense is submitted according to Article 85 and the amount or economic value of the submitted claim exceeds JPY50,000,000; provided that the provisions of Part 2 shall still apply if the Parties agree in writing that expedited arbitration procedures shall be conducted.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> The amount of any interest, rent, damage, penalty, expense, or cost that is incidental to the principal claim shall be</p>				

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		<p>excluded when calculating the amount or the economic value of the claim, counterclaim, or set-off defense under Articles 84.1 through 84.3.</p> <p><b>(5)</b> Where the economic value cannot be calculated, or its calculation is extremely difficult, or where there is a dispute between the Parties concerning such economic value, the economic value under Articles 84.1 through 84.3 shall be deemed to exceed JPY50,000,000.</p> <p><b>(6)</b> The JCAA shall promptly notify the Parties and the arbitrator on determining that expedited arbitration procedures shall be conducted under the provisions of Part 2.”</p>				
<p>Korea Commercial Arbitration Board  <a href="http://www.kcab.or.kr/jsp/kcab_eng/law/law_02_ex.jsp">http://www.kcab.or.kr/jsp/kcab_eng/law/law_02_ex.jsp</a></p>	<p>No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Chapter 6 (Arts 43 - 49) of the GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 43 of GR</b>  “The provisions in this Chapter of the Rules shall apply in either of the following cases: <b>(a)</b> where the claim amount does not exceed KRW 500,000,000; or  <b>(b)</b> where the parties agree to be subject to the Expedited Procedures under this Chapter.”</p>	<p><b>Art 45 of the GR.</b>  <b>“(1)</b> The Secretariat shall appoint a sole arbitrator without recourse to Article 12 of the Rules unless otherwise agreed by the parties.  <b>(2)</b> If the arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators, the Secretariat may encourage the parties to agree to refer the case to a sole arbitrator.”</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 14 - 15 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Art 47 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(2)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall establish appropriate procedures for the fixing of time periods and methods for written submissions.”</p> <p><b>Art 48 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> The Award shall be made within 6 months from the date of constitution of the Arbitral Tribunal, provided, however that the</p>	<p><b>Art 48 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> The Award shall be made within 6 months from the date of constitution of the Arbitral Tribunal provided, however that the Secretariat, at the request of the Arbitral Tribunal or on its own initiative, may decide to allow extension of the</p>

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		<p><b>Art 49 of GR</b>            "The provisions of the Rules shall apply mutatis mutandis to matters which are not prescribed in this Chapter."</p>			<p>Secretariat, at the request of the Arbitral Tribunal or on its own initiative, may decide to allow extension of the time limit, if it deems necessary..            ...."</p>	<p>time limit, if it deems necessary.  <b>(2)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall state the reasons upon which the Award is based in summary form, unless otherwise agreed by the parties."</p>
<p>Lagos Chamber of Commerce International Arbitration Centre  <a href="http://www.laciac.org/laciac-arbitration-rules-2016/">http://www.laciac.org/laciac-arbitration-rules-2016/</a></p>	<p>Yes.            (The LACIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules at Annex III of the GR)</p>	<p><b>Preamble of ER</b>            "Where parties have agreed that disputes shall be referred to arbitration under the LACIAC Fast Track Arbitration Rules (the "Fast Track Rules"), then such disputes shall be settled in accordance with these Fast Track Rules. These Fast Track Rules are supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with the LACIAC Rules. Where a conflict arises between the LACIAC Rules and the Fast Track Rules, the Fast Track Rules will apply. References below to 'article' shall be to the provisions of the LACIAC Rules."</p>	<p><b>Art 3 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> If after 15 days from the receipt by the respondent of the notice of arbitration the parties have not agreed on the identity of the arbitrator, a sole arbitrator shall, at the request of a party, be appointed by the LACIAC Court, as promptly as possible...  <b>(2)</b> Where the parties have agreed that there will be a panel of three arbitrators, and if within 7 days after the appointment of the second arbitrator the two arbitrators have not agreed on the choice of the presiding arbitrator, the presiding arbitrator shall be appointed by the LACIAC Court in the same way as a sole arbitrator would be appointed under paragraph 3.1."</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 15 - 18 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Within 15 days of the receipt of the notice of arbitration, the respondent shall communicate to the claimant a response to the notice of arbitration, which shall include:            ...."</p> <p><b>Art 4 of ER</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Within 5 business days of appointment of the sole arbitrator or arbitrators (in accordance with paragraph 3), the tribunal shall hold a pre-hearing conference with the parties to address the procedural timeline and any other matter which the tribunal or parties believe is relevant."</p> <p><b>Art 6 of ER</b>  <b>(1)</b> Unless otherwise directed by the tribunal, the tribunal will decide the matter on paper. Oral hearings will take place in limited circumstances, where requested and deemed necessary by the tribunal.</p>	<p><b>Art 7 of the ER</b>            "The award will be rendered within 21 days of the close of hearings."</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p>....</p> <p><b>(5)</b> The tribunal will aim to use its reasonable endeavors to set a hearing date within 60 days of the deemed commencement date."</p> <p><b>Art 7 of the ER</b> "The award will be rendered within 21 days of the close of hearings."</p>	
<p>Ljubljana Arbitration Centre at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia <a href="http://www.sloarbitration.eu/en/Expedited-Arbitration/Arbitration-Rules#48">http://www.sloarbitration.eu/en/Expedited-Arbitration/Arbitration-Rules#48</a></p>	<p>No.</p> <p>Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Art 48 of the GR.</p>	<p><b>Art 48 of GR</b> "<b>(1)</b> The Rules for Expedited Arbitral Proceedings shall apply where the parties expressly agree on expedited proceedings either in the arbitration agreement or at a later stage. Parties may agree on expedited proceedings no later than by the submission of the Answer to the Request for Arbitration. <b>(2)</b> Where the parties have agreed on expedited proceedings, the Arbitration Rules of the Ljubljana Arbitration Centre at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Slovenia with amendments laid down in this Article shall apply. ...."</p>	<p><b>Art 48 of GR</b> ".... <b>(3)</b> Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, expedited proceedings shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator unless the Board determines, with respect to the complexity and other circumstances of the case, that the expedited proceedings shall be conducted by an Arbitral Tribunal consisting of three arbitrators. <b>(4)</b> Where the Arbitral Tribunal is to consist of a sole arbitrator, the parties shall nominate the arbitrator jointly within 15 days of being directed to do so by the Secretariat. If the sole arbitrator has not been nominated within this time period, the appointment shall be made by the Board. <b>(5)</b> Where the Arbitral Tribunal is to consist of more than one</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 18 - 19 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Art 48 of GR</b> ".... <b>(6)</b> The final award shall be made no later than six months from the date upon which the file is transmitted to the Arbitral Tribunal pursuant to Article 20. For justified reasons, the Board may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request by the Arbitral Tribunal or of its own motion. In doing so, it may require from the Arbitral Tribunal explanations as to the status of the case and the reasons for its inability to render the award within the time limit. ...."</p> <p><b>Art 48 of GR</b> ".... <b>(7)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall conduct the proceedings in such manner as to be able to render the final award within the time period set out in paragraph 6. Unless the</p>	<p><b>Art 48 of GR</b> ".... <b>(6)</b> The final award shall be made no later than six months from the date upon which the file is transmitted to the Arbitral Tribunal pursuant to Article 20. For justified reasons, the Board may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request by the Arbitral Tribunal or of its own motion. In doing so, it may require from the Arbitral Tribunal explanations as to the status of the case and the reasons for its inability to render the award within the time limit. ...." "</p>

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			<p>arbitrator, the Claimant shall nominate an arbitrator in the Request for Arbitration, while the Respondent shall nominate an arbitrator within 15 days of being directed to do so by the Secretariat. The arbitrators shall, within 15 days of being directed to do so by the Secretariat, nominate the arbitrator who is to act as the Chairperson of the Arbitral Tribunal. Where an arbitrator is not nominated within the time period, the appointment shall be made by the Board. ....”</p>		<p>Arbitral Tribunal determines otherwise, the following provisions shall apply: .... <b>(iii)</b> the time limits set by the Arbitral Tribunal for submitting written submissions shall, as a rule, not be longer than 15 days; ....”</p>	<p><b>Art 48 of GR</b> “.... <b>(7)</b> The Arbitral Tribunal shall conduct the proceedings in such manner as to be able to render the final award within the time period set out in paragraph 6. Unless the Arbitral Tribunal determines otherwise, the following provisions shall apply: .... <b>(vi)</b> the Arbitral Tribunal shall state the summary of the reasons upon which the award is based, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given.”</p>
<p>London Maritime Arbitrators Association <a href="http://lmaa.org.uk/">http://lmaa.org.uk/</a></p>	<p>Yes (LMAA Small Claims Procedure 2017)</p>	<p><b>Art 1 of ER</b> “(a) These provisions shall be known as the LMAA Small Claims Procedure 2017 effective 1st May 2017. They shall apply to any dispute which parties have agreed should be referred to arbitration under this Procedure. If any such agreement refers to a monetary limit for disputes that may be</p>	<p><b>Art 2 of ER</b> “(a) If a dispute has arisen and the parties have agreed that it should be referred to arbitration under the Small Claims Procedure, then, unless a sole arbitrator has already been agreed on, either party may give notice to the other requiring him to join in appointing a sole arbitrator. If</p>	<p>[No provisions relating to challenge procedure in LMAA Small Claims Procedure.]</p>	<p><b>Art 5 of ER</b> “.... <b>(b)</b> Within 14 days of receiving confirmation or notice of the appointment of the arbitrator, the claimant will deliver to the respondent, a letter of claim not exceeding 2,500 words accompanied by relevant supporting documents. <b>(c)</b> A letter of defence and of counterclaim (if any) not exceeding</p>	<p><b>Art 7 of ER</b> “The arbitrator will make every effort to publish the award within one month, in a documents only case, from the date when he has received all relevant documents and submissions, or, where there is an oral hearing,</p>

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		<p>so referred, such limit shall be deemed to exclude interest and costs unless the parties agree otherwise. In the absence of such an agreed monetary limit, this Procedure shall apply where the total amount of the claimant's claims and the total amount of any counterclaims does not exceed US\$100,000 (with this limit applying separately to claims and counterclaims, and not as an aggregate figure).</p> <p><b>(b)</b> In the event that a counterclaim exceeds such small claims limit, either party shall have the right, no later than 14 days after service of the counterclaim, to give notice in writing demanding that both claim and counterclaim be dealt with under the LMAA Terms 2017 or the LMAA Intermediate Claims Procedure 2017, as the case may be. If such a demand is made, the arbitrator shall, if the parties agree, retain jurisdiction over the dispute and may order that the reference will proceed under the LMAA Terms 2017 or the LMAA Intermediate Claims Procedure 2017, as the case</p>	<p>within 14 days the parties have agreed on a sole arbitrator and the intended arbitrator has agreed to act, the claimant shall within a further 14 days send to the arbitrator a remittance in his favour for the Small Claims fee as defined in paragraph 3(b).</p> <p><b>(b)</b> If the parties have not within 14 days agreed on a sole arbitrator, either party may apply in writing to the Honorary Secretary, LMAA for the appointment of a sole arbitrator by the President. Such application shall be copied to the other party .... The application (a) unless accompanied by a letter of claim should provide a concise explanation of the issues which are likely to arise and (b) if appropriate give an indication whether any particular expertise on the part of the arbitrator is thought desirable, but shall not suggest any particular names of potential arbitrators. The President, having considered the nature of the dispute shall appoint an arbitrator and shall give notice to the parties...."</p>		<p>2,500 words for each, accompanied in each case by copies of relevant documents, shall be delivered by the respondent to the claimant within 28 days from receipt of the letter of claim or from the date of the confirmation or appointment of the arbitrator, should the letter of claim and relevant documents have been sent in advance of such appointment...</p> <p><b>(d)</b> A letter of reply (if any) not exceeding 1,000 words or of reply and defence to counterclaim not exceeding 2,500 words shall be delivered by the claimant to the respondent within a further 21 days....</p> <p><b>(e)</b> The respondent shall, if he so wishes, deliver to the claimant a letter of reply to defence to any counterclaim not exceeding 1,000 words within a further 14 days... ..</p> <p><b>(g)</b> Any extension to the above time limits must be applied for before expiry of the existing time limit. If a party fails to deliver the appropriate letter of submission within the time limit set, the arbitrator, on the application of the other party or of his own motion, will notify the defaulting party that unless the outstanding communication is</p>	<p>from the close of the hearing."</p> <p><b>Art 9 of ER</b></p> <p><b>"(a)</b> The following provisions are incorporated:</p> <p>-- LMAA Terms 2017, paragraphs 2 (a) and (b), 3, 6 and 27.</p> <p>-- The Second Schedule to the LMAA Terms 2017, paragraphs 6 and 14-21.</p> <p>...."</p> <p>[Note: para 27 of LMAA Terms 2017 provides for correction and interpretation of the award]</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>may be. If the arbitrator does not so order, the reference will proceed under this Procedure. ....”</p> <p><b>Art 9 of ER</b> ".... (c) In any case where it is determined or agreed that, because of the nature and/or weight of a case, the Small Claims Procedure is inappropriate and shall not be applicable, then (subject to any contrary agreement by the parties) the arbitrator shall retain jurisdiction over the dispute, and may order that the reference will proceed under the LMAA Terms 2017 or the LMAA Intermediate Claims Procedure 2017, as the case may be. ...."</p>			<p>received within a fixed period (maximum 14 days) he will proceed to the award on the basis of the submissions and documents before him to the exclusion of all others. In the case of failure to serve a letter of claim the arbitrator may make an award dismissing the claim. The time allowed by the arbitrator’s notice, added to any extension of time previously agreed between the parties in respect of the same letter, shall not in total exceed 28 days. Any letter of submission submitted by the defaulting party subsequent to expiry of the time limit set by the arbitrator’s notice shall not be admissible. ....”</p> <p><b>Art 7 of ER</b> “The arbitrator will make every effort to publish the award within one month, in a documents only case, from the date when he has received all relevant documents and submissions, or, where there is an oral hearing, from the close of the hearing.”</p>	
<p><b>Madrid Court of Arbitration</b> <a href="http://www.arbitramadrid.c">http://www.arbitramadrid.c</a></p>	<p>No. Rules for expedited</p>	<p><b>Art 51 of GR</b> “(1) The parties may agree to have the arbitration proceedings governed by the</p>	<p><b>Art 51 of GR</b> “(1) The parties may agree to have the arbitration proceedings governed by the</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure</p>	<p><b>Art 51 of GR</b> “(1) ....</p>	<p><b>Rule 51 of GR</b> “(1) ....</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
<a href="http://om/web/guest/reglamento1">om/web/guest/reglamento1</a>	proceedings are contained in Art 51 of the GR (fast track arbitration).	fast track proceedings established in this article, which modifies the general rules in relation the following: .... <b>(2)</b> The fast track procedure shall be applied, by decision of the Court, in all cases in which the total amount of the proceedings (including the counterclaim, if applicable) does not exceed 100,000 euros, provided there are no circumstances which, in the judgment of the Court, make it advisable to use the ordinary procedure. The decision to conduct an arbitration case using the fast track procedure shall be final.”	fast track proceedings established in this article, which modifies the general rules in relation the following: .... <b>(d)</b> The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator, unless the arbitration agreement stipulates the choice of an arbitral tribunal. When the parties have agreed before the arbitration begins that three arbitrators be appointed, the Court will invite the parties to agree to appoint a sole arbitrator. ....”	provisions, see Art 15 of GR]	<b>(a)</b> The Court may shorten the time frame for appointing arbitrators; .... <b>(c)</b> The arbitrators shall make the award within four months after the statement of defence is filed, or the term to submit it has expired, or the reply to the counterclaim is filed, or the term to submit it has expired. The arbitrators may only extend the time limit for making the award for a single additional period of one month. This is without prejudice of what is provided for in sections 1, 3, 4, and 5 of article 39. ....”	<b>(c)</b> The arbitrators shall make the award within four months after the statement of defence is filed, or the term to submit it has expired, or the reply to the counterclaim is filed, or the term to submit it has expired. The arbitrators may only extend the time limit for making the award for a single additional period of one month. This is without prejudice of what is provided for in sections 1, 3, 4, and 5 of article 39. ....”
MCCI Arbitration and Mediation Centre <a href="https://www.marc.mu/en/rules">https://www.marc.mu/en/rules</a>	No. Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Art 20 of the GR.	<b>Art 1 of GR</b> “.... <b>(4)</b> Unless otherwise agreed by all of the parties, the provisions relating to the Emergency Arbitrator Procedure, Summary Dismissal and Expedited Procedure contained in Articles 20, 21, 23.1 and Appendix 4 shall apply only if the arbitration agreement was concluded on or after the date on which the Rules came into force.”	<b>Art 20 of GR</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> When the Secretariat, after considering the views of the parties, grants an application made pursuant to Article 20.1, the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with an Expedited Procedure based upon the Rules, subject to the following changes: <b>(a)</b> the case shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, unless the	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 12 - 13 of GR]	<b>Art 20 of GR</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> .... <b>(c)</b> the Secretariat may shorten the time limits provided for in the Rules, as well as any time limits that it has set; .... <b>(e)</b> the award shall be made within six months from the date when the Secretariat transmitted the file to the arbitral tribunal. In exceptional circumstances, the Secretariat may extend this time limit;	<b>Art 20 of GR</b> “.... <b>(2)</b> .... <b>(e)</b> the award shall be made within six months from the date when the Secretariat transmitted the file to the arbitral tribunal. In exceptional circumstances, the Secretariat may extend this time limit; and <b>(f)</b> the arbitral tribunal may state the reasons

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		<p><b>Art 20 of GR</b>  “(1) Prior to the constitution of the arbitral tribunal, a party may apply to the Secretariat in writing for the arbitration to be conducted in accordance with Article 20.2 where: <b>(a)</b> the amount in dispute representing the aggregate of any claim and counterclaim (or any set-off defence or cross-claim) does not exceed 25, 000, 000 MUR, or  <b>(b)</b> the parties so agree.  ....  <b>(3)</b> Unless the parties agree otherwise, the Expedited Procedure shall not apply to any consolidated proceedings under Article 27 or to any arbitration commenced under Article 28.  <b>(4)</b> Upon the request of any party and after consulting with the other parties and any confirmed or appointed arbitrators, the Secretariat may, having regard to any new circumstances that have arisen, decide that the Expedited Procedure shall no longer apply to the arbitration. Unless the Court considers that it is</p>	<p>arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators;  <b>(b)</b> if the arbitration agreement provides for three arbitrators, the Secretariat shall invite the parties to agree to refer the case to a sole arbitrator. If the parties do not agree, the case shall be referred to three arbitrators;  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 7 of GR</b>  “(1) Unless the parties have agreed otherwise and subject to Articles 9 and 11:  <b>(a)</b> Where the parties have agreed before the arbitration commences that the dispute shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, they shall jointly nominate the sole arbitrator within 30 days from the date when the Request for Arbitration was received by the Respondent.  <b>(b)</b> Where the parties have agreed after the arbitration commences that the dispute shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, they shall jointly nominate the sole arbitrator within 15 days from the date of that agreement.</p>		<p>....”</p>	<p>upon which the award is based in summary form, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given.”</p>

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		appropriate to revoke the confirmation or appointment of any arbitrator, the arbitral tribunal shall remain in place. ...."	<p><b>(c)</b> Where the parties have not agreed upon the number of arbitrators and the Court has decided that the dispute shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, the parties shall jointly nominate the sole arbitrator within 30 days from the date when the Court's decision was received by the last of them.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If the parties fail to jointly nominate the sole arbitrator within the applicable time limit, the Court shall appoint the sole arbitrator as soon as possible."</p>			
Permanent Court of Arbitration at the Chamber of Commerce and Industry Serbia <a href="http://www.stalnaarbitraza.rs/en/rules-of-pa/">http://www.stalnaarbitraza.rs/en/rules-of-pa/</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Chapter VII (Arts 57 - 61) of the GR.	<b>Art 57 of GR</b> "Special rules on expedited arbitration procedure shall apply: <b>(a)</b> in cases where the amount in dispute does not exceed EUR 50.000,00 or the counter-value of EUR 50.000,00 in Serbian dinars, unless the parties agreed otherwise; <b>(b)</b> in cases where the amount in dispute exceeds EUR 50.000,00 or the counter-value of EUR 50.000,00 in Serbian dinars if the parties agreed that the proceedings shall be governed by the special rules on expedited arbitration procedure;	<b>Art 58 of GR</b> " <b>(1)</b> Expedited arbitration shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator. <b>(2)</b> The parties shall appoint the sole arbitrator within 15 days from the day on which they were instructed by the Secretariat of the Arbitration to do so. If the sole arbitrator is not appointed within the aforementioned time-limit, the sole arbitrator shall be appointed by the President within further 8 days."	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 23 - 25 of GR]	<b>Art 59 of GR</b> " <b>(1)</b> The time-limit for submitting the answer to the statement of claim shall be 15 days.... <b>(2)</b> The answer to the statement of claim with the enclosed documents shall be delivered to the claimant who may state its position regarding the answer in a written submission with enclosed documents within 15 days from the day on which the answer to the statement of claim has been served upon it. The respondent may state its position regarding this written submission of the claimant within 15 days and enclose any evidence it deems important for the resolution of the dispute..."	<b>Art 61 of GR</b> " <b>(1)</b> The sole arbitrator shall make the arbitral award within 15 days from the day on which the hearing was held or within 15 days from the day on which the conditions for making the award without holding a hearing were fulfilled. <b>(2)</b> The sole arbitrator shall state the summary of the reasons on which the award is based, unless the parties agreed

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		(c) other provisions of these Rules shall apply to the issues which are not specifically settled by the provisions governing the expedited arbitration procedure.”			<b>Art 61 of GR</b> “(1) The sole arbitrator shall make the arbitral award within 15 days from the day on which the hearing was held or within 15 days from the day on which the conditions for making the award without holding a hearing were fulfilled...”	that the reasons should not be stated.”
PHDCCI Centre for International Arbitration and Conciliations <a href="https://www.phdcci.in/arbitration-cell/">https://www.phdcci.in/arbitration-cell/</a>	No  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Rule 24 of the GR as well as the "Guidelines for Arbitrators and the Parties to Arbitration for Fast Track Arbitration Proceeding" at Annexure B of the GR.	<b>Rule 24 of GR</b> “The Parties may opt for Fast Track Arbitration and serve a request to the Registrar in writing, before or at the time of the commencement of the arbitration proceedings, to decide the reference in a fixed time frame of 3 to 6 months according to the Fast Track Arbitration procedure in accordance with Annexure B to these Rules and as provided hereunder:...”	[No special appointment procedure provided in Rule 24. See Rule 9A of GR for general procedure.]  <b>Art 12 of Annexure B</b> "To avoid excessive costs in arbitration proceedings, the parties are advised to choose their Arbitrators from the Panel, as far as possible from the place where the arbitration hearings have to be held. In case, a party still chooses an Arbitrator from a place other than the place of hearing, the concerned party will bear the entire extra cost to be incurred on Travelling Allowance / Daily Allowance etc. of the Arbitrator(s) nominated by it."	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Rule 10 of GR]	<b>Rule 24 of GR</b> "The Parties may opt for Fast Track Arbitration and serve a request to the Registrar in writing, before or at the time of the commencement of the arbitration proceedings, to decide the reference in a fixed time frame of 3 to 6 months according to the Fast Track Arbitration procedure in accordance with Annexure B to these Rules and as provided hereunder: ...."  <b>Art 1 of Annexure B</b> “....Serious efforts should be made to settle arbitration cases expeditiously within a period of 3 to 6 months where the amount of claim exceeds Rs 10 lacs and with a period of 4 months where the amount of claim is less than Rs 10 lacs....”  <b>Art 4 of Annexure B</b>	<b>Art 11 of Annexure B</b> “The Arbitrators should make the award expeditiously after the close of the hearings, preferably within 15 days.”

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p data-bbox="1447 264 1852 456">“The respondent should file his reply to the claim with complete information and documents relied upon, in 3 or 5 sets, as per para (3) above as early as possible within fifteen days....”</p> <p data-bbox="1447 496 1852 719"><b>Art 5 of Annexure B</b> “The first hearing of the Arbitral Tribunal should be convened within 15 days of the receipt of the complete reply of the respondent when the Arbitral Tribunal may issue necessary directions....”</p> <p data-bbox="1447 759 1852 1142"><b>Art 6 of Annexure B</b> “The parties should be asked to furnish a list of their witnesses on the date fixed for evidence preferably within 3 weeks of the settlement of issues. Cross-examination of such of the deponent’s witnesses whose presence is demanded by the opposite party should be completed at a hearing to be fixed within 15 days.”</p> <p data-bbox="1447 1182 1852 1369"><b>Art 7 of Annexure B</b> “Arguments preferably should be heard within 15 days of the completion of evidence, to be followed by submission of written arguments, if any.”</p>	

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
					<p><b>Art 9 of Annexure B</b>            "If any party to arbitration, particularly in cases where any Arbitrator, or any of the parties has to come from out-station to participate in arbitration proceedings, desires to seek adjournment on any valid ground, it must submit a written request to the Registrar at least before 5 working days stating the grounds which compel it to request for postponement of the hearing so that the Arbitral Tribunal is in a position to take necessary steps to inform the Parties and Arbitrators regarding postponement of the hearing. Parties seeking adjournment will have to pay costs as may be determined by the Arbitral Tribunal. Such postponement will only be permitted on valid, appropriate grounds."</p> <p><b>Art 11 of Annexure B</b>            "The Arbitrators should make the award expeditiously after the close of the hearings, preferably within 15 days."</p>	
Russian Arbitration Centre	No.	<b>Art 63 of GR</b> "(1) Expedited arbitration is conducted without oral	<b>Art 66 of GR</b> "(1) In expedited arbitration, disputes shall be resolved by a	<b>Art 66 of the GR</b> "....	<b>Art 67 of GR</b> "(1) If the Respondent does not acknowledge the Claim, it shall	<b>Art 68 of GR</b> "(1) The arbitral award under the expedited

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
<a href="https://center.arbitr.ru/en/arbitration-rules/">https://center.arbitr.ru/en/arbitration-rules/</a>	<p>Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Chapter 7 (Arts 63 - 68) of the GR.</p>	<p>hearings and based only on documents. The number of exchanges of procedural documents by the Parties is limited.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Provisions of the Arbitration Rules shall apply to expedited arbitration subject to special rules set forth in Chapter 7 of the Arbitration Rules.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The provisions of the Chapter 7 of the Arbitration Rules cannot be amended by the Parties unless the Chapter 7 of the Arbitration Rules provides otherwise."</p> <p><b>Art 64 of GR</b></p> <p><b>"(1)</b> Expedited arbitration applies if the Parties have specified in the Arbitration Agreement that expedited arbitration shall apply to disputes between the Parties in accordance with the Arbitration Rules and that the Parties directly (specially) agree not to hold oral hearings. No direct (special) agreement of the Parties to refuse to hold oral hearings is required for the application of expedited arbitration in international commercial arbitration.</p>	<p>sole arbitrator. Unless the Parties have agreed upon the arbitrator or the procedure for electing the same in the Arbitration Agreement, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the Board within <i>fourteen (14)</i> days following the date of receipt of the Claim by the RIMA.</p> <p>...."</p>	<p><b>(2)</b> The Parties may challenge an arbitrator under expedited arbitration in accordance with Article 17 of the Arbitration Rules within <i>five (5)</i> days following the date of becoming aware of the arbitrator's appointment or within <i>five (5)</i> days following the date of becoming aware of the circumstances specified in Paragraph 1 of Article 17 of the Arbitration Rules. In this event, the arbitrator shall either resign or deliver a written response to the challenge to the Party within <i>five (5)</i> days following the date of becoming aware of the challenge. 53</p> <p><b>(3)</b> Under the expedited arbitration, the challenge shall be</p>	<p>produce a Response in accordance with the requirements set forth in Article 28 of the Arbitration Rules and send the same to the Claimant, the Arbitral Tribunal and the RIMA within twenty (20) days following the date of the receipt of the Claim.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> The Respondent may file a Counterclaim in accordance with the requirements stipulated by Article 29 of the Arbitration Rules together with the Response.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> The Claimant may make additional written submissions within <i>ten (10)</i> days following the date of receipt of the Response to the Claim. The Claimant may make additional written submissions within ten (10) days following the date of receipt of the Counterclaim in accordance with the requirements set forth in Article 28 of the Arbitration Rules.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> If the Claimant made additional written submissions and/or filed a Response to the Counterclaim in accordance with Paragraph 3 of this Article, the Respondent is also entitled to make additional written submissions within <i>ten (10)</i> days following the date of the Claimant's additional submissions or the date of filing of the Response to the Counterclaim. In this event the</p>	<p>arbitration shall be rendered in accordance with the requirements of Article 53 of the Arbitration Rules.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If there are relevant grounds for doing so, the Arbitral Tribunal may render an award on agreed terms in accordance with the Article 49 of the Arbitration Rules."</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p><b>(2)</b> Expedited arbitration may apply if the value of the claim does not exceed <i>thirty million (30,000,000) Rubles</i> for arbitration of domestic disputes, or <i>five hundred thousand (500,000) US Dollars</i> for international commercial arbitration.</p> <p><b>(3)</b> If the value of the claim is increased before the Arbitral Tribunal's constitution and exceeds the value set forth in Paragraph 2 of this Article, the dispute shall be resolved by means of a standard arbitration procedure provided for in the Arbitration Rules.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> If the value of the claim is increased after the Arbitral Tribunal's constitution and exceeds the amount set forth in Paragraph 2 of this Article, the expedited arbitration shall be terminated, unless the Parties agree that the dispute shall be resolved by a sole arbitrator by means of a standard arbitration procedure provided for in the Arbitration Rules."</p>		<p>considered by the Board within <i>twenty (20) days</i> following the date of receipt of the challenge by the RIMA.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> Under the expedited arbitration, a new arbitrator shall be appointed in accordance with Paragraph 1 of this Article. If an arbitrator is substituted, the arbitration period may be extended by the Executive Administrator for no longer than <i>thirty (30) days</i>."</p>	<p>Claimant may file a Response to the Respondent's submissions within <i>ten (10) days</i> following the date of submission of the last procedural document by the Respondent."</p>	
Shanghai International Economic and	No.	<p><b>Art 52 of GR</b></p> <p>"<b>(1)</b> Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, the Summary</p>	<p><b>Art 53 of GR</b></p> <p>"A sole-arbitrator tribunal shall be constituted in accordance</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure</p>	<p><b>Art 54 of GR</b></p> <p>"<b>(1)</b> Within twenty (20) days upon the receipt of the Notice of</p>	<p><b>Art 57 of GR</b></p> <p>"<b>(1)</b> The tribunal shall render the award within</p>

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<p>Trade Arbitration Commission  <a href="http://www.shiac.org/SHIAC/arbitrate_rules_E.aspx">http://www.shiac.org/SHIAC/arbitrate_rules_E.aspx</a></p>	<p>Rules for expedited arbitration are contained in Chapter IV (Arts 52 – 59) of the GR (summary procedure).</p>	<p>Procedures shall apply to any case where the amount in dispute does not exceed RMB1,000,000, or to any case where the amount in dispute exceeds RMB1,000,000 where one party applies for arbitration under these Summary Procedures and the other party agrees in writing.  <b>(2)</b> Where no monetary claim is specified or the amount in dispute is not clear, SHIAC shall determine whether or not to apply the Summary Procedures after a full consideration of such factors as the complexity of the case and the interests involved, etc.”</p>	<p>with Article 23 under the Summary Procedures.”</p> <p><b>Art 23 of GR</b>  “Where the tribunal is composed of one arbitrator, the sole arbitrator shall be appointed pursuant to the procedures stipulated in Article 22.2, Article 22.3, Article 22.4 and Article 22.5.”</p> <p><b>Art 22 of GR</b>  <b>“(2)</b> Within fifteen (15) days from the date of the Respondent’s receipt of the Notice of Arbitration, the third arbitrator shall be jointly appointed from the Panel of Arbitrators by the parties or by the Chairman of SHIAC upon the parties’ joint authorization. The third arbitrator shall act as the presiding arbitrator of the tribunal.  <b>(3)</b> Both parties may respectively recommend one (1) to three (3) arbitrators as candidates for the presiding arbitrator and shall submit the list of recommended candidates to the Secretariat within the period of time specified in Article 22.2. Where there is</p>	<p>provisions, see Arts 26 - 28 of GR]</p>	<p>Arbitration, the Respondent shall submit its Defense and relevant evidence, documents certifying the party’s identity and other supporting documents to the Secretariat; counterclaims, if any, from the Respondent shall also be filed with supporting evidence within the aforesaid period of time.  <b>(2)</b> Within twenty (20) days upon the receipt of the counterclaim and its attachments, the Claimant shall submit its Statement of Defense to the Respondent’s counterclaim.”</p> <p><b>Art 56 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> For a case examined by way of a hearing, the Secretariat shall, after the tribunal has fixed a date for the hearing, notify the parties of the date at least ten (10) days in advance of the date of hearing. A party having justifiable reasons may request the tribunal for a postponement of the hearing. However, such request must be submitted to the tribunal at least five (5) days in advance of the date of hearing. The tribunal shall decide whether to postpone the hearing or not....”</p>	<p>three (3) months upon the date the tribunal is constituted.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
			<p>only one common candidate in the lists, such a candidate shall act as the presiding arbitrator jointly appointed by the parties. Where there are more than one (1) common candidate on the lists, the Chairman of SHIAC shall choose a presiding arbitrator from among the common candidates based on the specific nature and circumstances of the case, who shall act as the presiding arbitrator jointly appointed by the parties. Where there is no common candidate in the lists, the Chairman of SHIAC shall appoint the presiding arbitrator from out of the lists of recommended candidates.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> Where the parties have failed to jointly appoint the presiding arbitrator according to the above provisions, the presiding arbitrator shall be appointed by the Chairman of SHIAC.”</p>		<p><b>Art 57 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> The tribunal shall render the award within three (3) months upon the date the tribunal is constituted.”</p>	
<p>Shenzen Court of International Arbitration  <a href="http://www.scietac.org/we">http://www.scietac.org/we</a></p>	<p>No. Rules for expedited proceedings are</p>	<p><b>Art 56 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> Expedited Procedure shall apply to any case where the amount in dispute does not exceed RMB3,000,000 Yuan; or to any case where the amount</p>	<p><b>Art 58 of GR</b>  “For any case that applies the Expedited Procedure, an arbitral tribunal of a sole arbitrator shall be formed in accordance with Article 31 to</p>	<p>[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 33 - 35 of GR]</p>	<p><b>Art 57 of GR</b>  <b>“(1)</b> The Respondent shall submit its Statement of Defence and evidentiary materials within ten (10) days after receipt of the Notice of Arbitration.</p>	<p><b>Art 50 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(3)</b> For cases under Article 2, Paragraph 1 that may apply the Expedited Procedure</p>

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<a href="#">b/doc/rules_list.html</a>	<p>contained in Chapter IX (Arts 56 - 62) of GR.</p>	<p>in dispute exceeds RMB3,000,000 Yuan but the parties agree in writing that the Expedited Procedure shall apply; or to any case where the parties agree to apply the Expedited Procedure or Summary Procedure.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Where the amount in dispute is not clear, the SCIA shall determine whether or not to apply the Expedited Procedure after a full consideration of relevant factors, including but not limited to the complexity of the case and the interests involved.”</p> <p><b>Art 61 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The application of Expedited Procedure shall not be affected by any amendment to the claim or by the filing of a counterclaim.  <b>(2)</b> Where the amount in dispute of the amended claim or that of the counterclaim exceeds RMB 3,000,000 Yuan, upon one of the parties’ request or the suggestion of the arbitral tribunal, and if the SCIA considers it necessary, the Expedited Procedure may be</p>	<p>hear the case. The sole arbitrator shall be selected from the Panel of Arbitrators or the SCIA List of Arbitrators for Special Types of Cases.”</p>		<p><b>(2)</b> The Respondent shall submit its counterclaim (if any) in writing within ten (10) days after receipt of the Notice of Arbitration. The Claimant shall submit its Statement of Defence to the Respondent’s counterclaim within ten (10) days after receipt of the Notice of Acceptance of Counterclaim.”</p> <p><b>Art 50 of GR</b>  “....  <b>(3)</b> For cases under Article 2, Paragraph 1 that may apply the Expedited Procedure under Chapter IX, the arbitral tribunal shall render an arbitral award within two (2) months from the date on which the arbitral tribunal is formed.  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 2 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The SCIA accepts arbitration cases related to contractual disputes and other disputes over property rights and interests, including:  <b>(a)</b> international or foreign-related disputes;  <b>(b)</b> disputes related to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Macao Special Administrative Region or Taiwan Region; and  <b>(c)</b> Chinese Mainland disputes.  ....”</p>	<p>under Chapter IX, the arbitral tribunal shall render an arbitral award within two (2) months from the date on which the arbitral tribunal is formed.  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 2 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> The SCIA accepts arbitration cases related to contractual disputes and other disputes over property rights and interests, including:  <b>(a)</b> international or foreign-related disputes;  <b>(b)</b> disputes related to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Macao Special Administrative Region or Taiwan Region; and  <b>(c)</b> Chinese Mainland disputes.  ....”</p> <p><b>Art 51 of GR [Note: generally applicable]</b>  “....  <b>(3)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall state in the arbitral award the claims, the</p>

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		<p>changed to the general procedure by the SCIA.  <b>(3)</b> For any case that originally applies the general procedure, if the Claimant amends its claims before the formation of the arbitral tribunal and the amount in dispute as amended does not exceed RMB 3,000,000 Yuan, the Expedited Procedure shall apply. The application of the general procedure shall not be affected by any amendment to the claim or by the filing of a counterclaim after the formation of the arbitral tribunal."</p> <p><b>Art 62 of GR</b>  "The relevant provisions in the other Chapters of the Rules shall apply to matters not covered in this Chapter."</p>				<p>facts of the dispute, the reasons on which the arbitral award is based, the decision on the claims, the allocation of the arbitration costs, the date of the arbitral award, and the place of the arbitration. The facts of the dispute and the reasons on which the arbitral award is based may not be stated in the arbitral award if the parties have so agreed, or if the arbitral award is rendered in accordance with the terms of a settlement agreement between the parties. The arbitral tribunal has the power to determine the specific time period for the parties to carry out the arbitral award and the liabilities for failure to do so within the specified time period.  ...."</p>
Singapore International Arbitration Centre	No. Rules for expedited proceedings	<p><b>Rule 5 of GR</b>  <b>"(1)</b> Prior to the constitution of the Tribunal, a party may file an application with the Registrar for the arbitral proceedings to</p>	<p><b>Rule 5 of GR</b>  "....  <b>(2)</b> Where a party has filed an application with the Registrar under Rule 5.1, and where the</p>	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure	<p><b>Rule 5 of GR</b>  <b>"(2)</b> Where a party has filed an application with the Registrar under Rule 5.1, and where the President determines, after considering the</p>	<p><b>Rule 5 of GR</b>  <b>"(2)</b> Where a party has filed an application with the Registrar under Rule 5.1, and where the</p>

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<a href="http://www.si.ac.org.sg/our-rules/rules/siac-rules-2016">http://www.si.ac.org.sg/our-rules/rules/siac-rules-2016</a>	<p>are contained in Rule 5 of the GR.</p>	<p>be conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure under this Rule, provided that any of the following criteria is satisfied:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the amount in dispute does not exceed the equivalent amount of S\$6,000,000, representing the aggregate of the claim, counterclaim and any defence of set-off;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> the parties so agree; or</p> <p><b>(c)</b> in cases of exceptional urgency.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Where a party has filed an application with the Registrar under Rule 5.1, and where the President determines, after considering the views of the parties, and having regard to the circumstances of the case, that the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure, the following procedure shall apply:</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(3)</b> By agreeing to arbitration under these Rules, the parties agree that, where arbitral proceedings are conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure under this Rule 5, the rules and procedures set</p>	<p>President determines, after considering the views of the parties, and having regard to the circumstances of the case, that the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure, the following procedure shall apply:</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(b)</b> the case shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, unless the President determines otherwise..."</p> <p><b>Rule 10 of GR</b></p> <p><b>"(1)</b> If a sole arbitrator is to be appointed, either party may propose to the other party the names of one or more persons to serve as the sole arbitrator. Where the parties have reached an agreement on the nomination of a sole arbitrator, Rule 9.3 shall apply.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> If within 21 days after the date of commencement of the arbitration, or within the period otherwise agreed by the parties or set by the Registrar, the parties have not reached an agreement on the nomination of a sole arbitrator, or if at any time either party so requests,</p>	<p>provisions, see Rules 14 - 18 of GR]</p>	<p>views of the parties, and having regard to the circumstances of the case, that the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure, the following procedure shall apply:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> the Registrar may abbreviate any time limits under these Rules;</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(d)</b> the final Award shall be made within six months from the date when the Tribunal is constituted unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Registrar extends the time for making such final Award;</p> <p>...."</p>	<p>President determines, after considering the views of the parties, and having regard to the circumstances of the case, that the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure, the following procedure shall apply:</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(d)</b> the final Award shall be made within six months from the date when the Tribunal is constituted unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Registrar extends the time for making such final Award;</p> <p><b>(e)</b> the Tribunal may state the reasons upon which the final Award is based in summary form, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given."</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		forth in Rule 5.2 shall apply even in cases where the arbitration agreement contains contrary terms.”	the President shall appoint the sole arbitrator”.			
Swiss Chambers Arbitration Institution <a href="https://www.swissarbitration.org/Arbitration-Rules-and-Laws">https://www.swissarbitration.org/Arbitration-Rules-and-Laws</a>	No.  Rules for expedited proceedings are contained in Section V (Art 42) of the GR	<b>Art 42 of GR</b> “(1) If the parties so agree, or if Article 42(2) is applicable, the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with an Expedited Procedure based upon the foregoing provisions of these Rules, subject to the following changes: .... <b>(2)</b> The following provisions shall apply to all cases in which the amount in dispute, representing the aggregate of the claim and the counterclaim (or any set-off defence), does not exceed CHF 1,000,000 (one million Swiss francs), unless the Court decides otherwise, taking into account all relevant circumstances: <b>(a)</b> The arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Expedited Procedure set forth in Article 42(1); ....”	<b>Art 42 of GR</b> “(2) The following provisions shall apply to all cases in which the amount in dispute, representing the aggregate of the claim and the counterclaim (or any set-off defence), does not exceed CHF 1,000,000 (one million Swiss francs), unless the Court decides otherwise, taking into account all relevant circumstances: .... <b>(b)</b> The case shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, unless the arbitration agreement provides for more than one arbitrator; <b>(c)</b> If the arbitration agreement provides for an arbitral tribunal composed of more than one arbitrator, the Secretariat shall invite the parties to agree to refer the case to a sole arbitrator. If the parties do not agree to refer the case to a sole arbitrator, the fees of the arbitrators shall be determined in accordance with Appendix B (Schedule of Costs), but shall in no event be less than the fees	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 10 - 14 of GR]	<b>Art 42 of the GR</b> “(1) .... <b>(d)</b> The award shall be made within six months from the date on which the Secretariat transmitted the file to the arbitral tribunal. In exceptional circumstances, the Court may extend this time-limit; ....”	<b>Art 42 of the GR</b> “(1) .... <b>(d)</b> The award shall be made within six months from the date on which the Secretariat transmitted the file to the arbitral tribunal. In exceptional circumstances, the Court may extend this time-limit; <b>(e)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall state the reasons upon which the award is based in summary form, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given.”

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			<p>resulting from the hourly rate set out in Section 2.8 of Appendix B.”</p> <p><b>Art 7 of GR</b>  “(1) Where the parties have agreed that the dispute shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, they shall jointly designate the sole arbitrator within thirty days from the date on which the Notice of Arbitration was received by the Respondent(s), unless the parties’ agreement provides otherwise.  (2) Where the parties have not agreed upon the number of arbitrators, they shall jointly designate the sole arbitrator within thirty days from the date of receipt of the Court’s decision that the dispute shall be referred to a sole arbitrator.  (3) If the parties fail to designate the sole arbitrator within the applicable time-limit, the Court shall proceed with the appointment.”</p>			
Tehran Regional Arbitration Centre	No. Rules for expedited proceedings are	<b>Art 5 of GR</b> “(1) Prior to the constitution of the arbitral tribunal, a party may file an application with the Centre for the arbitral proceedings to be conducted in	<b>Art 5 of GR</b> “.... (2) ....	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 13 - 16 of GR]	<b>Art 5 of GR</b> “.... (2) .... (a) The Centre may abbreviate any time limits under these Rules;	<b>Art 5 of GR</b> “.... (2) .... (d) The final award shall be made within six

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<a href="https://trac.ir/rules-of-arbitration/">https://trac.ir/rules-of-arbitration/</a>	<p>contained in Art 5 of GR.</p>	<p>accordance with the expedited procedure under these Rules, provided that any of the following criteria is satisfied:</p> <p><b>(a)</b> The amount in dispute does not exceed the equivalent amount of EUR 1,000,000, including claim, counterclaim and claim for the purpose of set-off;</p> <p><b>(b)</b> The parties so agree; or</p> <p><b>(c)</b> In cases of exceptional urgency.</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Where a party has filed an application with the Centre under paragraph 1 of this article, and where the Centre determines, after considering the views of the parties, and having regard to the circumstances of the case, that the arbitral proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the expedited procedure, the following procedure shall apply:</p> <p>....</p> <p><b>(3)</b> By agreeing to arbitration under these Rules, the parties agree that, where arbitral proceedings are conducted in accordance with the expedited procedure under this article, the rules and procedures set</p>	<p><b>(b)</b> The case shall be referred to a sole arbitrator, unless the Centre determines otherwise; ....”</p> <p>[See general appointment provisions in Arts 9 - 11 of GR]</p>		<p><b>(d)</b>The final award shall be made within six months from the date when the arbitral tribunal is constituted unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Centre extends the time for making such final award; and ....”</p>	<p>months from the date when the arbitral tribunal is constituted unless, in exceptional circumstances, the Centre extends the time for making such final award; and</p> <p><b>(e)</b> The arbitral tribunal may state the reasons upon which the final award is based in summary form, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given.”</p>

Institution	Separate rules	Applicability of the rules	Appointment procedure	Challenge	Time limits and deadlines	Award
		<p>forth under paragraph 2 of this article shall apply even in cases where the arbitration agreement contains contrary terms.</p> <p><b>(4)</b> Upon application by a party, and after giving the parties the opportunity to be heard, the arbitral tribunal may, having regard to any further information as may subsequently become available, and in consultation with the Centre, order that the arbitral proceedings shall no longer be conducted in accordance with the expedited procedure. Where the arbitral tribunal decides to grant an application under paragraph 4 of this article, the arbitration shall continue to be conducted by the same arbitral tribunal that was constituted to conduct the arbitration in accordance with the expedited procedure, unless the Centre determines otherwise.”</p>				
Vienna International Arbitration Centre	No. Rules for expedited proceedings	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “(1) The supplementary rules on expedited proceedings apply if the parties have included them in their arbitration	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “.... <b>(5)</b> Expedited proceedings shall be conducted by a sole arbitrator, unless the parties	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 20 - 22 of GR]	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “.... <b>(3)</b> The time limit for payment of the advance on costs pursuant to Article 42 shall be reduced to 15 days.”	<b>Art 45 of GR</b> “(8) The arbitral tribunal shall render a final award within six months of transmission of the

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<a href="https://www.viac.eu/en/arbitration-rules">https://www.viac.eu/en/arbitration-rules</a>	<p>are found in Art 45 of the GR.</p>	<p>agreement or if the parties subsequently agree on their application. Such party agreement on the conduct of expedited proceedings shall occur no later than the submission of the Answer to the Statement of Claim.</p> <p><b>(2)</b> Unless the rules on expedited proceedings provide otherwise, the general provisions of the Vienna Rules shall apply with the following deviations: ....”</p>	<p>have agreed on a panel of arbitrators.</p> <p><b>(6)</b> If the dispute is to be decided by a sole arbitrator, the parties shall jointly nominate a sole arbitrator within 15 days of receiving such a request from the Secretary General. If the parties fail to nominate the sole arbitrator within this time limit, the Board shall appoint the sole arbitrator.</p> <p><b>(7)</b> Where the dispute is to be decided by a panel of arbitrators, the claimant shall nominate an arbitrator in its Statement of Claim. The respondent shall nominate an arbitrator within 15 days of receipt of a request from the Secretary General. The arbitrators nominated by the parties shall nominate a chairperson within 15 days of receipt of a request from the Secretary General. If an arbitrator is not nominated within this time period, the Board shall appoint the arbitrator. ....”</p> <p>[See general appointment provision in Art 17 of GR]</p>		<p><b>Art 45 of GR</b></p> <p><b>“(8)</b> The arbitral tribunal shall render a final award within six months of transmission of the file, unless the proceedings are prematurely terminated. If he deems it necessary, the Secretary General may extend the time limit pursuant to a reasoned request from the arbitral tribunal or on its own. Exceeding the time limit for the award will not render the arbitration agreement invalid or deprive the arbitral tribunal of its jurisdiction.</p> <p><b>(9)</b> The arbitration shall be administered in such a manner that the arbitral tribunal can render a final award within six months after the transmission of the file. Unless the arbitral tribunal determines otherwise, the following provisions shall apply:...”</p>	<p>file, unless the proceedings are prematurely terminated. If he deems it necessary, the Secretary General may extend the time limit pursuant to a reasoned request from the arbitral tribunal or on its own. Exceeding the time limit for the award will not render the arbitration agreement invalid or deprive the arbitral tribunal of its jurisdiction.”</p>

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Vietnam International Arbitration Centre <a href="http://eng.viac.vn/rules-of-arbitration-c122.html">http://eng.viac.vn/rules-of-arbitration-c122.html</a>	No.  Rules for expedited arbitration are contained in Art 37 of GR.	<b>Art 37 of GR</b> “(1) An Expedited procedure shall be applied in resolving dispute of parties if they have agreed so.”	<b>Art 37 of GR</b> “... (2) In conducting an Expedited procedure, the following regulations shall be applied: (a) The Arbitral Tribunal shall comprise a Sole Arbitrator unless the parties have agreed otherwise;...”  [See general appointment provision in Arts 12 and 13 of GR.]	[No challenge provisions in the expedited procedure provisions, see Arts 16 - 17 of GR]	<b>Art 37 of GR</b> “... (2) ... (b) The Centre or the Arbitral Tribunal may shorten any time limits set out in these Rules; ...”	[No specific provisions on the award in the expedited procedure provisions, see Art 32 of GR]
WIPO <a href="https://www.wipo.int/amc/en/arbitration/expedited-rules/">https://www.wipo.int/amc/en/arbitration/expedited-rules/</a>	Yes	<b>Art 2 of ER</b> “Where an Arbitration Agreement provides for arbitration under the WIPO Expedited Arbitration Rules, these Rules shall be deemed to form part of that Arbitration Agreement and the dispute shall be settled in accordance with these Rules, as in effect on the date of the commencement of the arbitration, unless the parties have agreed otherwise.”	<b>Art 14 of ER</b> “(a) The Tribunal shall consist of a sole arbitrator who shall be nominated by the parties, subject to confirmation of the appointment by the Center in accordance with Articles 17 and 18. The appointment shall be effective upon the Center’s notification to the parties. (b) If the nomination of the arbitrator is not made within 15 days after the commencement of the arbitration, the appointment shall take place in accordance with the following procedure:	<b>Art 19 of ER</b> “(a) The arbitrator may be challenged by a party if circumstances exist that give rise to justifiable doubt as to the arbitrator's impartiality or independence. (b) A party may challenge an arbitrator in whose nomination it concurred, only for reasons of which it becomes aware after	<b>Art 4 of ER</b> “... (f) The parties may agree to reduce or extend the periods of time referred to in Articles 11, 14(b)(iii), 37(a), 49(b) and 51(a). (g) The Center may, at the request of a party or on its own motion, extend the periods of time referred to in Articles 11, 14(b)(iii), 37(a), 49(b), 51(a), 62(d), 63(e) and 65(e). (h) The Center may, in consultation with the parties, reduce the period of time referred to in Article 11.”  <b>Art 11 of ER</b>	<b>Art 57 of ER</b> “(a) The Tribunal may make separate awards on different issues at different times. (b) The award shall be in writing and shall state the date on which it was made, as well as the place of arbitration in accordance with Article 32(a). (c) The award shall state the reasons on which it is based, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons should be

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			<p><b>(i)</b> The Center shall send to each party an identical list of candidates. The list shall normally comprise the names of at least three candidates in alphabetical order. The list shall include or be accompanied by a statement of each candidate's qualifications. If the parties have agreed on any particular qualifications, the list shall contain the names of candidates that satisfy those qualifications.</p> <p><b>(ii)</b> Each party shall have the right to delete the name of any candidate or candidates to whose appointment it objects and shall number any remaining candidates in order of preference.</p> <p><b>(iii)</b> Each party shall return the marked list to the Center within seven days after the date on which the list is received by it. Any party failing to return a marked list within that period of time shall be deemed to have assented to all candidates appearing on the list.</p> <p><b>(iv)</b> As soon as possible after receipt by it of the lists from the parties, or failing this, after the expiration of the period of time</p>	<p>the nomination has been made."</p> <p><b>Art 20 of ER</b> "A party challenging the arbitrator shall send notice to the Center, the Tribunal and the other party, stating the reasons for the challenge, within seven days after being notified of the arbitrator's appointment pursuant to Article 18(c) or after becoming aware of the circumstances that it considers give rise to justifiable doubt as to the arbitrator's impartiality or independence."</p> <p><b>Article 21 of ER</b> "When the arbitrator has been challenged by a party, the other party shall have the right to respond to the challenge and shall, if it exercises</p>	<p>"Within 20 days from the date on which the Respondent receives the Request for Arbitration and Statement of Claim from the Claimant, the Respondent shall address to the Center and to the Claimant an Answer to the Request which shall contain comments on any of the items in the Request for Arbitration."</p> <p><b>Art 14 of ER</b> ".... <b>(b)</b> If the nomination of the arbitrator is not made within 15 days after the commencement of the arbitration, the appointment shall take place in accordance with the following procedure: .... <b>(iii)</b> Each party shall return the marked list to the Center within seven days after the date on which the list is received by it. Any party failing to return a marked list within that period of time shall be deemed to have assented to all candidates appearing on the list."</p> <p><b>Art 37 of ER</b> "<b>(a)</b> In the event that a counter-claim or set-off has been made or asserted, the Claimant shall reply to the particulars thereof within 20</p>	<p>stated and the law applicable to the arbitration does not require the statement of such reasons.</p> <p><b>(d)</b> The award shall be signed by the arbitrator. Where the arbitrator fails to sign, the award shall state the reason for the absence of the signature.</p> <p><b>(e)</b> The Tribunal may consult the Center with regard to matters of form, particularly to ensure the enforceability of the award.</p> <p><b>(f)</b> The award shall be communicated by the Tribunal to the Center in a number of originals sufficient to provide one for each party, the arbitrator and the Center. The Center shall formally communicate an original of the award to each party and the arbitrator.</p> <p><b>(g)</b> At the request of a party, the Center shall provide it, at cost, with a copy of the award</p>

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			<p>specified in the previous subparagraph, the Center shall, taking into account the preferences and objections expressed by the parties, appoint a person from the list as arbitrator.</p> <p><b>(v)</b> If the lists which have been returned do not show a person who is acceptable as arbitrator to both parties, the Center shall be authorized to appoint the arbitrator. The Center shall similarly be authorized to do so if a person is not able or does not wish to accept the Center's invitation to be the arbitrator, or if there appear to be other reasons precluding that person from being the arbitrator, and there does not remain on the lists a person who is acceptable as arbitrator to both parties.</p> <p><b>(c)</b> Notwithstanding the procedure provided in paragraph (b), the Center shall be authorized to appoint the arbitrator otherwise if it determines in its discretion that the procedure described in that paragraph is not appropriate for the case."</p>	<p>this right, send, within seven days after receipt of the notice referred to in Article 20, a copy of its response to the Center, the party making the challenge and the arbitrator."</p> <p><b>Article 22 of ER</b> "The Tribunal may, in its discretion, suspend or continue the arbitral proceedings during the pendency of the challenge."</p> <p><b>Article 23 of ER</b> "The other party may agree to the challenge or the arbitrator may voluntarily withdraw. In either case, the arbitrator shall be replaced without any implication that the grounds for the challenge are valid."</p> <p><b>Article 24 of ER</b></p>	<p>days from the date on which the Claimant receives such counter-claim or set-off. Article 36(a) shall apply mutatis mutandis to such reply."</p> <p><b>Art 49 of ER</b> ".... <b>(b)</b> If a hearing is held, it shall be convened within 30 days after the receipt by the Claimant of the Answer to the Request and the Statement of Defense. The Tribunal shall give the parties adequate advance notice of the date, time and place of the hearing. Except in exceptional circumstances, hearings may not exceed three days. Each party shall be expected to bring to the hearing such persons as necessary to adequately inform the Tribunal of the dispute."</p> <p><b>Art 51 of ER</b> "<b>(a)</b> The Tribunal may, at the preparatory conference or at a later stage, and after consultation with the parties, appoint one or more independent experts to report to it on specific issues designated by the Tribunal. A copy of the expert's terms of reference, established by the Tribunal, having regard to any observations of the parties, shall be communicated to the parties. Any</p>	<p>certified by the Center. A copy so certified shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of Article IV(1)(a) of the Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards, New York, June 10, 1958."</p> <p><b>Art 58 of ER</b> "<b>(a)</b> The arbitration should...be heard and the proceedings declared closed within not more than three months after either the delivery of the Statement of Defense or the establishment of the Tribunal, whichever event occurs later. The final award should, wherever reasonably possible, be made within one month thereafter."</p>

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				<p>“If the other party does not agree to the challenge and the arbitrator does not withdraw, the decision on the challenge shall be made by the Center in accordance with its internal procedures. Such a decision is of an administrative nature and shall be final. The Center shall not be required to state reasons for its decision.”</p> <p><b>Art 28 of ER</b> “(a) Whenever necessary, a substitute arbitrator shall be appointed pursuant to the procedure provided for in Article 14 that was applicable to the appointment of the arbitrator being replaced. <b>(b)</b> Pending the replacement, the arbitral proceedings</p>	<p>such expert shall be required to sign an appropriate confidentiality undertaking. The terms of reference shall include a requirement that the expert report to the Tribunal within 30 days of receipt of the terms of reference.”</p> <p><b>Art 58 of ER</b> “(a) The arbitration should, wherever reasonably possible, be heard and the proceedings declared closed within not more than three months after either the delivery of the Statement of Defense or the establishment of the Tribunal, whichever event occurs later. The final award should, wherever reasonably possible, be made within one month thereafter.”</p> <p><b>Art 62 of ER</b> “.... <b>(d)</b> If a Claimant or Respondent fails, within 15 days after a reminder in writing from the Center, to pay the registration fee, it shall be deemed to have withdrawn its Request for Arbitration or counter-claim, as the case may be.”</p> <p><b>Art 63 of ER</b> “....</p>	

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				<p>shall be suspended, unless otherwise agreed by the parties."</p> <p><b>Art 29 of ER</b> "Whenever a substitute arbitrator is appointed, the Tribunal shall, having regard to any observations of the parties, determine in its sole discretion whether all or part of any prior hearings are to be repeated."</p>	<p><b>(e)</b> If a party fails, within 15 days after a reminder in writing from the Center, to pay any administration fee due, it shall be deemed to have withdrawn its claim or counter-claim, or its increase in claim or counter-claim, as the case may be."</p> <p><b>Art 65 of ER</b> ".... <b>(e)</b> After the award has been made, the Center shall, in accordance with the award, render an accounting to the parties of the deposits received and return any unexpended balance to the parties or require the payment of any amount owing from the parties."</p>	